

MODEL DOCUMENTATION REPORT:
MACROECONOMIC ACTIVITY MODULE (MAM)
OF THE
NATIONAL ENERGY MODELING SYSTEM

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Purpose of This Report

The National Energy Modeling System (NEMS) is a comprehensive mid-term energy forecasting and policy analysis tool used by EIA. NEMS projects energy supply, demand, prices, and environmental emissions, by region, given assumptions about the state of the economy, international markets, and energy policies. The Macroeconomic Activity Module (MAM) links NEMS to the rest of the economy by providing projections of economic driver variables for use by the supply, demand, and conversion modules of NEMS. The derivation of the baseline macroeconomic forecast lays a foundation for the determination of the energy demand and supply forecast. MAM is used to present alternative macroeconomic growth cases to provide a range of uncertainty about the growth potential for the economy and its like consequences for the energy system. MAM is also able to address the macroeconomic impacts associated with changing energy market conditions, such as alternative world oil price assumptions. Outside of the Annual Energy Outlook setting, MAM represents a system of linked modules which assess the potential impacts on the economy of changes in energy events or policy proposals specified by a non-EIA requestor. These economic impacts then feed back into NEMS for an integrated solution.

This report documents the objectives and analytical approach of the Macroeconomic Activity Module (MAM) used to develop the Annual Energy Outlook for 2006 (AEO2006). It serves as a reference document providing a description of the MAM used for the AEO2006 production runs for model analysts, users, and the public. It also facilitates continuity in model development by providing documentation from which energy analysts can undertake model enhancement and modifications. This documentation report is divided into two separate components.

Part A presents the structural models comprising MAM. These include:

- Global Insight Model of the U.S. Economy
- Global Insight Industry and Employment Models
- Energy Information Administration Regional Models

Part B focuses on the MAM interface with NEMS. This section identifies the set of model levers and simulation rules used to operate the system. It also provides a discussion of three types of integrated simulations carried out with NEMS. This section also views MAM from the perspective of a programmer, and focuses on the ties which link the various models together to form MAM, and how MAM communicates with NEMS.

Appendices A and B provide detailed information on variable listings and sectoral definitions. **Appendix C** provides a detailed listing of the equations for the Regional Models.

Part A

STRUCTURAL MODELS COMPRISING MAM

1. Modeling System Overview

Economy activity driving the National Energy Modeling System (NEMS) is determined by an Economic Modeling System comprised of three sets of models:

1. Global Insight Model of the U.S. Economy
2. Global Insight Industry and Employment Models
3. Energy Information Administration (EIA) Regional Models

The Global Insight Model of the U.S. Economy (Macroeconomic Model) is the same model used by Global Insight Inc. to generate the economic forecasts behind the company's monthly assessment of the U.S. economy. The Industry and Employment Models are derivatives of Global Insight's industry and employment models. The models have been tailored in order to provide the industry and employment detail required by the NEMS modeling system. The EIA Regional Models comprise the Regional Macroeconomic Model, Regional Industry and Employment Model, and the Regional Commercial Floorspace Model. The first two models were developed during 2004 for use in the preparation of the Annual Energy Outlook (AEO) 2005 and the third was re-estimated for AEO2006.

The models are linked to provide a fully integrated approach to forecasting economic activity at the national, industry and regional levels. Global Insight's Macroeconomic Model determines the national economy's growth path and final demand mix. The Industry Model insures that supply by industry is consistent with the final demands (consumption, investment, government spending, exports and imports) generated in the Macroeconomic Model. Industry output is the key driver of employment by industry in the Employment Model. The employment forecasts also incorporate the aggregate hours per week and productivity trends established in the Macroeconomic Model, providing industry employment forecasts that are in line with the aggregate employment forecast generated in the Macroeconomic Model. National output and employment forecasts by industry, population, national income and housing activity forecasts at the national level then become key inputs to the Regional Models. The Regional Models determine the level of industry output and employment, population, incomes, and housing activity in each of nine Census regions. The sum of each of these concepts across the nine regions is constrained to sum to the national totals projected by the supporting models. Together, these models constitute the Macroeconomic Activity Module (MAM) within the National Energy Modeling System (NEMS).

Before the MAM executes its models, over seventy energy prices and quantities are extracted from the output of a NEMS simulation. These represent consumption of fuels and the prices paid for each fuel plus domestic production of energy commodities and constitute exogenous inputs in to the Macroeconomic Model. The MAM also calculates industrial gross output growth rates for the energy sectors (Petroleum Refining, Coal Mining, Oil & Gas Extraction, Electric Utilities, and Gas Utilities) based upon physical activity for the appropriate NEMS supply or conversion modules, and then applies them to the historical output series in the Industrial Output model. In the Employment model, employment forecasts for two energy sectors (Coal Mining and Oil & Gas Extraction) are computed using growth rates extracted from the appropriate NEMS modules.

After the appropriate NEMS variables have been extracted, the three sets of models – Macroeconomic, Industry and Employment, and Regional – are run in sequence to generate a modified set of macroeconomic driver variables which are then passed to the supply, demand, and conversion modules of NEMS. NEMS reacts to the new macroeconomic values and the resulting energy prices and quantities are passed back to MAM. This whole process of MAM passing macroeconomic information to NEMS which then executes and feedbacks to MAM is called a cycle. Several cycles may be run until convergence is achieved.

Global Insight Model of the U.S. Economy

Key Inputs: National population by age cohort, total factor productivity, federal tax rates and nominal expenditures, money supply, energy prices and quantities, GDP of major and other important trading partners.

Key Outputs: Final demands (consumption, investment, government purchases, exports, imports), inflation, foreign exchange and interest rates, incomes, employment, federal and state/local government revenues and expenditures, and Balance of Payments.

Global Insight Industry Model

Key Inputs: Final demands, prices and productivity measures from the Global Insight Model of the U.S. Economy and input-output coefficient matrix.

Key Outputs: Real output value (defined by value of shipments or revenue) for 60 industrial and services sectors.

Global Insight Employment Model

Key Inputs: Industry outputs from the Industry Model, capital service cost determinants, productivity measures and total employment from the Global Insight Model of the U.S. Economy.

Key Outputs: Employment for 59 industrial and services sectors.

Energy Information Administration Regional Macroeconomic Model

Key Inputs: National gross domestic product, wages, incomes, population, housing activity, and prices from the Global Insight Quarterly Model of the U.S. Economy. State population estimates and projections from the U.S. Bureau of the Census.

Key Outputs: Gross regional product, wages and salaries, personal income, disposable income, population, housing activity for 9 Census Divisions.

Energy Information Administration Regional Industry and Employment Model

Key Inputs: National sectoral output, prices and employment from the Industry and Employment Models; regional gross product, disposable income, population, wages and salaries, housing activity from the Regional Macroeconomic Model.

Key Outputs: Output value and employment for 45 industrial and services sectors for 9 Census Divisions.

Energy Information Administration Regional Commercial Floorspace Model

Key Inputs: Interest rates, real gross state product, real personal disposable income, floorspace removals, and population.

Key Outputs: Commercial floorspace in million square feet for 13 commercial floorspace types in each of 9 Census Divisions.

Each of these models is discussed below, with further detail presented in the Appendixes to this documentation.

2. Global Insight Model of the U.S. Economy

The Model's Theoretical Position

Econometric models built in the 1950s and 1960s were largely Keynesian income-expenditure systems that assumed a closed domestic economy. High computation costs involving statistical estimation and model manipulation, along with the underdeveloped state of macroeconomic theory, limited the size of the models and the richness of the linkages of spending to financial conditions, inflation, and international developments. Since that time, however, computer costs have fallen spectacularly; macroeconomic theory has also benefited from five decades of postwar data observation and from the intellectual attention of many eminent economists.

An Econometric Dynamic Equilibrium Growth Model: The Global Insight Macroeconomic Model strives to incorporate the best insights of many theoretical approaches to the business cycle: Keynesian, neoclassical, monetarist, supply-side, and rational expectations. In addition, the Global Insight Macroeconomic Model embodies the major properties of the *long-term* growth models presented by James Tobin, Robert Solow, Edmund Phelps, and others. This structure guarantees that short-run cyclical developments will converge to a robust long-run equilibrium.

In growth models, the expansion rates of technical progress, the labor force, and the capital stock, both physical capital and human capital, determine the productive potential of an economy. Both technical progress and the capital stock are governed by investment, which in turn must be in balance with post-tax capital costs, available savings, and the capacity requirements of current spending. As a result, monetary and fiscal policies will influence both the short- and the long-term characteristics of such an economy through their impacts on national saving and investment.

A modern model of output, prices, and financial conditions is melded with the growth model to present detailed, short-run dynamics of the economy. In specific goods markets, the interactions of a set of supply and demand relations jointly determine spending, production, and price levels. Typically, the level of inflation-adjusted demand is driven by prices, income, wealth, expectations, and financial conditions. The capacity to supply goods and services is keyed to a production function combining the basic inputs of labor hours, energy usage, and the capital stocks of business equipment and structures, and government infrastructure. The "total factor productivity" of this composite of tangible inputs is driven by expenditures on research and development that produce technological progress.

Prices adjust in response to short-run gaps between current production and supply potential and to changes in the cost of inputs. Wages adjust to labor supply-demand gaps (indicated by a demographically-adjusted unemployment rate), current and expected inflation (with a unit long-run elasticity), productivity, tax rates, and minimum wage legislation. The supply of labor responds positively to the perceived availability of jobs, to the after-tax wage level, and to the

growth and age-sex mix of the population. Demand for labor is keyed to the level of output in the economy and the productivity of labor, capital, and energy. Because the capital stock does not change much in the short run, a higher level of output requires more employment and energy inputs. Such increases are not necessarily equal to the percentage increase in output because of the improved efficiencies typically achieved during an upturn. Tempering the whole process of wage and price determination is the exchange rate; a rise signals prospective losses of jobs and markets unless costs and prices are reduced.

For financial markets, the model predicts exchange rates, interest rates, stock prices, loans, and investments interactively with the preceding GDP and inflation variables. The Federal Reserve sets the supply of reserves in the banking system and the fractional reserve requirements for deposits. Private sector demands to hold deposits are driven by national income, expected inflation, and by the deposit interest yield relative to the yields offered on alternative investments. Banks and other thrift institutions, in turn, set deposit yields based on the market yields of their investment opportunities with comparable maturities and on the intensity of their need to expand reserves to meet legal requirements. In other words, the contrast between the supply and demand for reserves sets the critical short-term interest rate for interbank transactions, the federal funds rate. Other interest rates are keyed to this rate, plus expected inflation, Treasury borrowing requirements, and sectoral credit demand intensities.

The old tradition in macroeconomic model simulations of exogenous fiscal policy changes was to hold the Federal Reserve's supply of reserves constant at baseline levels. While this approach makes static analysis easier in the classroom, it sometimes creates unrealistic policy analyses when a dynamic model is appropriate. In the Global Insight Macroeconomic Model, "monetary policy" is defined by a set of targets, instruments, and regular behavioral linkages between targets and instruments. The model user can choose to define unchanged monetary policy as unchanged reserves, or as an unchanged reaction function in which interest rates or reserves are changed in response to changes in such policy concerns as the price level and the unemployment rate.

Monetarist Aspects: The model pays due attention to valid lessons of monetarism by carefully representing the diverse portfolio aspects of money demand and by capturing the central bank's role in long-term inflationary trends.

The private sector may demand money balances as one portfolio choice among transactions media (currency, checkable deposits), investment media (bonds, stocks, short-term securities), and durable assets (homes, cars, equipment, structures). Given this range of choices, each asset's implicit and explicit yield must therefore match expected inflation, offset perceived risk, and respond to the scarcity of real savings. Money balances provide benefits by facilitating spending transactions and can be expected to rise nearly proportionately with transactions requirements unless the yield of an alternative asset changes.

Now that even demand deposit yields can float to a limited extent in response to changes in Treasury bill rates, money demand no longer shifts quite as sharply when market rates change. Nevertheless, the velocity of circulation (the ratio of nominal spending to money demand) is still far from stable during a cycle of monetary expansion or contraction. Thus the simple monetarist link from money growth to price inflation or nominal spending is therefore considered invalid as a rigid short-run proposition.

Equally important, as long-run growth models demonstrate, induced changes in capital formation can also invalidate a naive long-run identity between monetary growth and price increases. Greater demand for physical capital investment can enhance the economy's supply potential in the event of more rapid money creation or new fiscal policies. If simultaneous, countervailing influences deny an expansion of the economy's real potential, the model *will* translate all money growth into a proportionate increase in prices rather than in physical output.

Supply-Side" Economics: Since 1980, supply-side" political economists have pointed out that the economy's growth potential is sensitive to the policy environment. They focused on potential labor supply, capital spending, and savings impacts of tax rate changes. The Global Insight Macroeconomic Model embodies supply-side hypotheses to the extent supportable by empirical evidence embodied in available data, and this is considerable in the many areas that supply-side hypotheses share with long-run growth models. These features, however, have been fundamental ingredients of the model since 1976.

Rational Expectations: As the rational expectations school has pointed out, much of economic decision-making is forward looking. For example, the decision to buy a car or a home is not only a question of current affordability but also one of timing. The delay of a purchase until interest rates or prices decline has become particularly common since the mid-1970s when both inflation and interest rates were very high and volatile. Consumer sentiment surveys, such as those conducted by the University of Michigan Survey Research Center, clearly confirm this speculative element in spending behavior.

However, households can be shown to base their expectations, to a large extent, on their past experiences: they believe that the best guide to the future is an extrapolation of recent economic conditions and the changes in those conditions. Consumer sentiment about whether this is a "good time to buy" can therefore be successfully modeled as a function of recent levels and changes in employment, interest rates, inflation, and inflation expectations. Similarly, inflation expectations (influencing financial conditions) and market strength expectations (influencing inventory and capital spending decisions) can be modeled as functions of recent rates of increase in prices and spending.

This largely retrospective approach is not, of course, wholly satisfactory to pure adherents of the rational expectations doctrine. In particular, this group argues that the announcement of macroeconomic policy changes would significantly influence expectations of inflation or growth prior to any realized change in prices or spending. If an increase in government expenditures is

announced, the argument purports, expectations of higher taxes to finance the spending might lead to lower consumer or business spending in spite of temporarily higher incomes from the initial government spending stimulus. A rational expectations theorist would thus argue that multiplier effects will tend to be smaller and more short-lived than a mainstream economist would expect.

These propositions are subject to empirical evaluation. Global Insight's conclusions are that expectations do play a significant role in private sector spending and investment decisions; but, until change has occurred in the economy, there is very little room for significant changes in expectations in advance of an actual change in the variable about which the expectation is formed. The rational expectations school thus correctly emphasizes a previously understated element of decision-making, but exaggerates its significance for economic policy-making and model building.

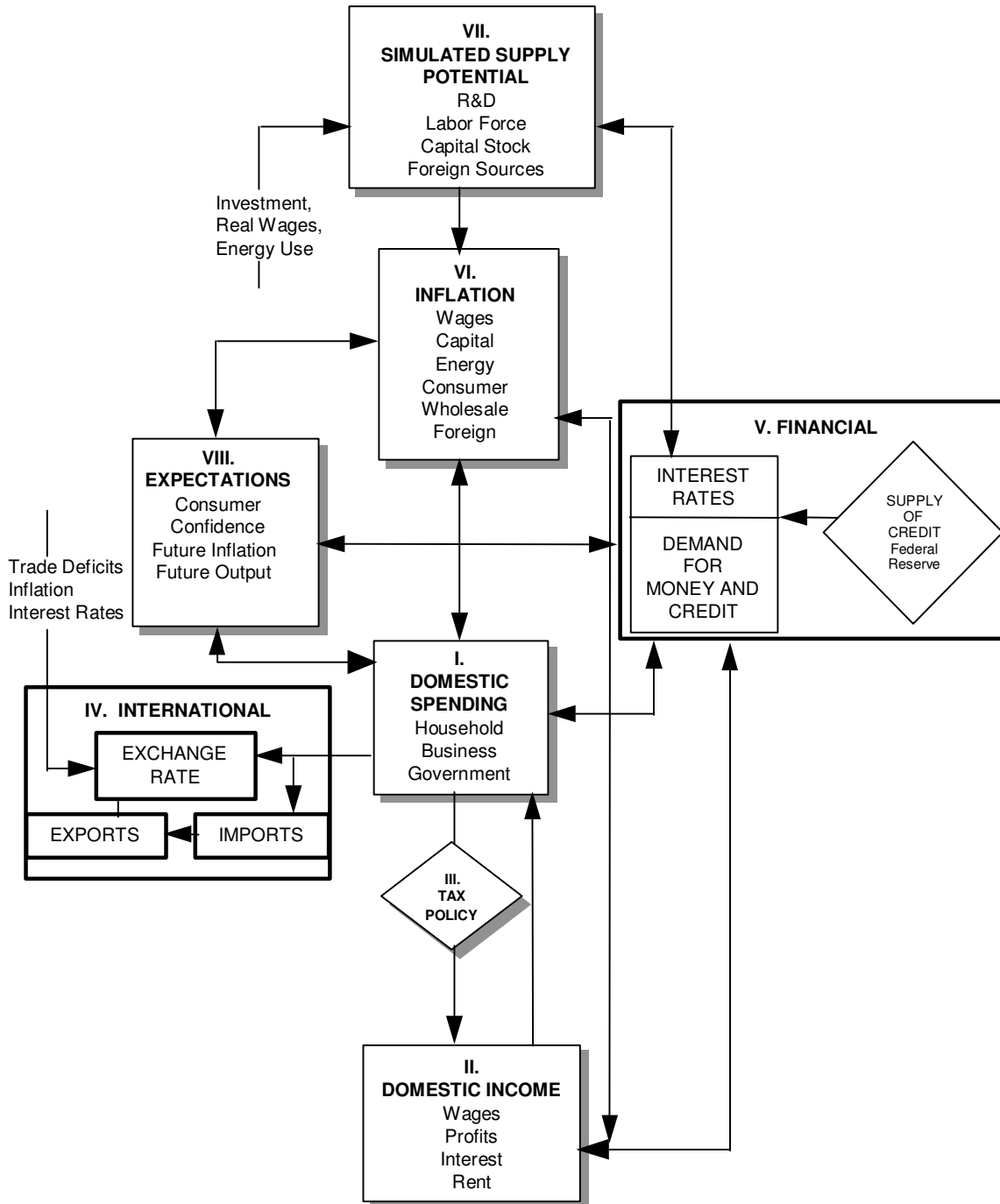
The Global Insight Macroeconomic Model allows a choice in this matter. On the one hand, the user can simply accept Global Insight's judgments and let the model translate policy initiatives into initial changes in the economy, simultaneous or delayed changes in expectations, and subsequent changes in the economy. On the other hand, the user can manipulate the clearly identified expectations variables in the model, i.e., consumer sentiment, and inflation expectations. For example, if the user believes that fear of higher taxes would subdue spending; the user could reduce the consumer sentiment index.

Theory As a Constraint: The conceptual basis of each equation in the Global Insight Macroeconomic Model was thoroughly worked out before the regression analysis was initiated. The list of explanatory variables includes a carefully selected set of demographic and financial inputs. Each estimated coefficient was then thoroughly tested to be certain that it meets the tests of modern theory and business practice. This attention to equation specification and coefficient results has eliminated the "short circuits" that can occur in evaluating a derivative risk or an alternative policy scenario. Because each equation will stand up to a thorough inspection, the Global Insight Model is a reliable analytical tool and can be used without excessive iterations. The model is not a black box: it functions like a personal computer spreadsheet in which each interactive cell has a carefully computed, theoretically consistent entry and thus performs logical computations simultaneously.

Major Sectors

The Global Insight Macroeconomic Model captures the full simultaneity of the U.S. economy, forecasting over 1700 concepts spanning final demands, aggregate supply, prices, incomes, international trade, industrial detail, interest rates, and financial flows. The chart below summarizes the structure of the eight interactive sectors (in Roman numerals). The following discussion presents the logic of each sector and significant interactions with other sectors.

The Global Insight Model of the U.S. Economy



stocks and then a rebuilding process over the next year; the reverse naturally holds for sudden reductions in final demand. Inventory demands are sensitive to the cost of holding the stock, measured by such terms as interest costs adjusted for expected price increases and by variables monitoring the presence of bottlenecks. The cost of a bottleneck that slows delivery times is lost sales: an inventory spiral can therefore be set in motion when all firms accelerate their accumulation during a period of strong growth but then try to deplete excessive inventories when the peak is past.

Spending - Residential Investment: The residential investment sector of the model includes two housing starts (single and multi-family starts) and three housing sales categories (new and existing single family sales, and new single family units for sale). Housing starts and sales, in turn, drive investment demand in five GDP account categories: single family housing; multi-family housing; improvements; other residential structure; and residential equipment. (See Table A3)

Residential construction is typically the first sector to contract in a recession and the first to rebound in a recovery. Moreover, the magnitude of the building cycle is often the key to that of the subsequent macroeconomic cycle. The housing sector of the Global Insight Macroeconomic Model explains new construction as a decision primarily based on the after-tax cost of home ownership relative to disposable income. This cost is estimated as the product of the average new home price adjusted for changes in quality, and the mortgage rate, plus operating costs, property taxes, and an amortized down payment. "Lever variables" allow the model user to specify the extent to which mortgage interest payments, property taxes, and depreciation allowances (for rental properties) produce tax deductions that reduce the effective cost.

The equations also include a careful specification of demographic forces. After estimating the changes in the propensity for specific age-sex groups to form independent households, the resulting "headship rates" were multiplied by corresponding population statistics to estimate the trend expansion of single- and multi-family households. The housing equations were then specified to explain current starts relative to the increase in trend households over the past year, plus pent-up demand and replacement needs. The basic phenomenon being scrutinized is therefore the proportion of the trend expansion in households whose housing needs are met by current construction. The primary determinants of this proportion are housing affordability, consumer confidence, and the weather. Actual construction spending in the GDP accounts is the value of construction "put-in-place" in each period after the start of construction (with a lag of up to six quarters in the case of multi-family units), plus residential improvements, and brokerage fees.

Spending - Government: The last sector of domestic demand for goods and services, that of the government, is largely exogenous (user-determined) at the federal level and endogenous (equation-determined) at the state and local level. The user sets the real level of federal nondefense and defense purchases (for compensation, consumption of fixed capital, Commodity Credit Corporation inventory change, other consumption, and gross investment), medical and

utility structures, and R&D. Substitutions or additions of “flat” taxes and value-added taxes for existing taxes are accomplished with specific tax rates and new definitions of tax bases. As appropriate, these are aggregated into personal, corporate or excise tax totals.

State and local corporate profits and social insurance (payroll) tax rates are exogenous in the model, while personal income and excise taxes are fully endogenous: the Macroeconomic Model makes reasonable adjustments automatically to press the sector toward the legally-required approximate budget balance. The average personal tax rate rises with income and falls with the government-operating surplus. Property and sales taxes provide the bulk of state excise revenue and reflect changes in oil and natural gas production, gasoline purchases, and retail sales, as well as revenue requirements. The feedback from expenditures to taxes and taxes to expenditures works quite well in reproducing both the secular growth of the state and local sector and its cyclical volatility. (See Table A8.)

International: The international sector (IV) is a critical, fully simultaneous block that can either add or divert strength from the central circular flow of domestic income and spending. Depending on the prices of foreign output, the U.S. exchange rate, and competing domestic prices, imports capture varying shares of domestic demand.

Depending on similar variables and the level of world gross domestic product, exports can add to domestic spending on U.S. production. The exchange rate itself responds to international differences in inflation, interest rates, trade deficits, and capital flows between the U.S. and its competitors. In preparing forecasts, Global Insight's U.S. Economic Service and the World Service collaborate in determining internally consistent trade prices and volumes, interest rates, and financial flows.

Eight categories of goods and one services category are separately modeled for both imports and exports, with one additional goods category for oil imports. (See Table A9.) For example, export and import detail for business machines is included as a natural counterpart to the inclusion of the office equipment component of producers' durable equipment spending. The business machines detail allows more accurate analysis because computers are rapidly declining in effective quality-adjusted prices relative to all other goods, and because such equipment is rising so rapidly in prominence as businesses push ahead with new production and information processing technologies.

Investment income flows are also explicitly modeled. The stream of huge current account deficits incurred by the U.S. has important implications for the U.S. investment income balance. As current account deficits accumulate, the U.S. net international investment position and the U.S. investment income balance deteriorate. U.S. foreign assets and liabilities are therefore included in the model, with the current account deficit determining the path of the net investment position.

Expectations: The contributions to the Macroeconomic Model and its simulation properties of the rational expectations school are as rich as the data will support. Expectations (Sector VIII) impact several expenditure categories in the Global Insight Macroeconomic Model, but the principal nuance relates to the entire spectrum of interest rates. Shifts in price expectations or the expected capital needs of the government are captured through price expectations and budget deficit terms, with the former impacting the level of rates throughout the maturity spectrum, and the latter impacting intermediate and long-term rates, and hence affecting the shape of the yield curve. On the expenditure side, inflationary expectations impact consumption via consumer sentiment, while growth expectations affect business investment.

Revenue / Output for Nonmanufacturing Industries/Services

For nonmanufacturing industries and services sectors, sales revenue is the main activity indicator available, and historical data are collected from the Bureau of Labor Statistics and other sources.

The common criterion for the data is that conceptually it should be as close as possible to the measure of value of production or total gross output, rather than value added, and the current-dollar measure is roughly equivalent to revenue.

Forecasts of nonmanufacturing revenue are calculated from equations of the same form as the manufacturing revenue equations:

$$\log(R_{\text{ind}} / D_{\text{ind}}) = F(\log(\text{Cyclical variable}), \text{Other cyclical variables}, \log(\text{Relative prices}), \text{Trend})$$

where:

R_{ind}	= constant-dollar revenue, industry or service sector ind
D_{ind}	= total input-output demand, industry or service sector ind
Trend	= time trend variable

Aggregation to NEMS Sectors

The sectoral classification in the NEMS Macroeconomic Activity Module is more aggregate than the Global Insight classification. It comprises 35 industrial sectors and 10 service sectors. Of the 35 industrial sectors, 29 are manufacturing sectors and 6 are nonmanufacturing industrial sectors.

Five of the sectors are energy sectors. For these sectors, production forecasts are available from other NEMS modules and their forecast growth rates are applied to the historical data in place of the Global Insight forecasts.

One of the main users of the output values is the NEMS Industrial Demand Module. In that module, the 35 industries are further aggregated into 19 categories. Below is a list of the 45 sectors maintained in the Macroeconomic Activity Module and the corresponding Industrial Demand categories. The concordance between the Global Insight codes and the 45 sectors is presented in Table A12.

NEMS Macroeconomic Activity Module**NEMS Industrial Demand Module*****Services:***

Transportation & Warehousing	NA
Broadcasting & Telecommunications	NA
Electric Power Generation & Distribution *	NA
Natural Gas Distribution *	NA
Water, Sewage & Related System	NA
Wholesale Trade	NA
Retail Trade	NA
Finance & Insurance, Real Estate	NA
Other Services	NA
Public Administration	NA

* Energy Sectors

Aggregation to NEMS Sectors

As in the case of industry output, employment forecasts are also aggregated into the NEMS categories. The classification for employment is the same as that for output (see Page 21), except that the public sector is further disaggregated into categories – Federal Government, and State and Local Government.

Among the five energy sectors, employment forecasts for Coal Mining and Oil and Gas Extraction are available from other NEMS Modules. Their forecast growth rates are applied to the historical data in place of the Global Insight forecasts.

a_{ij}	= estimated constant for commercial floorspace j in Census Division i equation
$b1_{ij}$, etc.	= estimated coefficients for the explanatory variables in the equation for commercial floorspace j in Census Division i
Commflrsp_flw _{ij}	= additions to commercial floorspace j , thousand square feet, Census Division i
Commflrsp_rem _{ij}	= removals of commercial floorspace j , thousand square feet, Census Division i
Commflrsp_stk _{ij}	= stock of commercial floorspace j , thousand square feet, Census Division i
NP_i	= total regional population including armed forces overseas, millions of persons, Census Division i
Income _{i}	= real disposable income or real gross state product, billions of 2000 dollars, Census Division i
RMCORPAAA	= yield on Aaa-rated corporate bonds
RMCORPBAA	= yield on Baa-rated corporate bonds

Part B

MAM INTERFACE WITH NEMS

5. Integrated Simulations Using MAM

This section first describes the types of integrated simulations of the Macroeconomic Activity Module (MAM) within the National Energy Modeling System (NEMS), followed by a discussion that briefly lays out the setup of the models constituting MAM and the aspects that are common to all the simulations. As indicated above, the set of models is designed to run in a recursive manner. The Global Insight Model of the U.S. Economy (Macroeconomic Model) provides forecasts of over 1700 concepts spanning final demands, aggregate supply, prices, incomes, international trade, industrial detail, interest rates and financial flows. The Industry Model takes the final demand projections from the Macroeconomic Model as inputs to provide projections of output for 60 sectors, covering the entire economy, at the three and sometimes four-digit SIC code levels. The Employment Model takes the industry output projections from the Industry Model and national wage rates, productivity trends and average workweek trends from the Macroeconomic Model to project employment in 59 industries. The sum of nonfarm employment is constrained to sum to the national total projected by the Macroeconomic Model. The Regional Model shares the national results of output and employment to the nine Census Divisions. The Commercial Floorspace Model calculates regional floorspace for 13 types of use by Census Division.

Integrated Simulations of Alternative Energy Conditions or Events

Integrated forecasts of NEMS center around estimating state of the energy-economy system under a set of alternative energy conditions. Typically, the forecasts fall into the following four types of integrated NEMS simulations:

- Baseline Projection
- Alternative World Oil Prices
- Changes in or proposed Energy Fees or Emissions Permits
- Proposed Changes in Combined Average Fuel Economy (CAFE) Standards

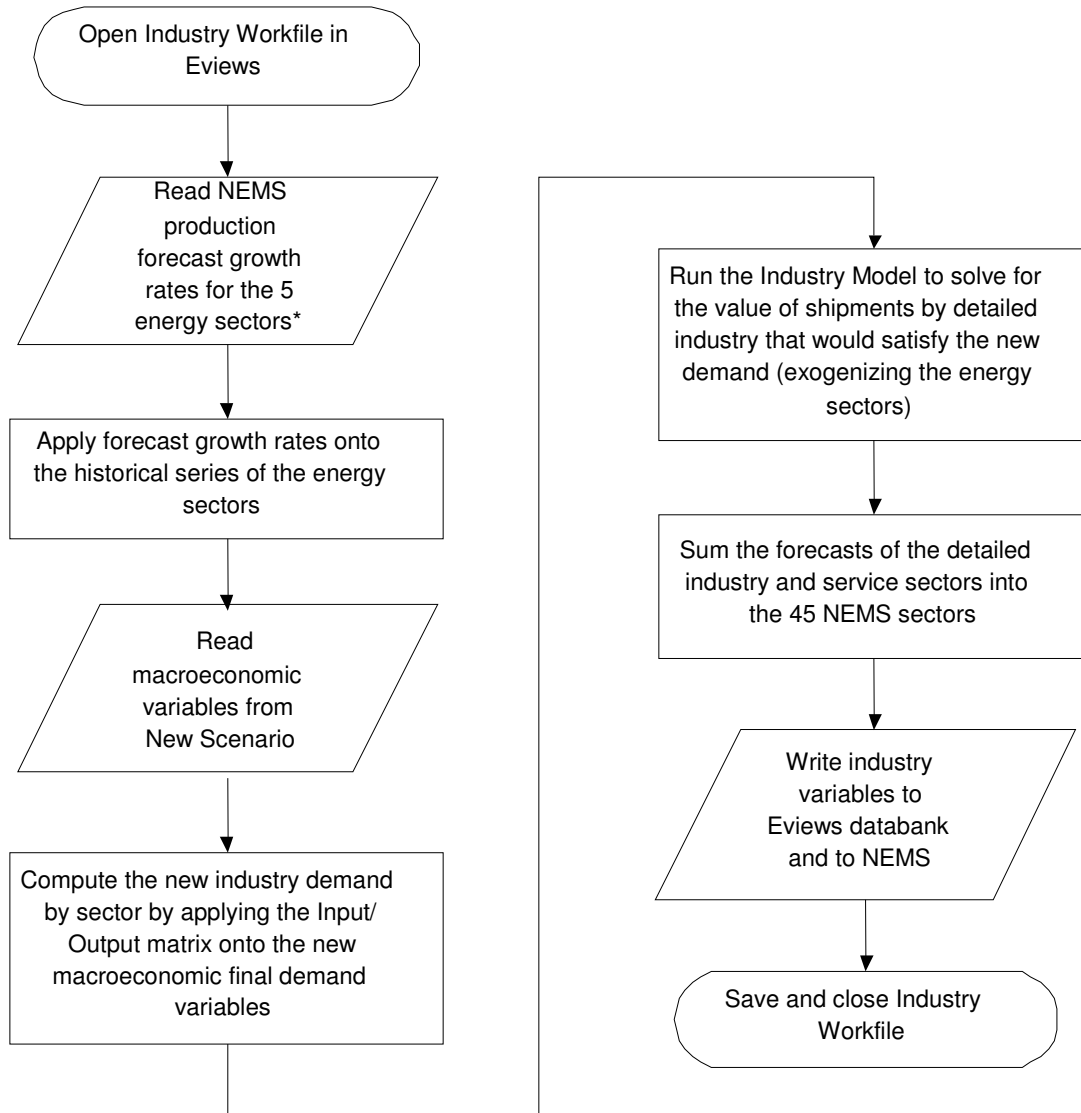
In these integrated NEMS simulations, forecast period baseline values for over 240 macroeconomic and demographic variables from MAM are passed to NEMS and after making the requisite changes as required by the simulation, solves for demand, supply and prices of energy for the forecast period. These energy prices and quantities are passed back to MAM and a

2. Exchange Rates. There are two nominal exchange rates in the Global Insight Macroeconomic Model. These are JEXCHMTP and JEXCHOITP and are defined as trade-weighted exchange rates (in U.S. \$) for industrialized countries and developing countries, respectively. In MAM, these variables are set exogenously to their baseline projected values in all simulations.

c. Foreign GDP

There are two foreign real GDP variables in the Macroeconomic Model. These are real GDP in the rest of the industrialized world (JGDPMTPR) and real GDP in developing countries (JGDPOITPR). Both of these are exogenous in the Macroeconomic Models and reflect Global Insight's international forecasts.

Figure 3. Industry Submodule – Industry Model



*** Five energy sectors with NEMS production**

- Coal
- Oil and Gas
- Petroleum
- Electric
- Gas

Figure 5. Regional Submodule – Regional Macroeconomic Model

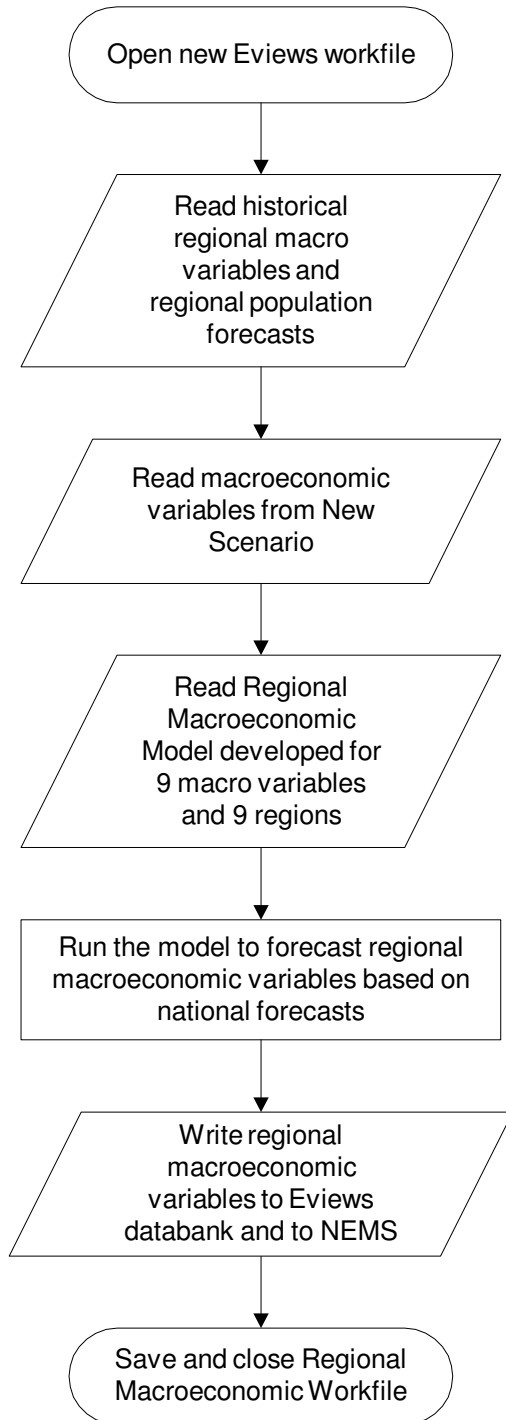


Figure 6. Regional Submodule – Regional Building Model

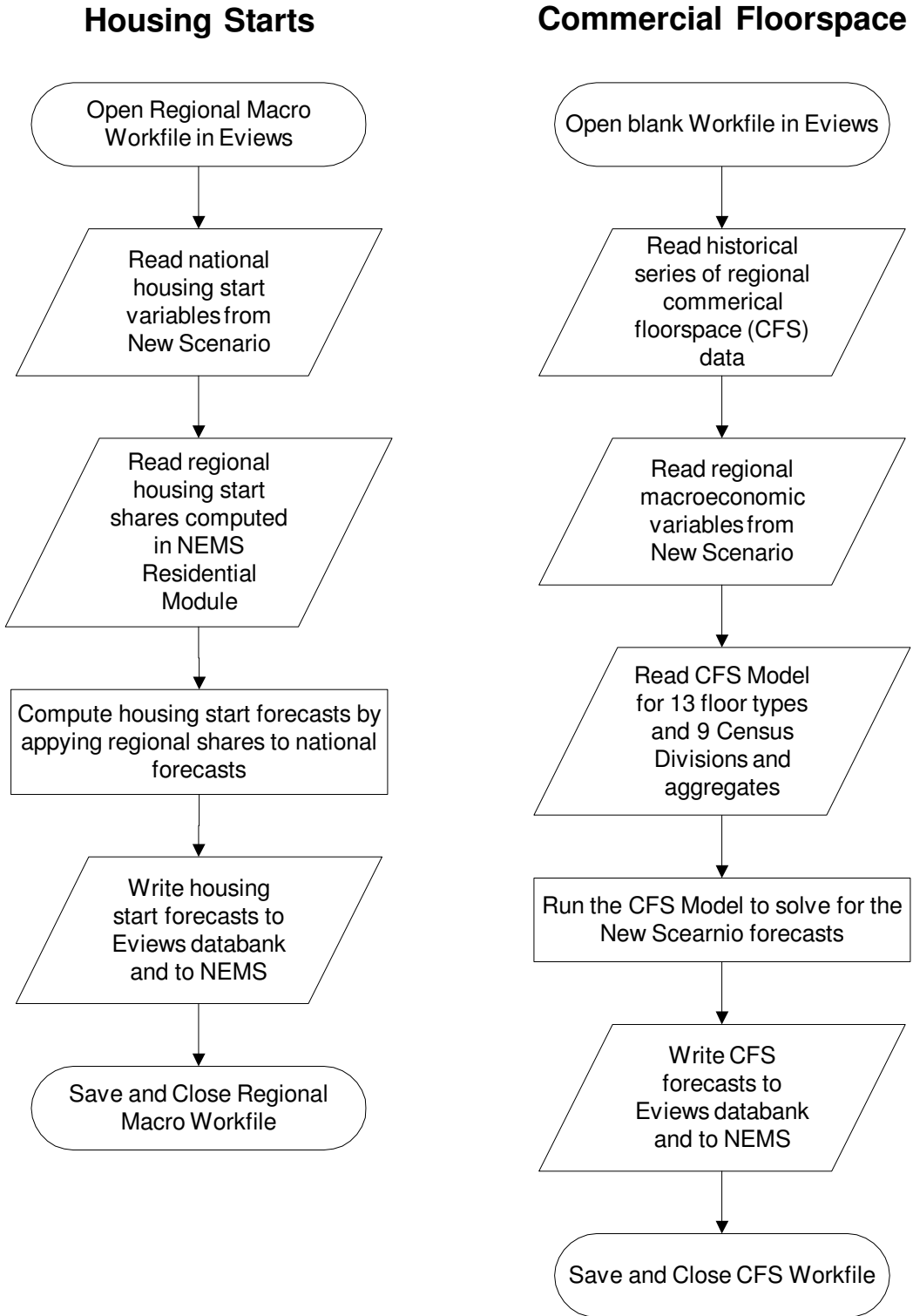
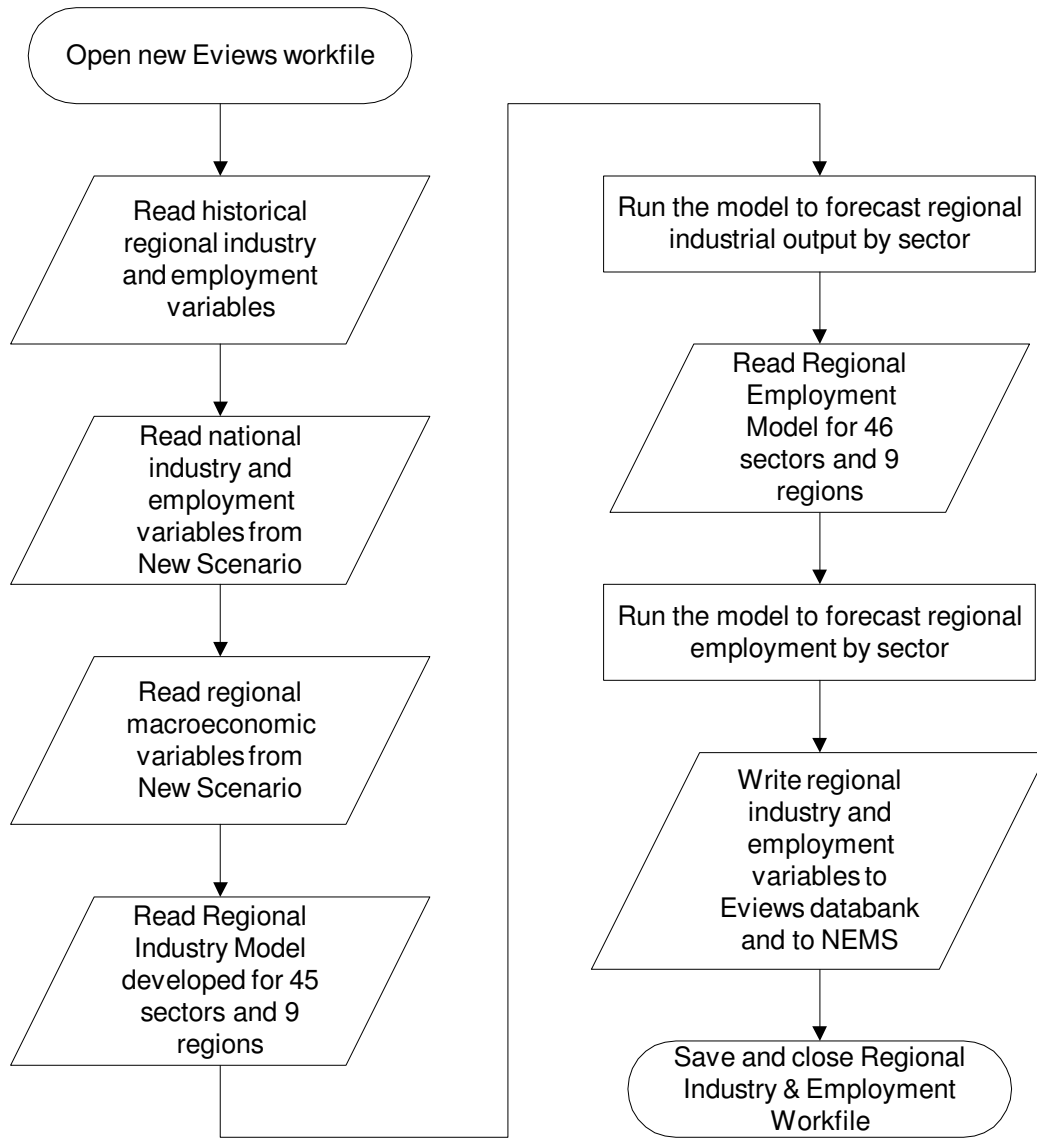


Figure 7. Regional Submodule – Regional Industry and Employment Model



3. Oil and gas extraction
4. Electric utilities and
5. Gas utilities

The MAM computes annual growth rates from the NEMS forecast of energy sector outputs (Table B6). Each of the growth rates is dynamically applied beginning with an initial historical value. The resulting time series become the industrial output forecast for the five energy industries.

REGIONSUB Subroutine

The REGIONSUB subroutine is the fourth subroutine called by the MAC subroutine. Because of the introduction to MAM of EIA's regional models, the role of this subroutine has been greatly reduced. In past Annual Energy Outlooks (AEO), the REGIONSUB subroutine would share the national forecast out to the nine Census Divisions. In this AEO, the REGIONSUB subroutine copies and aggregates EIA's regional model forecasts for export to the global data structure and for writes to the MC_REGIONAL spreadsheet (Table 11).

EMPLOYMENT Subroutine

The fifth subroutine called by the MAC subroutine is named EMPLOYMENT. This subroutine works just like the INDUSTSUB subroutine. Forecasted levels coming from Global Insight's Employment model and stored in the EPMAC output spreadsheet. The resulting forecast is for thirty-five categories of industrial and ten categories of service employment.

NEMS supplies the forecast of employment for two of the five energy-related industries. These two industries are coal mining and oil and gas extraction. Their forecast is done just as it was for the energy-related industries in the Industrial Output model. NEMS supplies the forecasts, and the MAM computes annual growth rates that are dynamically applied beginning with an initial historical value for the respective variable. Employment forecasts for the three remaining energy industries are computed like those for all the other employment variables. Since the Industrial Output model executes before the Employment model, the employment results for the remaining three energy sectors are affected by the NEMS industrial forecast. The five NEMS energy industries are:

1. Petroleum refining
2. Coal mining
3. Oil and gas extraction
4. Electric utilities and
5. Gas utilities

COMFLR Subroutine

The COMFLR subroutine is the sixth subroutine called by the MAC subroutine. This subroutine used to contain a model of commercial floorspace written in FORTRAN. The model has since been moved to EViews. As a result, the role of this subroutine has been greatly reduced. The COMFLR subroutine copies and aggregates the EViews model forecast in preparation for writes to the global data structure and to the MC_REGIONAL spreadsheet (Table B9).

TRANC Subroutine

The TRANC subroutine is the seventh subroutine called by the MAC subroutine. This subroutine copies light truck unit sales forecast in preparation for writes to the global data structure. Equations added to Global Insight's U.S. Macroeconomic model share out total light truck sales by size class. Light trucks are vehicles with gross vehicle weight ratings of 14,000 pounds and less. Light truck sales are divided into the following size classes:

1. Unit Sales of Class 1 Light Trucks, 0 to 6000 lbs.
2. Unit Sales of Class 2 Light Trucks, 6001 to 10,000 lbs.
3. Unit Sales of Class 2a Light Trucks, 6001 to 8,500 lbs.
4. Unit Sales of Class 2b Light Trucks, 8,501 to 10,000 lbs.

5. Unit Sales of Class 3 Light Trucks, 10,001 to 14,000 lbs.

All unit sales of light trucks are measured in thousands of vehicles.

MACOUTPUT Subroutine

Once the TRANC subroutine has finished, program control is returned to the MAC subroutine. The MAC subroutine writes all of the MAM forecasts to the global data structure. That allows the other modules in NEMS to use the forecasts including the report writer. The MAC subroutine then calls the final MAM subroutine, MACOUTPUT. The MACOUTPUT subroutine writes five output spreadsheets that record the activities of MAM for a NEMS run. The five output spreadsheets are:

1. MC_COMMON - Contains forecast values of variables written to the global data structure from Global Insight's U.S. and EIA's regional models. These include forecasts of economic activity, industrial output, employment and stocks of commercial floorspace. Table B14 indicates the MAM variables used by other NEMS Modules.
2. MC_NATIONAL - Contains the forecast of macroeconomic variables. The forecast is done using Global Insight's U.S. Macroeconomic model. Table B5 lists the contents of the MC_NATIONAL spreadsheet.
3. MC_INDUSTRIAL - Contains the forecast of industrial output for thirty-five manufacturing industries at the Census Division level as well as for the U.S. There is a U.S. forecast for the ten services. Table B8 lists the contents of the MC_INDUSTRIAL spreadsheet.
4. MC_EMPLOYMENT - Contains the forecasted employment values of the forty-five manufacturing and service industries. The forecast is done using the Employment Model. Table B7 lists the contents of the MC_EMPLOYMENT spreadsheet.
5. MC_REGIONAL - Contains the forecasted values of the regional variables by Census Division as well as for the US. EIA's regional models of economic activity, industrial output and employment do the regional forecast. Table B9 lists the contents of the MC_REGIONAL spreadsheet.

Once the last spreadsheet is written, program control is returned to the MAC subroutine, which in turn returns program control to NEMS.

Figure 8. Flow of Control within MAM

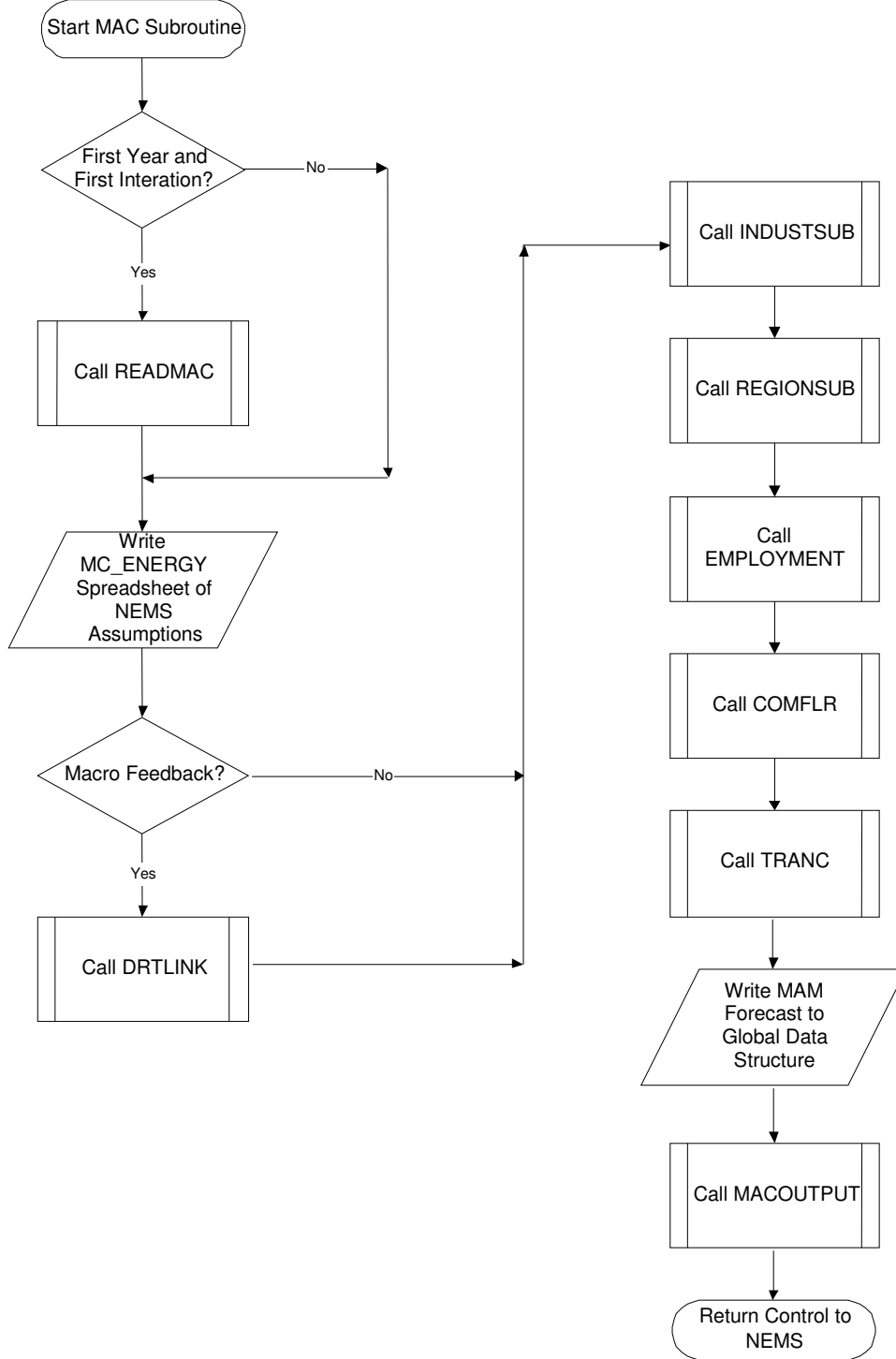


Figure 9. READMAC

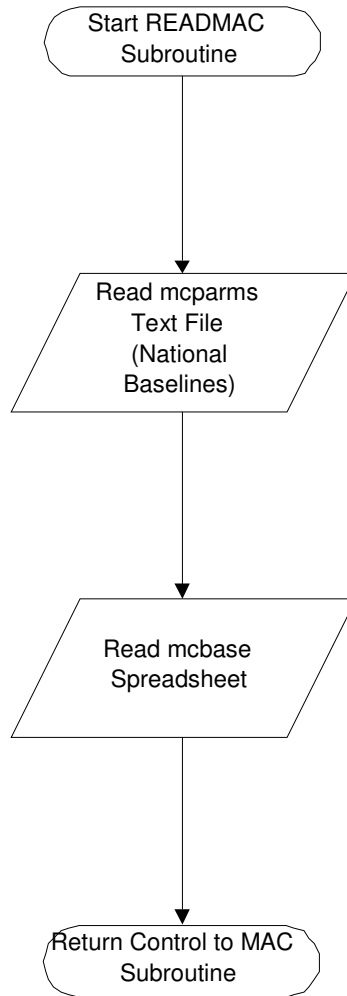


Figure 10. DRTLINK

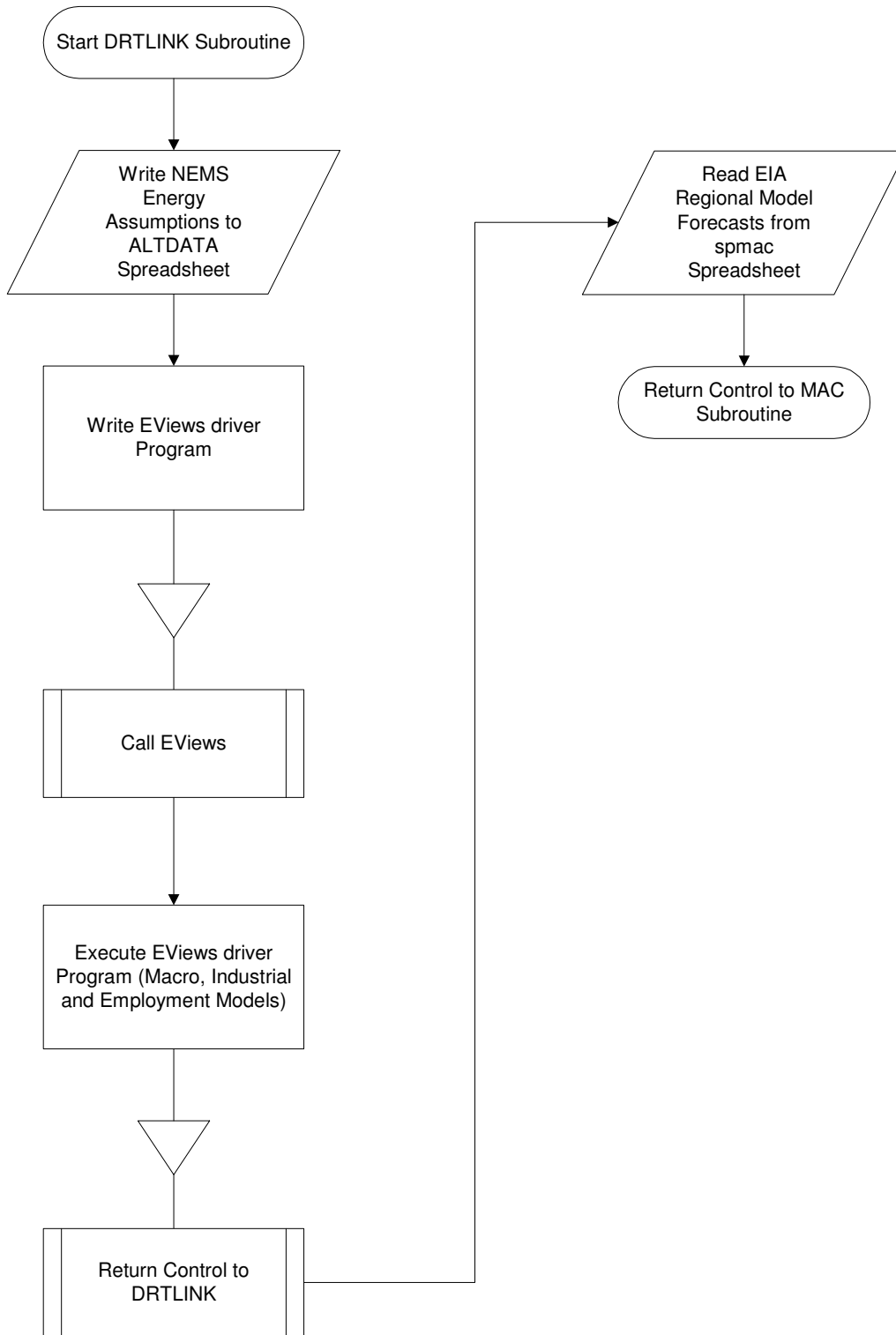


Figure 11. INDUSTSUB

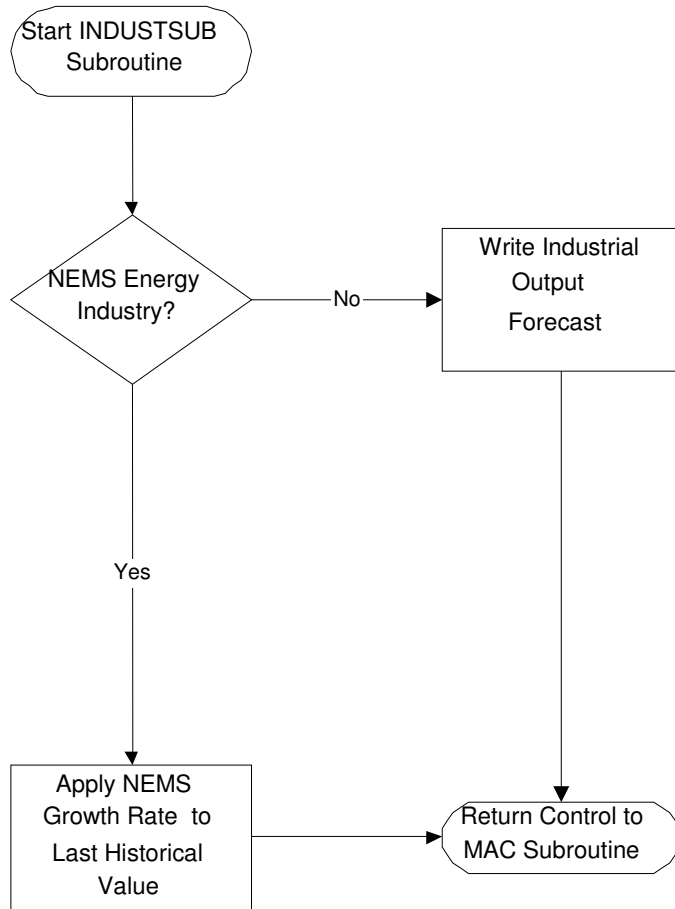


Figure 12. REGIONSUB

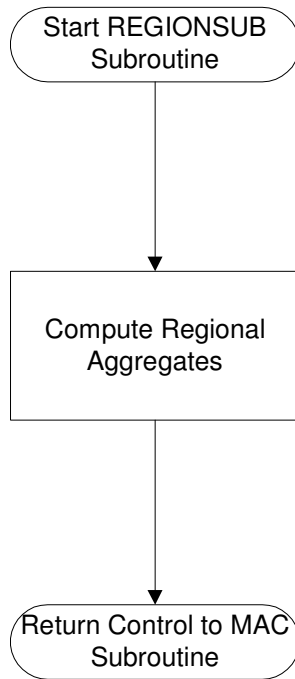


Figure 13. EMPLOYMENT

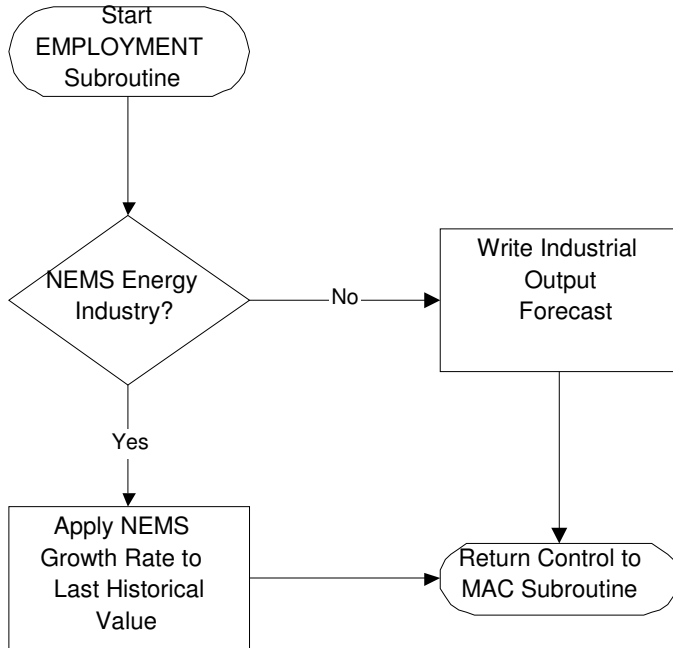


Figure 14. COMFLR

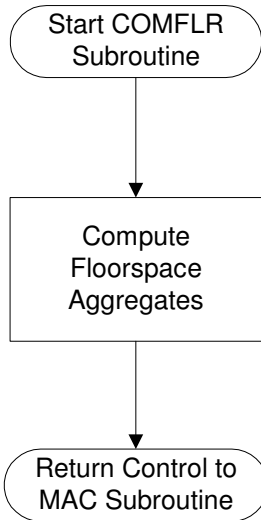


Figure 15. TRANC

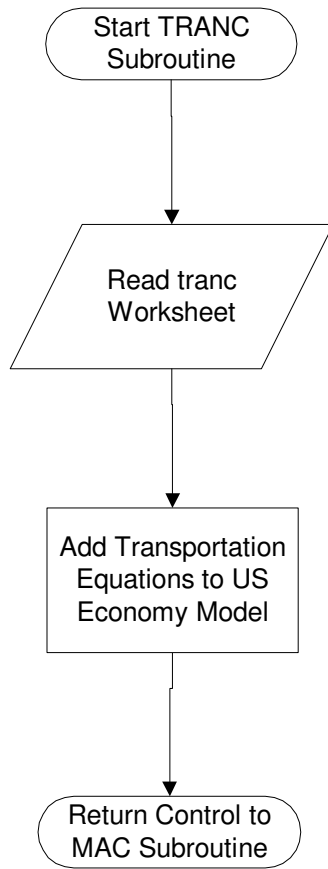
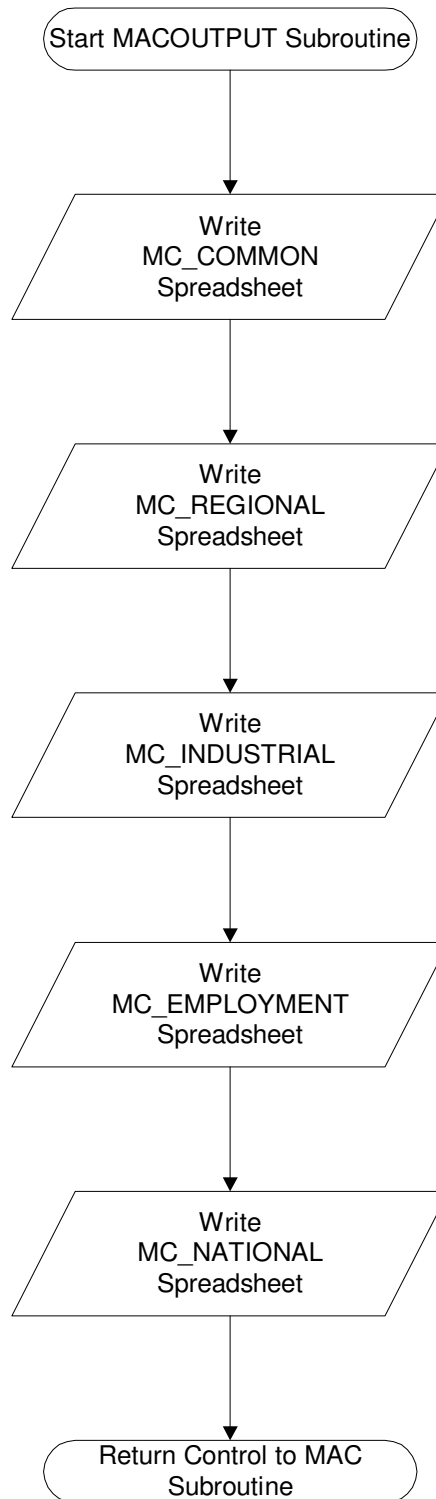


Figure 16. MACOUTPUT



Transportation	CSVTSR
Motor vehicle leases	CSVTSURPLLSR
Other user-operated transportation	CSVTSUOXLSE
Purchased local transportation	CSVTSPLR
Purchased intercity transportation	CSVTSPICR
Medical Care	CSVMR
Recreation	CSVRECR
Personal business services	CSVOPBR
Financial services furnished free	CSVOPBFREER
Other personal business services	CSVOPXBFREER
Other services (4)	CSVOOR

* Variables denoted in bold are defined by identities.

- (1) - sports equipment, jewelry, boats, books, etc.
- (2) - toilet articles, semidurable house furnishings, cleaning stuff, toys, magazines, flowers, net foreign remittances, etc.
- (3) - insurance, postage, etc.
- (4) - education, personal care, net foreign travel, etc.

Table A3. Real Residential Investment Variables in the Global Insight Model of the U.S. Economy *

Housing starts including mobile homes	HUS
Housing starts	HUSPS
Single-family starts	HUSPS1
Multi-family starts	HUSPS2A
Mobile home shipments	HUSMFG
Housing sales	
New single-family homes sales	HU1NSOLD
New single-family homes for sale	HU1NFSALE
Sales of existing single-family home	HU1ESOLD
Real private fixed residential investment	IFRER
Structures	IFRESR
Permanent-site structures	IFRESPER
Single family houses	IFRESPEFR
Multi-family structures	IFRESPEMFR
Other residential structures	IPRESOR
Manufactured homes	IFRESOMFGR
Improvements	IFRESOIMPR
Other structures	ICRESOOR
Equipment	IFREER
Nominal Costs of housing	
Average price of existing single-family homes	PHU1EAVGNS
Average price of constant-quality new home	PHU1NAVG96NS
Average price of new single-family homes	PHU1NAVGNS
Median price of new single-family homes	PHU1NMEDNS
30-year fixed mortgage rate	RMMTG30CON

* Variables denoted in bold are defined by identities.

Table A5. Key State & Local Government Expenditure Variables in the Global Insight Model of the U.S. Economy *

State & local purchases of goods & services (real)	GSLR
Consumption	GSLCR
Personnel outlays	GSLCWSSR
Consumption of fixed capital	GSLCKFR
All else	GSLCOR
Gross investment	GSLGIR
Equipment	GSLGIER
Construction	GSLGISR
Interest, dividends, transfer payments, subsidies and accruals:	
Net interest payments	INTNETGSL
Transfers to individuals	YPTRFGSL
Medical	YPTRFGSLPAM
Non-medical	YPTRFGSLPAO
Subsidies less current surplus	<i>SUBLSURPGSL</i>
Wage accruals less disbursements (1)	<i>WALDGSL</i>
Dividends received	<i>YGSLADIV</i>

* Variables denoted in bold are defined by identities; variables denoted in italics are exogenous.

(1) Negative expenditure.

Table A8. Key Variables in the Tax Sector of the Global Insight Model of the U.S. Economy *

Federal tax receipts	TXGF
Personal	TXPGF
Corporate	TXCORPGF
Production and imports	TXIMGF
VAT	TXIMGFVAT
Other	<i>TXIMGFOTH</i>
From rest of the world	<i>TXRWGF</i>
State & local tax receipts	TXGSL
Personal	TXPGSL
Corporate	TXCORPGSL
Excise	<i>TXIMGSL</i>
Social insurance tax receipts	
Federal payroll	TXSIGF
State and local payroll	TXSIGSL
Federal average tax rates	
Personal	
Effective	<i>RTXPGF</i>
Marginal	<i>RTXPMARGF</i>
Corporate	
Statutory rate	<i>RTXCGFS</i>
Investment tax credits (marginal rates)	<i>RITC...</i>
Payroll	<i>RTXSIGF</i>
State & local average tax rates	
Personal	<i>RTXPGSL</i>
Corporate	<i>RTXCGSL</i>
Payroll	<i>RTXSIGSL</i>

* Variables denoted in bold are defined by identities; variables denoted in italics are exogenous.

Table A9. Key Variables in the Trade Sector of the Global Insight Model of the U.S. Economy *

Real Exports		
	Goods	XGR
	Foods, feeds and beverages	XGFFBR
	Industrial materials and supplies	XGINR
	Capital goods except motor vehicles	XGKR
	Aircraft	XGKCAEPR
	Computer equipment	XGKCPPR
	Other capital equipment	XGKOR
	Motor vehicles & parts	XGAUTOR
	Consumer goods except motor vehicles	XGCR
	Miscellaneous goods	XGOR
	Services	XSVTOTR
	Travel	XSVTOUR
	Other	XSVXTOUR
Real Imports		
	Goods	MGR
	Foods, feeds and beverages	MGFFBR
	Industrial materials and supplies	MGINAPETR
	Petroleum and products	MPETR
	Other	MGINR
	Capital goods except motor vehicles	MGKR
	Aircraft	MGKCAEPR
	Computer equipment	MGKCPPR
	Other capital equipment	MGKOR
	Motor vehicles & parts	MGAUTOR
	Consumer goods except motor vehicles	MGCR
	Miscellaneous goods	MGOR
	Services	MSVTOTR
	Travel	MSVTOUR
	Other	MSVXTOUR
Trade-weighted exchange rates		
	With major trading partners	JEXCHMTP
	With other important trading partners	JEXCHOITP
Prices		
	Industrial countries	WPIWMTP
	Developing countries	WPIWOITP
	Lever controlling relative price impacts	<i>TRADEPLEV</i>
	Lever controlling US price feedthroughs	<i>WPIWLEV</i>
Output		
	Real trade-weighted GDP in other industrial countries	JGDPMTPR
	Real trade-weighted GDP in developing countries	JGDPOITPR
Long-term government bond yield – major trading partners		<i>RMGBLMTP</i>

* Variables denoted in bold are defined by identities; variables denoted in italics are exogenous.

Table A10. Key Variables in the Financial Sector of the Global Insight Model of the U.S. Economy *

Interest rates	
Federal funds rate	RMFF
Supply of reserve as instrument	RMFFRES
Reaction function as instrument	RMFFRCT
Treasury yield	
3-month bill rate	RMTB3M
6-month bill rate	RMTB6M
1-year note yield	RMTCM1Y
2-year note yield	RMTCM2Y
5-year note yield	RMTCM5Y
10-year note yield	RMTCM10Y
Long-term bond yield	RMTCM25AY
Other	
Prime rate	RMPRIME
3-month CDs, secondary market	RMCD3SEC
3-month commercial paper	RMCMPLP3M
3-month Eurodollar deposits	RMEUROD3M
Rate on commercial bank loans for new light vehicles	RMCBLV
New York Fed discount rate	RMDWPRIME
11 th district cost of funds	RMCOF11D
30-year mortgage rate	RMMTG30CON
Rate on existing-home mortgages	RMMTGEXIST
Yield on Aaa corporate bonds	RMCORPAAA
Yield on Baa corporate bonds	RMCORPBAA
Rate on Aa-rated public utility bonds	RMCORPUAA
Rate on Aaa-rated municipal bonds	RMMUNIAAA
Municipal bond buyer 20-bond index	RMMUNIBB20
Other Financial Variables	
M1 money supply	
Currency and travelers' checks	M1
Checkable deposits	M1CURATC
M2 money supply	
M3 money supply	
Household net worth	
Real estate & other nonfinancial assets	M2
Financial assets	M3
Equities	HHNETW
Money	HHAO
Other	HHAF
Household liabilities	HHAFEQ
Home mortgages outstanding	HHAO
Non-mortgage consumer credit	HHAFO
Business loans at commercial banks	HHLB
S&P 500 stock index	MTGHO
Wilshire 5000 stock index	LCNMTGO
S&P 500 stock index	LCBCAI
Wilshire 5000 stock index	SP500
	WL5000

* Variables denoted in bold are defined by identities; variables denoted in italics are exogenous.

Industry and Employment Model Detail

Table A11. Macroeconomic Expenditure Categories Driving the Industry Model

Personal Consumption Expenditures

CDFHEMAVC	Consumer spending on computers & software
CDFHER	Real consumer spending on furniture and appliances
CDMVLVR	Real consumer spending on light vehicles
CDMVTTPR	Real consumer spending on tires
CDOR	Real consumer spending on other durables plus medical devices
CNCSR	Real consumer spending on clothing & shoes
CNEFACR	Real consumer spending on fuel oil & coal
CNEGAOR	Real consumer spending on gasoline & motor oil
CNFHOMER	Real consumer spending on food for off-premise consumption
CNFOUTR	Real consumer on-premise spending on meals and beverages
CNODRUGR	Real consumer spending on prescription & over-the-counter drugs
CNOTOBR	Real consumer spending on tobacco products
CNOR	Real consumer spending on other nondurable goods
CSVHOPUR	Real consumer spending on household operation, utilities
CSVHOPER	Real consumer spending on electricity
CSVHOPGR	Real consumer spending on natural gas
CSVHOPWASR	Real consumer spending on water & sewer service
CSVHOPTR	Real consumer spending on telephony
CSVHOPXUR	Real consumer spending on household operation, other than utilities
CSVHOPDOMR	Real consumer spending on domestic service
CSVHOPMSCR	Real consumer spending on other household operations
CSVHSR	Real consumer spending on housing
CSVMR	Real consumer spending on medical services
CSVOPBR	Real consumer spending on personal business services
CSVRECR	Real consumer spending on recreation services
CSVTSPICR	Real consumer spending on intercity transportation
CSVTXPICR	Real consumer spending on transportation other than intercity
CSVTSPPLR	Real consumer spending on purchased local transportation
CSVTSUOXLSER	Real consumer spending on other user-operated transportation
CSVTSURPLLSR	Real consumer spending on motor vehicle leases
CSVOOR	Real consumer spending on other services

Investment and Inventories

IFMVNATLR	Real gross investment purchases of light vehicles
IFNREEINDR	Real gross nonresidential investment in industrial equipment
IFNREEIPCC	Gross nonresidential investment in computer equipment
IFNREEIPCSR	Real gross nonresidential investment in software
IFNREEIPCTR	Real gross nonresidential investment in communications equipment
IFNREEIPOR	Real gross nonresidential investment in other information processing equipment

IFNREETACR	Real gross nonresidential investment in aircraft
IFNREETOR	Real gross nonresidential investment in other transportation equipment
IFNREEOR	Real gross nonresidential investment in other equipment
IFSR	Real gross investment in all structures
IIR	Real change in stock of business inventories

Government Spending

GFMLGIR	Real federal defense gross investment
GFMLR	Real federal defense purchases of goods & services
GFOGIR	Real federal non-defense gross investment
GFOR	Real federal non-defense purchases of goods & services
GSLGIR	Real state & local gross investment
GSLR	Real state & local purchases of goods & services

Exports

XGAUTOR	Real exports of motor vehicles & parts
XGCR	Real exports of non-automotive consumer goods
XGFFBR	Real exports of foods, feeds & beverages
XGINR	Real exports of industrial materials & supplies
XGKCAEPR	Real exports of aircraft
XGKCPR	Real exports of computer equipment
XGKOR	Real exports of other capital equipment
XGOR	Real exports of other goods
XSVTOTR	Real exports of services

Imports

MGAUTOR	Real imports of motor vehicles & parts
MGCR	Real imports of non-automotive consumer goods
MGFFBR	Real imports of foods, feeds & beverages
MGINR	Real imports of industrial supplies excl. petroleum
MGKCAEPR	Real imports of aircraft
MGKCPR	Real imports of computer equipment
MGKOR	Real imports of other capital equipment
MGPETR	Real imports of petroleum & products
MGOR	Real imports of other goods
MSVTOTR	Real imports of services

GI Code	Description	NAICS (1997) codes	NEMS Sector
Other services			
5111	Newspaper, book, and directory publishers	5111	SER9
5133	Telecommunications	5133	SER2
513X33	Radio and Television Broadcasting & Cable Networks	513 less 5133	SER2
52	Finance and Insurance	52	SER8
53	Real Estate and Rental And Leasing	53	SER8
SERV	Other private services	5112, 512, 514, 54 - 81	SER9
921	Federal Government	921	SER10
922A3	State & Local Government	922, 923	SER10

Notes:

1. Employment code E110 covers both animal production and "other" (NAICS 112, 114 and 115).
2. The Employment Model adopts the forecasts series for federal government employees (EG91) and for state and local government employees (EGSL) from the U.S. Macroeconomic Model.
The corresponding NEMS code is SER10 and SER11.

Regional Model Detail

Table A13. Economic Variables in the Regional Model

Name	Description
NP	Total Population, Including Armed Forces Overseas, millions
NP16A	Population Aged 16 and Over, millions
GSPR	Real Gross State Product, billions of chained 2000 \$
CPI	Consumer Price Index, All Urban, 1982-84 = 1.0
YP	Personal Income, billions of nominal \$
YPCOMPWSD	Wage & Salary Disbursements, billions of nominal \$
YPDR	Real Disposable Personal Income, billions of chained 2000 \$
HUSPS1	Single-Family Housing Starts, millions of units
HUSPS2A	Multi-Family Housing Starts, millions of units
HUSMFG	Shipments of Mobile Homes, millions of units
KHUPS1	Stock of Single-Family Housing, millions of units
KHUPS2A	Stock of Multi-Family Housing, millions of units
KHUMFG	Stock of Mobile Homes, millions of units
RWM	Average Annual Manufacturing Wages, thousands of nominal \$
RWNM	Average Annual Non-Manufacturing Wages, thousands of nominal \$

Table A14. Output and Employment Detail in the Regional Model

NEMS Sector	Description	NAICS (1997) codes
<i>Manufacturing Industries:</i>		
IND1	Food Products	311
IND2	Beverage and Tobacco Products	312
IND3	Textile Mills & Textile Products	313, 314
IND4	Apparel	315
IND5	Wood Products	321
IND6	Furniture and Related Products	337
IND7	Paper Products	322
IND8	Printing	323
IND9	Basic Inorganic Chemicals	32511, 32519
IND10	Basic Organic Chemicals	32512 - 32518
IND11	Plastic and Synthetic Rubber Materials	3252
IND12	Agricultural Chemicals	3253
IND13	Other Chemical Products	3254 - 3259
IND14	Petroleum Refineries	32411
IND15	Other Petroleum and Coal Products	32412, 32419
IND16	Plastics and Rubber Products	326
IND17	Leather and Allied Products	316
IND18	Glass & Glass Products	3272
IND19	Cement Manufacturing	32731
IND20	Other Nonmetallic Mineral Products	327 less 3272 & 32731
IND21	Iron & Steel Mills, Ferroalloy & Steel Products	3311, 3312
IND22	Alumina & Aluminum Products	3313
IND23	Other Primary Metals	3314, 3315
IND24	Fabricated Metal Products	332
IND25	Machinery	333
IND26	Other Electronic & Electric Products	334 less 3345, 335
IND27	Transportation Equipment	336
IND28	Measuring & Control Instruments	3345
IND29	Miscellaneous Manufacturing	339

NEMS sector	Description	NAICS (1997) codes
<i>Nonmanufacturing Industries:</i>		
IND30	Crop Production	111
IND31	Other Agriculture, Forestry, Fishing & Hunting	112 - 115
IND32	Coal Mining	2121
IND33	Oil & Gas Extraction & Support Activities	211, 213
IND34	Other Mining & Quarrying	2122, 2123
IND35	Construction	23
<i>Services:</i>		
SER1	Transportation & Warehousing	48, 49
SER2	Broadcasting & Telecommunications	513
SER3	Electric Power Generation & Distribution	2211
SER4	Natural Gas Distribution	2212
SER5	Water, Sewage & Related System	2213
SER6	Wholesale Trade	42
SER7	Retail Trade	44, 45
SER8	Finance & Insurance, Real Estate	52, 53
SER9	Other Services	51, 54 - 81
SER10	Public Administration	921, 922, 923
	Federal (Employment only)	921
	State and Local (Employment only)	922, 923

Table A15. Commercial Floorspace Types

Code	Description
STORES	Stores and restaurants
WARE	Manufacturing and wholesale trade, public and federally-owned warehouses
OFFICE	Private, federal, and state and local offices
AUTO	Auto service and parking garages
MFG	Manufacturing
EDUC	Primary, secondary and higher education
HEALTH	Health - hospitals and nursing homes
PUB	Federal and state and local government
REL	Religious
AMUSE	Amusement
MISCNR	Miscellaneous, non-residential - transportation related and all other not elsewhere classified
HOTEL	Hotels and motels
DORM	Dormitories, educational and federally-owned (primarily military)

Appendix B: MAM Inputs and Outputs

Introduction

Appendix B describes the inputs, parameters and files required for execution of the Direct Link, Industrial Output, Employment, Regional, Commercial Floorspace and Transportation Submodules of the Macroeconomic Activity Module (MAM). This appendix also presents the primary outputs generated by MAM for the benefit of NEMS and of the MAM output files. As described in the main text of this volume, the Direct Link Submodule of MAM uses Global Insight's U.S. Macroeconomic Activity, Industrial Output and Employment models. EIA staff and contract support developed the remaining models of MAM. These include models of regional economic activity, industrial output and employment, changes to the regional stocks of commercial floorspace and unit sales of light trucks. Unlike Global Insight's models, the EIA models are not proprietary. Table B1 identifies the files that are used and are created by MAM during the execution of NEMS. It also indicates whether each file is an input or output file and describes its contents.

Inputs

Table B2 describes the MAM parameters and controls specified at the start of a NEMS run. They include user-specified modeling switches and array dimensions used in MAM's FORTRAN source code. The user-specified switches enable the modeler to choose among alternative assumptions for the scenario.

Inputs from NEMS

Before the MAM executes Global Insight's U.S. model in EViews, twenty-six energy prices and quantities are computed using inputs from NEMS. These are energy assumptions exogenous to Global Insight's models. Table B3 lists and defines these energy assumptions. For each, the Global Insight model mnemonic is given along with its definition. The final column of Table B3 lists the NEMS variables used to calculate the corresponding Global Insight variable.

The MAM also calculates industrial gross output growth rates for the energy sectors (Petroleum Refining, Coal Mining, Oil & Gas Extraction, Electric Utilities, and Gas Utilities) based upon physical activity for the appropriate NEMS supply or conversion modules, and then applies them to the historical output series in the Industrial Output model. In the Employment model, employment forecasts for two energy sectors (Coal Mining and Oil & Gas Extraction) are computed using growth rates extracted from the appropriate NEMS modules. Table B4 describes the NEMS variables used to calculate the growth rates for each sector.

Outputs

Table B5 lists the U.S. macroeconomic variable outputs returned to MAM from EViews. Annual data beginning in 1990 and forecast through 2030 are recorded in the spreadsheet named MC_NATIONAL.

Table B6 defines industrial gross output variables contained within the Industrial Output Submodule of MAM. Forecast growth rates of the five energy industry sectors are replaced by the NEMS results. MC_INDUSTRIAL is a spreadsheet that presents the history and forecasts of the industrial output by sector for the nine Census Divisions and for the United States.

Table B7 defines the employment variables contained in the Employment Submodule of MAM. Forecast growth rates of two energy industrial sectors are replaced by the NEMS results. Historical and forecast data for the detailed industrial sectors and aggregates are shown in the MC_EMPLOYMENT spreadsheet.

Table B8 defines the light truck variables contained in the TRANC Submodule of MAM. Annual data beginning in 1990 and forecast through 2030 are recorded in the spreadsheet named MC_VEHICLES.

Regional data and commercial floorspace data produced by the Regional Submodule and the Commercial Floorspace Submodule of MAM are presented in the MC_REGIONAL spreadsheet. Table B9 describes the regions and variables contained in that spreadsheet. The same regional forecasts for economic activity, commercial floorspace, employment and industrial output contained in the MC_REGIONAL spreadsheet are also found in the MC_REGMAC, MC_COMMFLR, MC_REGEMP and MC_REGIO spreadsheets respectively. Table B10 describes the regions and variables contained in the output spreadsheet MC_REGMAC for EIA's regional economic activity model. Table B11 describes the regions and variables contained in the output spreadsheet MC_COMMFLR for EIA's regional commercial floorspace model. Table B12 describes the regions and variables contained in the output spreadsheet MC_REGEMP for EIA's regional employment model. Table B13 describes the regions and variables contained in the output spreadsheet MC_REGIO for EIA's regional industrial output model.

Table B14 lists the MACOUT common block variables referenced by other NEMS modules. The final column lists the referencing NEMS modules and submodules. A description of the module and submodule abbreviations follows Table B14.

Table B1. MAM Input and Output Files

Filename	Content	Input or Output
ALTDATA.WK1	NEMS energy price and quantity data used as MAM drivers	Input
COMFLOOR.XLS	Data for EIA's commercial floorspace, regional, industrial output and employment models	Input
DRIVERS.PRG	Run-specific EViews program file	Input
DRVDATA.WF1	EViews workfile of annual frequency	Input
EPMAC.WK1	Forecast of macroeconomic, industrial output and employment models in levels	Input
EVIEWSDB.EDB	Intermediary database for workfiles of annual and quarterly frequency	Input
MC_COMMFLR.WK1	Regional commercial floorspace model solution	Output
MC_COMMON.WK1	MAM forecasts written to Global Data Structure.	Output
MC_DETAIL.WK1	Detailed US macroeconomic model solution	Output
MC_EMPLOYMENT.WK1	US employment model solution and base	Output
MC_ENERGY.WK1	NEMS energy variables read from Global Data Structure	Output
MC_INDUSTRIAL.WK1	US industrial model solution and base	Output
MC_NATIONAL.WK1	US macroeconomic model solution, base and percent change from base	Output
MC_REGEMP.WK1	Regional employment model solution	Output
MC_REGIO.WK1	Regional industrial output model solution	Output
MC_REGIONAL.WK1	Regional model solution and base	Output
MC_REGMAC.WK1	Regional economic model solution and base	Output
MC_VEHICLES.WK1	Light truck unit sales model solution	Output
MCCOMFLR.WF1	Regional commercial floorspace model	Output
MCEVCODE.TXT	Generic EViews program file used to create run-specific drivers program file	Input
MCEVEPMD.WF1	US employment model	Output
MCEVIOMD.WF1	US industrial output model	Output
MCEVSUBS.PRG	EViews subroutines	Input
MCEVWORK.WF1	US macroeconomic model	Output
MCHIGHLO.XLS	High and low economic activity model factors and transportation model size class data	Input
MCPARMS.TXT	Parameters	Input
MCREGIND.WF1	Regional industrial output and employment models	Output
MCREGIONAL.WF1	Regional economic model	Output

Filename	Content	Input or Output

File Extension Key:

File Extension	File Type
EDB	EViews database
PRG	EViews program file
TXT	Text file
WF1	EViews workfile
WK1	Lotus 1-2-3 file
XLS	Microsoft Excel file

Table B2. MAM Input Controls and Parameters

Parameter Name	Input Type (filename)	Input Description
CAFE (currently not used)	User-defined parameter (SCEDES)	Unit cost of automobiles under new CAFE standards, 0=No change from baseline, 1=factor cost determined by NEMS TRAN results, 2=factor cost endogenously determined in model
EXM	Run-time option (SCEDES)	MAM Module Switch, 1 = on, 0 = off
MACFDBK	Run-time option (SCEDES)	Macroeconomic feedback lever, 1 = on, 0 = off
MACTAX	User-defined parameter (SCEDES)	Distribution of energy tax, 0=No distribution, 1=Return to consumers, 2=Return to business
MMAC	Run-time option (SCEDES)	Macroeconomic growth scenario: 1 = Low, 2 = Reference, 3 = High
MCLHISYR = 2004	MAM parameter (MCPARMS)	Last historical year in the forecast
MCNMFDVARS = 59	MAM parameter (MCPARMS)	Number of macroeconomic final demand variables
MCNMFLTYPE=14	MAM parameter (MCPARMS)	Number of commercial floorspace types, including total
MCNMIND = 35	MAM parameter (MCPARMS)	Number of regionalized industry output variables
MCNMINV = 216	MAM parameter (MCPARMS)	Number of capital equipment variables
MCNMMAC = 55	MAM parameter (MCPARMS)	Number of non-regionalized macroeconomic variables
MCNMMACREG = 57	MAM parameter (MCPARMS)	Number of regionalized macroeconomic variables
MCNMNATREG = 14	MAM parameter (MCPARMS)	Number of regionalized macroeconomic variables
MCNMSERV = 10	MAM parameter (MCPARMS)	Number of non-regionalized service output variables
MCNUMMNF = 29	MAM parameter (MCPARMS)	Number of manufacturing industry variables
MCNUMREGS = 11	MAM parameter (MCPARMS)	The nine Census Divisions, a placeholder for California (currently not in use), and the national total of all Census Divisions
NEMSENERGYNUM = 170	MAM parameter (MCPARMS)	Number of exogenous variables (aggregates and components) from NEMS
NUMEMPL = 46	MAM parameter (MCPARMS)	Number of Industrial Employment categories

Parameter Name	Input Type (filename)	Input Description
NUMEPMAC = 161	MAM parameter (MCPARMS)	Number of solution variables returned to MAM from EViews
RMFFLEV = 0.90	MAM parameter (MCPARMS)	Federal Fund Rate Lever, 0=Rate determined by balance of reserve, 1=Rate determined in response to changes in inflation and unemployment
SCENNUM = 55	MAM parameter (MCPARMS)	Number of driver variables passed to EViews models from MAM

Table B3. NEMS Input Variables for MAM National Submodule

MAM Variable Name	Definition	NEMS Variable Name and Source
CNEFACR	Consumption of Household Fuel Oil	<u>QBLK Common Block:</u> QTPRS - Total Petroleum, Residential
CNEGAOR	Consumption of Household Natural Gas	<u>QBLK Common Block:</u> QNGRS - Natural Gas, Residential
CSVVHOPER	Consumption of Household Electricity	<u>QBLK Common Block:</u> QELRS - Electricity, Residential
CSVVHOPGR	Consumption of Consumer Gasoline and Oil	<u>QBLK Common Block:</u> QMGTR - Motor Gasoline, Transportation QDSTR - Distillate, Transportation
DALLFUELS	Demand for All Fuels - All Sectors	<u>QBLK Common Block:</u> QTPAS – Total Petroleum, All Sectors QNGAS - Natural Gas, All Sectors QGPTR - Natural Gas, Pipeline, Transportation QLPIN - Lease and Plant Fuel, Industrial QCLAS - Coal, All Sectors QMCIN - Metallurgical Coal, Industrial QCIIN - Net Coal Coke Imports, Industrial QUREL - Uranium, Electricity QTRAS - Total Renewables, All Sectors QSTRS - Solar Thermal, Residential QSTCM - Solar Thermal, Commercial QPVCM - Photovoltaic, Commercial QEIEL - Net Electricity Imports QMETR - Methanol, Transportation QHYTR - Liquid Hydrogen, Transportation <u>RESDREP Common Block:</u> QGERS - Geothermal, Residential
DENDUCOAL	End-Use Demand for Coal	<u>QBLK Common Block:</u> QMCIN - Metallurgical Coal, Industrial QCLAS - Coal, All Sectors QCLEL - Coal, Electricity Generation QCIIN - Net Coal Coke Imports, Industrial

MAM Variable Name	Definition	NEMS Variable Name and Source
DENDUELC	Electricity Sales to Ultimate Consumers	<u>QBLK Common Block:</u> QELAS - Purchased Electricity, All Sectors
DENDUNG	End-Use Demand for Natural Gas	<u>QBLK Common Block:</u> QNGAS - Natural Gas, All Sectors QGPTR - Natural Gas, Pipeline, Transportation QLPIN - Lease and Plant Fuel, Industrial QNGEL - Natural Gas, Electricity
DENDUPET	End-Use Demand for Petroleum	<u>QBLK Common Block:</u> QDSAS - Distillate, All Sectors QDSEL - Distillate, Electricity QKSAS - Kerosene, All Sectors QJFTR - Jet Fuel, Transportation QLGAS - Liquefied Petroleum Gases, All Sectors QMGAS - Motor Gasoline, All Sectors QPFIN - Petrochemical Feedstocks, Industrial QRSAS - Residual Fuel, All Sectors QRSEL - Residual Fuel, Electricity QOTAS - Other Petroleum, All Sectors QSGIN - Still Gas, Industrial QPCIN - Petroleum Coke, Industrial QASIN - Asphalt and Road Oil, Industrial

MAM Variable Name	Definition	NEMS Variable Name and Source
ENGDOMO	Domestic Production of Other Energy	<u>QBLK Common Block:</u> QUREL - Uranium, Electricity QTRAS - Total Renewables, All Sectors QSTRS - Solar Thermal, Residential QSTCM - Solar Thermal, Commercial QETTR - Ethanol, Transportation QPVCM - Photovoltaic, Commercial QHYTR - Liquid Hydrogen, Transportation <u>COALOUT Common Block:</u> CQSBB - Production of Coal <u>RESDREP Common Block:</u> QGERS - Geothermal, Residential <u>PMMRPT Common Block:</u> RFETHE85 - Production of E85 RFMETM85 - Production of M85 RFQDINPOT - Other Domestic Inputs to Refiners <u>PMMOUT Common Block:</u> RFCRDOTH - Other Crude Inputs <u>NGTDMREP Common Block:</u> OGPRSUP - Production of Supplemental Natural Gas
ENGDOMPETANG	Domestic Production of Petroleum and Natural Gas	<u>PMMBLK Common Block:</u> RFQTDCRD - Production of Crude Oil RFPQNGL - Production of Natural Gas Liquids <u>NGTDMREP Common Block:</u> OGPRDNG - Production of Dry Natural Gas
JPCNEFAC	Personal Consumption Deflator, Household Fuel Oil	<u>MPBLK Common Block:</u> PTPRS - Residential Total Petroleum Price
JPCNEGAO	Personal Consumption Deflator, Consumer Gasoline and Oil	<u>AMPBLK Common Block:</u> PMGTR – Transportation Motor Gasoline Price PDSTR – Transportation Distillate Price <u>QBLK Common Block:</u> QMGTR – Motor Gasoline, Transportation QDSTR – Distillate, Transportation

MAM Variable Name	Definition	NEMS Variable Name and Source
JPCSVHOPE	Personal Consumption Deflator, Household Electricity	<u>AMPBLK Common Block:</u> PELRS – Residential Purchased Electricity Price
JPCSVHOPG	Personal Consumption Deflator, Household Natural Gas	<u>AMPBLK Common Block:</u> PNGRS – Residential Natural Gas Price
JQIND12	Industrial Production Index - Coal Mining	<u>COALOUT Common Block:</u> CQSBB - Production of Coal
JQIND13	Industrial Production Index -Oil and Gas Extraction	<u>PMMOUT Common Block:</u> RFQTDICRD - Production of Crude Oil RFPQNGL - Production of Natural Gas Liquids <u>NGTDMREP Common Block:</u> OGPRDNG - Production of Dry Natural Gas
POILIMP	Weighted Average Price of Imported Crude	<u>INTOUT Common Block:</u> IT_WOP - World Oil Price
QGASASF	Highway Consumption of Gasoline and Special Fuels	<u>QBLK Common Block:</u> QMGTR - Motor Gasoline, Transportation QDSTR - Distillate, Transportation
WPI051	Producer Price Index - Coal	<u>AMPBLK Common Block:</u> PCLIN - Industrial Purchased Coal Price
WPI053	Producer Price Index - Gas Fuels	<u>NGTDMREP Common Block:</u> OGWPRNG - Natural Gas Wellhead Price
WPI054	Producer Price Index - Electric Power	<u>AMPBLK Common Block:</u> PELRS - Residential Purchased Electricity Price PELCM - Commercial Purchased Electricity Price PELIN - Industrial Purchased Electricity Price PELTR - Transportation Purchased Electricity Price

MAM Variable Name	Definition	NEMS Variable Name and Source
WPI055	Producer Price Index - Utility Natural Gas	<u>AMPBLK Common Block:</u> PNGRS - Residential Natural Gas Price PNGCM - Commercial Natural Gas Price PNGIN - Industrial Natural Gas Price PNGTR - Transportation Natural Gas Price PNGEL - Natural Gas Price to Electric Generators
WPI0561	Producer Price Index - Crude Petroleum	<u>INTOUT Common Block:</u> IT_WOP - World Oil Price
WPI057	Producer Price Index - Refined Petroleum Products	<u>AMPBLK Common Block:</u> PTPRS - Residential Total Petroleum Price PDSCM - Commercial Distillate Price PRSCM - Commercial Residual Fuel Price PDSIN - Industrial Distillate Price PRSIN - Industrial Residual Fuel Price PDSTR - Transportation Distillate Price PJFTR - Transportation Jet Fuel Price PMGTR - Transportation Motor Gasoline Price PRSTR - Transportation Residual Fuel Price
WPI0574	Producer Price Index - Residual Petroleum Fuels	<u>AMPBLK Common Block:</u> PRSCM - Commercial Residual Fuel Price PRSIN - Industrial Residual Fuel Price PRSTR - Transportation Residual Fuel Price

Table B4. Energy Industry and Employment Growth Determined by NEMS Results

MACOUT Common Block Name	Industry Sector Definition	NEMS Variable Name and Source
MC_EMPNA(34)	Employment, Coal Mining	<u>COALOUT Common Block:</u> TOTMINERS – Number of coal miners
MC_EMPNA(35)	Employment, Oil and Gas Extraction	<u>OGSMOUT Common Block:</u> OGJOBS – Number of jobs in oil and gas supply sector
MC_REVIND(14)	Output, Petroleum Refining	<u>PMMOUT Common Block:</u> RFQPRDT - Total Petroleum Product Supplied <u>PMMRPT Common Block:</u> RFPQIPRDT - Total Imported Petroleum Products
MC_REVIND(32)	Output, Coal Mining	<u>COALOUT Common Block:</u> CQSBB - Total Coal Production
MC_REVIND(33)	Output, Oil and Gas Extraction	<u>PMMOUT Common Block:</u> RFQTDICRD - Total Crude Oil Production RFPQNGGL - Total Natural Gas Plant Liquids Production OGPRDNG - Total Dry Natural Gas Production OGPRSUP - Supplemental Natural Gas Production
MC_REVSER(3)	Output, Electric Utilities	<u>UEFDOUT Common Block:</u> UGNTLNR - Total Electricity Generation
MC_REVSER(4)	Output, Gas Utilities	<u>PMMOUT Common Block:</u> OGPRDNG - Total Dry Natural Gas Production

Table B5. MC_NATIONAL Output Variables

MACOUT Common Block Name	Description
MC_GDPR	Gross Domestic Product, billions of chained 2000\$
MC_GDPFER	Gross Domestic Product at full employment, billions of chained 2000\$
MC_CONSR	Consumer Spending on all Goods & Services, billions of chained 2000\$
MC_IRC	Gross Private Domestic Investment, billions of chained 2000\$
MC_XR	Exports of Goods & Services, billions of chained 2000\$
MC_MR	Imports of Goods & Services, billions of chained 2000\$
MC_GR	Government Purchases of Goods & Services, billions of chained 2000\$
MC_CDR	Consumer Spending on Durable Goods, billions of chained 2000\$
MC_CNR	Consumer Spending on Nondurable Goods, billions of chained 2000\$
MC_CSVR	Consumer Spending on Services, billions of chained 2000\$
MC_IFNRESR	Gross Nonresidential Investment in Structures, billions of chained 2000\$
MC_IFRESR	Gross Residential Investment, billions of chained 2000\$
MC_IFNREER	Gross Nonresidential Investment in Equipment, billions of chained 2000\$
MC_IFREER	Gross Residential Investment in Equipment, billions of chained 2000\$
MC_IFXR	Gross Private Fixed Investment, billions of chained 2000\$
MC_IFNRER	Gross Private Fixed Nonresidential Investment, billions of chained 2000\$
MC_IFRER	Gross Private Fixed Residential Investment, billions of chained 2000\$
MC_XGFFBR	Exports, Foods, Feeds, & Beverages, billions of chained 2000\$
MC_XGINR	Exports, Industrial Supplies & Materials, billions of chained 2000\$
MC_XGKR	Exports, Capital Goods exc autos, billions of chained 2000\$
MC_XGAUTOR	Exports, Automotive Vehicles, Engines & Parts, billions of chained 2000\$
MC_XGCR	Exports, Consumer Goods except Automotive, billions of chained 2000\$
MC_XGR	Exports, Goods, billions of chained 2000\$
MC_XSVTOTR	Exports, Services, billions of chained 2000\$
MC_MGFFBR	Imports, Foods, Feeds, and Beverages, billions of chained 2000\$
MC_MGINAPETR	Imports, Industrial Supplies & Materials, billions of chained 2000\$
MC_MGKR	Imports, Capital Goods excl. Motor Vehicles, billions of chained 2000\$
MC_MGAUTOR	Imports, Motor Vehicles & Parts, billions of chained 2000\$
MC_MGCR	Imports, Non-automotive Consumer Goods, billions of chained 2000\$
MC_MSVTOTR	Imports, Services, billions of chained 2000\$
MC_IIR	Change in Real Stock of Business Inventories, billions of chained 2000\$
MC_GFMLR	Federal Defense Purchases of Goods and Services, billions of chained 2000\$

MACOUT Common Block Name	Description
MC_GDP	Gross Domestic Product, billions of nominal \$
MC_CONS	Consumer Spending on all Goods & Services, billions of nominal \$
MC_I	Gross Private Domestic Investment, billions of nominal \$
MC_GNPR	Gross National Product, billions of chained 2000\$
MC_JPGDP	Chain-Type Price Index, GDP, 2000 = 1.0 (1987 = 1.0 in MC_COMMON)
MC_RMTB3M	Discount Rate on 3-Month U.S. Treasury Bills
MC_RMMTG30CON	Conventional 30-Year Mortgage Commitment Rate
MC_RMCORPPUAA	Yield on AA Utility Bonds
MC_RMGBLUSREAL	Real Average Yield on U.S. Treasury Long-term Bonds
MC_JECIWSP	Employment Cost Index, Wages & Salaries, Private Sector, June 1989 = 1.0
MC_SUVA	Unit Sales of Automobiles, Total, millions of units
MC_SUVLV	Unit Sales of Light Duty Vehicles, Domestic, millions of units
MC_SUVTL	Unit Sales of New Light Trucks, millions of units
MC_SUVTHAM	Unit Sales of Heavy and Medium Trucks, millions of units
MC_RUC	Unemployment Rate, All Civilian Workers
MC_WPI	Producer Price Index, All Commodities, 1982 = 1.0
MC_WPI11	Producer Price Index, Machinery & Equipment, 1982 = 1.0
MC_WPI14	Producer Price Index, Transportation Equipment, 1982 = 1.0
MC_NLFC	Civilian Labor Force as Measured by the Household Survey, millions of persons
MC_RMFF	Effective Rate on Federal Funds
MC_WPI05	Producer Price Index, Fuels, Related Products & Power, 1982 = 1.0
MC_RMTCM10Y	Yield on 10-year Treasury Notes
MC_RMCORPBAA	Yield on Baa-Rated Corporate Bonds
MC_RLRMCORPPUAA	Real Yield on Baa-Rated Corporate Bonds

Table B6. MC_INDUSTRIAL Output Variables (Variables by Region)

Regions:

Census Division	Description
NENG	New England
MATL	Middle Atlantic
ENC	East North Central
WNC	West North Central
SATL	South Atlantic
ESC	East South Central
WSC	West South Central
MTN	Mountain
PAC	Pacific
US	United States

Variables:

MACOUT Common Block Name	Description
MC_REVIND(1)	Production, Food Products (Billions of Fixed 2000 Dollars)
MC_REVIND(2)	Production, Beverage and Tobacco Products (Billions of Fixed 2000 Dollars)
MC_REVIND(3)	Production, Textile Mills & Textile Products (Billions of Fixed 2000 Dollars)
MC_REVIND(4)	Production, Apparel (Billions of Fixed 2000 Dollars)
MC_REVIND(5)	Production, Wood Products (Billions of Fixed 2000 Dollars)
MC_REVIND(6)	Production, Furniture and Related Products (Billions of Fixed 2000 Dollars)
MC_REVIND(7)	Production, Paper Products (Billions of Fixed 2000 Dollars)
MC_REVIND(8)	Production, Printing (Billions of Fixed 2000 Dollars)
MC_REVIND(9)	Production, Basic Inorganic Chemicals (Billions of Fixed 2000 Dollars)
MC_REVIND(10)	Production, Basic Organic Chemicals (Billions of Fixed 2000 Dollars)
MC_REVIND(11)	Production, Plastic and Synthetic Rubber Materials (Billions of Fixed 2000 Dollars)
MC_REVIND(12)	Production, Agricultural Chemicals (Billions of Fixed 2000 Dollars)
MC_REVIND(13)	Production, Other Chemical Products (Billions of Fixed 2000 Dollars)
MC_REVIND(14)	Production, Petroleum Refineries (Billions of Fixed 2000 Dollars)
MC_REVIND(15)	Production, Other Petroleum and Coal Products (Billions of Fixed 2000 Dollars)

MACOUT Common Block Name	Description
MC_REVIND(16)	Production, Plastics and Rubber Products (Billions of Fixed 2000 Dollars)
MC_REVIND(17)	Production, Leather and Allied Products (Billions of Fixed 2000 Dollars)
MC_REVIND(18)	Production, Glass & Glass Products (Billions of Fixed 2000 Dollars)
MC_REVIND(19)	Production, Cement Manufacturing (Billions of Fixed 2000 Dollars)
MC_REVIND(20)	Production, Other Nonmetallic Mineral Products (Billions of Fixed 2000 Dollars)
MC_REVIND(21)	Production, Iron & Steel Mills, Ferroalloy & Steel Products (Billions of Fixed 2000 Dollars)
MC_REVIND(22)	Production, Alumina & Aluminum Products (Billions of Fixed 2000 Dollars)
MC_REVIND(23)	Production, Other Primary Metals (Billions of Fixed 2000 Dollars)
MC_REVIND(24)	Production, Fabricated Metal Products (Billions of Fixed 2000 Dollars)
MC_REVIND(25)	Production, Machinery (Billions of Fixed 2000 Dollars)
MC_REVIND(26)	Production, Other Electronic & Electric Products (Billions of Fixed 2000 Dollars)
MC_REVIND(27)	Production, Transportation Equipment (Billions of Fixed 2000 Dollars)
MC_REVIND(28)	Production, Measuring & Control Instruments (Billions of Fixed 2000 Dollars)
MC_REVIND(29)	Production, Miscellaneous Manufacturing (Billions of Fixed 2000 Dollars)
MC_REVIND(30)	Production, Crop Production (Billions of Fixed 2000 Dollars)
MC_REVIND(31)	Production, Other Agriculture, Forestry, Fishing & Hunting (Billions of Fixed 2000 Dollars)
MC_REVIND(32)	Production, Coal Mining (Billions of Fixed 2000 Dollars)
MC_REVIND(33)	Production, Oil & Gas Extraction & Support Activities (Billions of Fixed 2000 Dollars)
MC_REVIND(34)	Production, Other Mining & Quarrying (Billions of Fixed 2000 Dollars)
MC_REVIND(35)	Production, Construction (Billions of Fixed 2000 Dollars)
MC_REVIND(36)	Production, Sum of All Chemicals (Billions of Fixed 2000 Dollars)
MC_REVIND(37)	Production, Sum of All Petroleum Products (Billions of Fixed 2000 Dollars)
MC_REVIND(38)	Production, Sum of All Nonmetallic Mineral Products (Billions of Fixed 2000 Dollars)
MC_REVIND(39)	Production, Sum of All Primary Metals (Billions of Fixed 2000 Dollars)
(Aggregate)	Production, Total Manufacturing Output (Billions of Fixed 1996 Dollars)
(Aggregate)	Production, Total Industrial Output (Billions of Fixed 1996 Dollars)

Table B7. MC_EMPLOYMENT Output Variables

Employment Variable Name	Description
EMPIND1	Food Products, millions of employees
EMPIND2	Beverage and Tobacco Products, millions of employees
EMPIND3	Textile Mills & Textile Products, millions of employees
EMPIND4	Apparel, millions of employees
EMPIND5	Wood Products, millions of employees
EMPIND6	Furniture and Related Products, millions of employees
EMPIND7	Paper Products, millions of employees
EMPIND8	Printing, millions of employees
EMPIND9	Basic Inorganic Chemicals, millions of employees
EMPIND10	Basic Organic Chemicals, millions of employees
EMPIND11	Plastic and Synthetic Rubber Materials, millions of employees
EMPIND12	Agricultural Chemicals, millions of employees
EMPIND13	Other Chemical Products, millions of employees
EMPIND14	Petroleum Refineries, millions of employees
EMPIND15	Other Petroleum and Coal Products, millions of employees
EMPIND16	Plastics and Rubber Products, millions of employees
EMPIND17	Leather and Allied Products, millions of employees
EMPIND18	Glass & Glass Products, millions of employees
EMPIND19	Cement Manufacturing, millions of employees
EMPIND20	Other Nonmetallic Mineral Products, millions of employees
EMPIND21	Iron & Steel Mills, Ferroalloy & Steel Products, millions of employees
EMPIND22	Alumina & Aluminum Products, millions of employees
EMPIND23	Other Primary Metals, millions of employees
EMPIND24	Fabricated Metal Products, millions of employees
EMPIND25	Machinery, millions of employees
EMPIND26	Other Electronic & Electric Products, millions of employees
EMPIND27	Transportation Equipment, millions of employees
EMPIND28	Measuring & Control Instruments, millions of employees
EMPIND29	Miscellaneous Manufacturing, millions of employees
EMPIND30	Crop Production, millions of employees
EMPIND31	Other Agriculture, Forestry, Fishing & Hunting, millions of employees
EMPIND32	Coal Mining, millions of employees

Employment Variable Name	Description
EMPIND33	Oil & Gas Extraction & Support Activities, millions of employees
EMPIND34	Other Mining & Quarrying, millions of employees
EMPIND35	Construction, millions of employees
EMPSE1	Transportation & Warehousing, millions of employees
EMPSE2	Broadcasting & Telecommunications, millions of employees
EMPSE3	Electric Power Generation & Distribution, millions of employees
EMPSE4	Natural Gas Distribution, millions of employees
EMPSE5	Water, Sewage & Related System, millions of employees
EMPSE6	Wholesale Trade, millions of employees
EMPSE7	Retail Trade, millions of employees
EMPSE8	Finance & Insurance, Real Estate, millions of employees
EMPSE9	Other Services, millions of employees
EMPSE10	Public Administration, Federal Government, millions of employees
EMPSE11	Public Administration, State & Local Government, millions of employees
(Aggregate)	Total Manufacturing, millions of employees
(Aggregate)	Total Non-Manufacturing, millions of employees
(Aggregate)	Total Services, millions of employees
(Aggregate)	Total Nonfarm, millions of employees

Table B8. MC_VEHICLES Output Variables

MACOUT Common Block Name	Description
MC_VEHICLES(1)	Unit Sales of Class 1 Light Trucks, 0 to 6000 lbs., Wards Communication, Thousands of Vehicles
MC_VEHICLES(2)	Unit Sales of Class 2 Light Trucks, 6001 to 10,000 lbs., Wards Communication, Thousands of Vehicles
MC_VEHICLES(3)	Unit Sales of Class 2a Light Trucks, 6001 to 8,500 lbs., ORNL, Thousands of Vehicles
MC_VEHICLES(4)	Unit Sales of Class 2b Light Trucks, 8,500 to 10,000 lbs., ORNL, Thousands of Vehicles
MC_VEHICLES(5)	Unit Sales of Class 3 Light Trucks, 10,000 to 14,000 lbs., Wards Communication, Thousands of Vehicles
(Aggregate)	Unit Sales of Classes 1, 2 and 3 Light Trucks, 0 to 14,000 lbs., Sum, Thousands of Vehicles.

Table B9. MC_REGIONAL Output Variables

Regions:

Census Division	Description
NENG	New England
MATL	Middle Atlantic
ENC	East North Central
WNC	West North Central
SATL	South Atlantic
ESC	East South Central
WSC	West South Central
MTN	Mountain
PAC	Pacific
US	United States

Variables:

MACOUT Common Block Name	Description
MC_CPI	Consumer Price Index (All Urban) - All Items, 1982-84 = 1.0
MC_YPDR	Disposable Personal Income, billions of chained 2000\$
MC_YPCOMPWSD	Wage & Salary Disbursements, billions of nominal \$
MC_YP	Personal Income, billions of nominal \$
MC_HUSMFG	Mobile Homes Shipments, millions of units
MC_HUSPS1	Single-Family Housing Starts, Private including Farm, millions of units
MC_HUSPS2A	Multi-Family Housing Starts, Private including Farm, millions of units
MC_KHUMFG	Stock of Mobile Homes, millions of units
MC_KHUPS1	Stock of Single-Family Housing, millions of units
MC_KHUPS2A	Stock of Multi-Family Housing, millions of units
MC_NP	Population Including Armed Forces Overseas, millions of persons
MC_NP16A	Population Aged 16 and Over, millions of persons
MC_RWM	Average Annual Manufacturing Wages, thousands of nominal \$
MC_RWNM	Average Annual Non-Manufacturing Wages, thousands of nominal \$
MC_COMMFLSP(2); AMUSE	Commercial Floorspace, Amusement, billion square feet
MC_COMMFLSP(3); AUTO	Commercial Floorspace, Automotive, billion square feet
MC_COMMFLSP(4); DORM	Commercial Floorspace, Dormitories, billion square feet
MC_COMMFLSP(5); EDUC	Commercial Floorspace, Education, billion square feet

MACOUT Common Block Name	Description
MC_EMPNA(25); EMPIND7	Employment, Paper Products (Millions of Persons)
MC_EMPNA(26); EMPIND8	Employment, Printing (Millions of Persons)
MC_EMPNA(27); EMPIND9T13	Employment, Chemicals (Millions of Persons)
MC_EMPNA(28); EMPIND14T15	Employment, Petroleum Products (Millions of Persons)
MC_EMPNA(29); EMPIND16	Employment, Plastics and Rubber Products (Millions of Persons)
MC_EMPNA(30); EMPIND17	Employment, Leather and Allied Products (Millions of Persons)
MC_EMPNA(31); EMPIND30T31	Employment, Agriculture, Forestry, Fishing & Hunting, millions of persons
MC_REVIND(1)	Production, Food Products (Billions of Fixed 2000 Dollars)
MC_REVIND(2)	Production, Beverage and Tobacco Products (Billions of Fixed 2000 Dollars)
MC_REVIND(3)	Production, Textile Mills & Textile Products (Billions of Fixed 2000 Dollars)
MC_REVIND(4)	Production, Apparel (Billions of Fixed 2000 Dollars)
MC_REVIND(5)	Production, Wood Products (Billions of Fixed 2000 Dollars)
MC_REVIND(6)	Production, Furniture and Related Products (Billions of Fixed 2000 Dollars)
MC_REVIND(7)	Production, Paper Products (Billions of Fixed 2000 Dollars)
MC_REVIND(8)	Production, Printing (Billions of Fixed 2000 Dollars)
MC_REVIND(9)	Production, Basic Inorganic Chemicals (Billions of Fixed 2000 Dollars)
MC_REVIND(10)	Production, Basic Organic Chemicals (Billions of Fixed 2000 Dollars)
MC_REVIND(11)	Production, Plastic and Synthetic Rubber Materials (Billions of Fixed 2000 Dollars)
MC_REVIND(12)	Production, Agricultural Chemicals (Billions of Fixed 2000 Dollars)
MC_REVIND(13)	Production, Other Chemical Products (Billions of Fixed 2000 Dollars)
MC_REVIND(14)	Production, Petroleum Refineries (Billions of Fixed 2000 Dollars)
MC_REVIND(15)	Production, Other Petroleum and Coal Products (Billions of Fixed 2000 Dollars)
MC_REVIND(16)	Production, Plastics and Rubber Products (Billions of Fixed 2000 Dollars)
MC_REVIND(17)	Production, Leather and Allied Products (Billions of Fixed 2000 Dollars)
MC_REVIND(18)	Production, Glass & Glass Products (Billions of Fixed 2000 Dollars)
MC_REVIND(19)	Production, Cement Manufacturing (Billions of Fixed 2000 Dollars)
MC_REVIND(20)	Production, Other Nonmetallic Mineral Products (Billions of Fixed 2000 Dollars)
MC_REVIND(21)	Production, Iron & Steel Mills, Ferroalloy & Steel Products (Billions of Fixed 2000 Dollars)
MC_REVIND(22)	Production, Alumina & Aluminum Products (Billions of Fixed 2000 Dollars)
MC_REVIND(23)	Production, Other Primary Metals (Billions of Fixed 2000 Dollars)
MC_REVIND(24)	Production, Fabricated Metal Products (Billions of Fixed 2000 Dollars)
MC_REVIND(25)	Production, Machinery (Billions of Fixed 2000 Dollars)

MACOUT Common Block Name	Description
MC_REVIND(26)	Production, Other Electronic & Electric Products (Billions of Fixed 2000 Dollars)
MC_REVIND(27)	Production, Transportation Equipment (Billions of Fixed 2000 Dollars)
MC_REVIND(28)	Production, Measuring & Control Instruments (Billions of Fixed 2000 Dollars)
MC_REVIND(29)	Production, Miscellaneous Manufacturing (Billions of Fixed 2000 Dollars)
MC_REVIND(30)	Production, Crop Production (Billions of Fixed 2000 Dollars)
MC_REVIND(31)	Production, Other Agriculture, Forestry, Fishing & Hunting (Billions of Fixed 2000 Dollars)
MC_REVIND(32)	Production, Coal Mining (Billions of Fixed 2000 Dollars)
MC_REVIND(33)	Production, Oil & Gas Extraction & Support Activities (Billions of Fixed 2000 Dollars)
MC_REVIND(34)	Production, Other Mining & Quarrying (Billions of Fixed 2000 Dollars)
MC_REVIND(35)	Production, Construction (Billions of Fixed 2000 Dollars)

Table B10. MC_REGMAC Output Variables (Variables by Region)**Regions:**

Census Division	Description
NENG	New England
MATL	Middle Atlantic
ENC	East North Central
WNC	West North Central
SATL	South Atlantic
ESC	East South Central
WSC	West South Central
MTN	Mountain
PAC	Pacific
US	United States

Variables:

Economic Activity Variable Name	Description
CPI	Consumer Price Index (All Urban) - All Items, 1982-84 = 1.0
YPDR	Disposable Personal Income, billions of chained 2000\$
YPCOMPWSD	Wage & Salary Disbursements, billions of nominal \$
YP	Personal Income, billions of nominal \$
HUSMFG	Mobile Homes Shipments, millions of units
HUSPS1	Single-Family Housing Starts, Private including Farm, millions of units
HUSPS2A	Multi-Family Housing Starts, Private including Farm, millions of units
KHUMFG	Stock of Mobile Homes, millions of units
KHUPS1	Stock of Single-Family Housing, millions of units
KHUPS2A	Stock of Multi-Family Housing, millions of units
NP	Population Including Armed Forces Overseas, millions of persons
NP16A	Population Aged 16 and Over, millions of persons
RWM	Average Annual Manufacturing Wages, thousands of nominal \$
RWNM	Average Annual Non-Manufacturing Wages, thousands of nominal \$

Table B11. MC_COMMFLR Output Variables (Variables by Region)**Regions:**

Census Division	Description
ENC	East North Central
ESC	East South Central
MATL	Middle Atlantic
MTN	Mountain
NENG	New England
PAC	Pacific
SATL	South Atlantic
WNC	West North Central
WSC	West South Central
SUM	United States

Variables:

Commercial Floorspace Variable Name	Description
STORES	Commercial Floorspace, Stores and Restaurants, billion square feet
WARE	Commercial Floorspace, Warehouses, billion square feet
OFFICE	Commercial Floorspace, Offices, billion square feet
AUTO	Commercial Floorspace, Automotive, billion square feet
MFG	Commercial Floorspace, Manufacturing billion square feet
EDUC	Commercial Floorspace, Education, billion square feet
HEALTH	Commercial Floorspace, Health, billion square feet
PUB	Commercial Floorspace, Public Sector, billion square feet
REL	Commercial Floorspace, Religious, billion square feet
AMUSE	Commercial Floorspace, Amusement, billion square feet
MISCNR	Commercial Floorspace, Miscellaneous Non-residential, billion square feet
HOTEL	Commercial Floorspace, Hotels and Motels, billion square feet
DORM	Commercial Floorspace, Dormitories, billion square feet
SUM	Total Commercial Floorspace, billion square feet

Table B12. MC_REGEMP Output Variables (Variables by Region)

Regions:

Census Division	Description
NENG	New England
MATL	Middle Atlantic
ENC	East North Central
WNC	West North Central
SATL	South Atlantic
ESC	East South Central
WSC	West South Central
MTN	Mountain
PAC	Pacific
US	United States

Variables:

Employment Variable Name	Description
EEA	Employment, Total Nonfarm (Millions of Persons)
EMPIND35	Employment, Construction (Millions of Persons)
EMPSE10	Employment, Federal Government (Millions of Persons)
EMPSE8	Employment, Financial, Insurance, Real Estate (Millions of Persons)
EMPIND32T34	Employment, Mining (Millions of Persons)
EMPSE9	Employment, Other Services (Millions of Persons)
EMPSE11	Employment, State & Local Government (Millions of Persons)
EMPSE1T5	Employment, Transportation, Communications & Public Utilities (Millions of Persons)
EMPSE7	Employment, Retail Trade (Millions of Persons)
EMPSE6	Employment, Furniture and Related Products (Millions of Persons)
EMPIND5	Employment, Wood Products (Millions of Persons)
EMPIND6	Employment, Furniture and Related Products (Millions of Persons)
EMPIND18T20	Employment, Nonmetallic Mineral Products (Millions of Persons)
EMPIND21T23	Employment, Primary Metal Industries (Millions of Persons)
EMPIND24	Employment, Fabricated Metal Products (Millions of Persons)
EMPIND25	Employment, Machinery (Millions of Persons)

Employment Variable Name	Description
EMPIND26	Employment, Other Electronic and Electric Products (Millions of Persons)
EMPIND27	Employment, Transportation Equipment (Millions of Persons)
EMPIND28	Employment, Measuring & Control Instruments (Millions of Persons)
EMPIND29	Employment, Miscellaneous Manufacturing (Millions of Persons)
EMPIND1	Employment, Food Products (Millions of Persons)
EMPIND2	Employment, Beverage and Tobacco Products (Millions of Persons)
EMPIND3	Employment, Textile Mills & Textile Products (Millions of Persons)
EMPIND4	Employment, Apparel (Millions of Persons)
EMPIND7	Employment, Paper Products (Millions of Persons)
EMPIND8	Employment, Printing (Millions of Persons)
EMPIND9T13	Employment, Chemicals (Millions of Persons)
EMPIND14T15	Employment, Petroleum Products (Millions of Persons)
EMPIND16	Employment, Plastics and Rubber Products (Millions of Persons)
EMPIND17	Employment, Leather and Allied Products (Millions of Persons)
EMPIND30T31	Employment, Agriculture, Forestry, Fishing & Hunting, millions of persons

Table B13. MC_REGIO Output Variables (Variables by Region)

Regions:

Census Division	Description
NENG	New England
MATL	Middle Atlantic
ENC	East North Central
WNC	West North Central
SATL	South Atlantic
ESC	East South Central
WSC	West South Central
MTN	Mountain
PAC	Pacific
US	United States

Variables:

Industrial Output Variable Name	Description
REVIND1	Production, Food Products (Billions of Fixed 2000 Dollars)
REVIND2	Production, Beverage and Tobacco Products (Billions of Fixed 2000 Dollars)
REVIND3	Production, Textile Mills & Textile Products (Billions of Fixed 2000 Dollars)
REVIND4	Production, Apparel (Billions of Fixed 2000 Dollars)
REVIND5	Production, Wood Products (Billions of Fixed 2000 Dollars)
REVIND6	Production, Furniture and Related Products (Billions of Fixed 2000 Dollars)
REVIND7	Production, Paper Products (Billions of Fixed 2000 Dollars)
REVIND8	Production, Printing (Billions of Fixed 2000 Dollars)
REVIND9	Production, Basic Inorganic Chemicals (Billions of Fixed 2000 Dollars)
REVIND10	Production, Basic Organic Chemicals (Billions of Fixed 2000 Dollars)
REVIND11	Production, Plastic and Synthetic Rubber Materials (Billions of Fixed 2000 Dollars)
REVIND12	Production, Agricultural Chemicals (Billions of Fixed 2000 Dollars)
REVIND13	Production, Other Chemical Products (Billions of Fixed 2000 Dollars)
REVIND14	Production, Petroleum Refineries (Billions of Fixed 2000 Dollars)
REVIND15	Production, Other Petroleum and Coal Products (Billions of Fixed 2000 Dollars)
REVIND16	Production, Plastics and Rubber Products (Billions of Fixed 2000 Dollars)

Industrial Output Variable Name	Description
REVIND17	Production, Leather and Allied Products (Billions of Fixed 2000 Dollars)
REVIND18	Production, Glass & Glass Products (Billions of Fixed 2000 Dollars)
REVIND19	Production, Cement Manufacturing (Billions of Fixed 2000 Dollars)
REVIND20	Production, Other Nonmetallic Mineral Products (Billions of Fixed 2000 Dollars)
REVIND21	Production, Iron & Steel Mills, Ferroalloy & Steel Products (Billions of Fixed 2000 Dollars)
REVIND22	Production, Alumina & Aluminum Products (Billions of Fixed 2000 Dollars)
REVIND23	Production, Other Primary Metals (Billions of Fixed 2000 Dollars)
REVIND24	Production, Fabricated Metal Products (Billions of Fixed 2000 Dollars)
REVIND25	Production, Machinery (Billions of Fixed 2000 Dollars)
REVIND26	Production, Other Electronic & Electric Products (Billions of Fixed 2000 Dollars)
REVIND27	Production, Transportation Equipment (Billions of Fixed 2000 Dollars)
REVIND28	Production, Measuring & Control Instruments (Billions of Fixed 2000 Dollars)
REVIND29	Production, Miscellaneous Manufacturing (Billions of Fixed 2000 Dollars)
REVIND30	Production, Crop Production (Billions of Fixed 2000 Dollars)
REVIND31	Production, Other Agriculture, Forestry, Fishing & Hunting (Billions of Fixed 2000 Dollars)
REVIND32	Production, Coal Mining (Billions of Fixed 2000 Dollars)
REVIND33	Production, Oil & Gas Extraction & Support Activities (Billions of Fixed 2000 Dollars)
REVIND34	Production, Other Mining & Quarrying (Billions of Fixed 2000 Dollars)
REVIND35	Production, Construction (Billions of Fixed 2000 Dollars)

Table B14. MAM Variables Used by Other NEMS Modules

MACOUT Common Block Name	Macroeconomic Variable Description	Referencing NEMS Module or Submodules
MC_COMMFLSP	Commercial Floor Space by Type of Building, billion square feet	COMM
MC_CPI	Consumer Price Index (All Urban) - All Items, 1982-84 = 1.0	NGTDM TRAN
MC_EMPNA	Employment by Industrial Sector, millions of employees	IND
MC_GDPR	Gross Domestic Product, billions of chained 2000\$	INTERCV MAIN RENEW TRAN
MC_GFMLR	Federal Defense Purchases of Goods & Services, billions of chained 2000\$	TRAN
MC_GNPR	Gross National Product, billions of chained 2000\$	TRAN
MC_HUSMFG	Mobile Homes Shipments, millions of units	RESD
MC_HUSPS1	Single-Family Housing Starts, millions of units	RESD
MC_HUSPS2A	Multi-Family Housing Starts, millions of units	RESD
MC_JECIWSP	Employment Cost Index, Wages & Salaries, Private Sector, June 1989 = 1.0	NGTDM UEFP

MACOUT Common Block Name	Macroeconomic Variable Description	Referencing NEMS Module or Submodules
MC_JPGDP	Chained Price Index, GDP, 2000 = 100.0 (1987 = 1.0 in MACOUT)	COALCDS COALCPS COMM EPM IND NGHIST NGPTM NGTDM REFETH REFINE REFRPT RENEW RESD TRAN TRANFRT UDAT UECP EUEFD UEFP ULDSM WELLA WELLCOST WELLEX WELLIMP WELLNG WELLOFF WELLOGS WELLUGR
MC_MR	Imports of Goods & Services, billions of chained 2000\$	TRAN
MC_NP	Population Including Armed Forces Overseas, millions of persons	COMM RENEW TRAN
MC_NP16A	Population Aged 16 and Over, millions of persons	RESD TRAN

MACOUT Common Block Name	Macroeconomic Variable Description	Referencing NEMS Module or Submodules
MC_REVIND	Gross Output by Industrial Sector, billions of fixed 2000\$	IND TRAN TRANFRT
MC_REVSER	Gross Output by Service Sector, billions of fixed 2000\$	TRAN TRANFRT
MC_RLRMCORPPUAA	Real Yield on AA Utility Bonds (= Nominal Yield - inflation)	COALCPS WELLOGS
MC_RMCORPBAA	Yield on Baa Rated Corporate Bonds	NGLNG NGTDM REFINE UTIL
MC_RMCORPPUAA	Yield on AA Utility Bonds	COALCDS NGPTM NGTDM UEFP
MC_RMGBLUSREAL	Real Average Yield on U.S. Treasury Long-term Bonds	COMM NGTDM
MC_RMMTG30CON	Commitment Rate on Conventional 30-year Mortgage	RESD
MC_RMTB3M	Discount Rate on 3-Month U.S. Treasury Bills	UEFP
MC_RMTCM10Y	Yield on 10-year Treasury Notes	UEFP
MC_SUVA	Unit Sales of Automobiles, Total, millions of units	TRAN
MC_SUVTHAM	Unit Sales of New Heavy & Medium Trucks	TRANFRT
MC_VEHICLES	Unit Sales of Light Trucks by Size Class	TRAN TRANFRT
MC_WPI11	Producer Price Index, Machinery & Equipment, 1982 = 1.0	UEFP
MC_WPI14	Producer Price Index, Transportation Equipment, 1982 = 1.0	COALCDS COALCPS
MC_XGR	Exports, Goods, billions of chained 2000\$	TRAN
MC_XR	Exports of Goods & Services, billions of chained 2000\$	TRAN
MC_YPDR	Disposable Personal Income, billions of chained 2000\$	COMM RESD TRAN

NEMS Module/Submodule Descriptions:

COALCDS	Coal Market Module, Coal Distribution Submodule
COALCPS	Coal Market Module, Coal Production Submodule
COMM	Commercial Demand Module
EPM	Future Emission Policy Module
IND	Industrial Demand Module
INTERCV	Integrating Module, Inter-cycle
MAIN	Integrating Module, Main
NGHIST	Natural Gas Transmission & Distribution Module, Historical Processing Code
NGPTM	Natural Gas Transmission & Distribution Module, Pipeline Tariff Submodule
NGTDM	Natural Gas Transmission & Distribution Module, Main Module
REFETH	Petroleum Market Module, Refinery, Ethanol Supply Submodule
REFINE	Petroleum Market Module, Refinery Processes
REFRPT	Petroleum Market Module, Refinery Report Writer
RENEW	Renewable Fuels Module
RESD	Residential Demand Module
TRAN	Transportation Demand Module
TRANFRT	Transportation Demand Module, Freight Transport Submodule
UDAT	Electricity Market Module, Electricity Data Processing
UECP	Electricity Market Module, Electricity Capacity Planning Submodule
UEFD	Electricity Market Module, Electricity Fuel Dispatch Submodule
UEFP	Electricity Market Module, Finance and Pricing Submodule
ULDSM	Electricity Market Module, Load and Demand-Side Management Submodule
WELLCOST	Oil & Gas Supply Module, Cost Submodule
WELLEXP	Oil & Gas Supply Module, Drilling Submodule
WELLIMP	Oil & Gas Supply Module, Foreign Supply Submodule
WELLNG	Oil & Gas Supply Module, Liquid Natural Gas Submodule
WELLOFF	Oil & Gas Supply Module, Offshore Supply Submodule
WELLOGS	Oil & Gas Supply Module, Main Module
WELLUGR	Oil & Gas Supply Module, Unconventional Gas Recovery Supply Submodule

Appendix C: Equations in Regional Submodule

Regional Macroeconomic Model

Endogenous Variables:

CPI_{R}	Consumer Price Index, all urban, 1982-84=1.0, regional
GSPR_{R}	Real Gross State Product, billions of 2000 dollars, regional
GSPRZNP_{R}	Real Per Capita Gross State Product, billions of 2000 dollars per person, regional
RWM_{R}	Average Annual Manufacturing Wages, thousands of dollars, regional
RWNM_{R}	Average Annual Non-Manufacturing Wages, thousands of dollars, regional
TAX	Personal Income Tax, billions of dollars, national
TAXRATE	Personal Income Tax Rate, percent, national
YP_{R}	Personal Income, billions of dollars, regional
YPCOMPWSD_{R}	Wage and Salary Disbursements, billions of dollars, regional
YPDR_{R}	Real Personal Disposable Income, billions of 2000 dollars, regional

Model description is in Chapter 7. Codes and descriptions of the regions are in Table B9.

Exogenous Variables:

CPI	Consumer Price Index, all urban, 1982-84=1.0, national
CPIZ_{R}	Regional Consumer Price Index Relative to National, 2003:4 value, regional
GDP	Real Gross Domestic Product, billions of 2000 dollars, national
GDPZNP	Real Per Capita Gross Domestic Product, billions of 2000 dollars per person, national
JPC	Consumption Deflator, index – 2000=100, national
JPC_REL_{R}	Regional Consumption Deflator Relative to National, 2003:4 value, regional
JWSSNF	Total Compensation in Non-Farm Business, index 1992=1.0, national
NP	Population, millions, national
NP_{R}	Population, millions, regional
TAXRATE_REL_{R}	Regional Personal Income Tax Rate Relative to National, 2003:4 value, regional
TIME	Time Trend, 1947:1 = 1
YP	Personal Income, billions of dollars, national
YPCOMPWSD	Wage and Salary Disbursements, billions of dollars, national
YPD	Personal Disposable Income, billions of dollars, national
YPDR	Real Personal Disposable Income, billions of 2000 dollars, national

Equations:

GSPRZNP – Real Per Capita Gross State Product

$$\text{LOG(GSPRZNP_ENC)} = 0.6251962047 * \text{LOG(GSPRZNP_ENC(-1))} + 0.3654994548 * \text{LOG(GDPRZN(-1))} + [\text{AR}(1)=0.8975637406]$$

$$\text{LOG(GSPRZNP_ESC)} = 0.7651341413 * \text{LOG(GSPRZNP_ESC(-1))} + 0.2181093306 * \text{LOG(GDPRZN)} + [\text{AR}(1)=0.7952275284]$$

$$\text{LOG(GSPRZNP_MATL)} = 0.6243043863 * \text{LOG(GSPRZNP_MATL(-1))} + 0.3816209577 * \text{LOG(GDPRZN(-1))} + [\text{AR}(1)=0.6180528621]$$

$$\text{LOG(GSPRZNP_MTN)} = 0.7166843583 * \text{LOG(GSPRZNP_MTN(-1))} + 0.2738831386 * \text{LOG(GDPRZN(-1))} + [\text{AR}(1)=0.9188951018]$$

$$\text{LOG(GSPRZNP_NENG)} = 0.6629887342 * \text{LOG(GSPRZNP_NENG(-1))} + 0.345623143 * \text{LOG(GDPRZN(-1))} + [\text{AR}(1)=0.9341551125]$$

$$\text{LOG(GSPRZNP_PAC)} = 0.7271338242 * \text{LOG(GSPRZNP_PAC(-1))} + 0.2732347397 * \text{LOG(GDPRZN(-1))} + [\text{AR}(1)=0.9090583086]$$

$$\text{LOG(GSPRZNP_SATL)} = 0.755023368 * \text{LOG(GSPRZNP_SATL(-1))} + 0.2374730433 * \text{LOG(GDPRZN(-1))} + [\text{AR}(1)=0.8915356828]$$

$$\text{LOG(GSPRZNP_WNC)} = 0.6365841423 * \text{LOG(GSPRZNP_WNC(-1))} + 0.3522524121 * \text{LOG(GDPRZN(-1))} + [\text{AR}(1)=0.8285505662]$$

$$\text{LOG(GSPRZNP_WSC)} = 0.7450057489 * \text{LOG(GSPRZNP_WSC(-1))} + 0.2464315678 * \text{LOG(GDPRZN(-1))} + [\text{AR}(1)=0.9004248834]$$

YPDR – Real Personal Disposable Income

$$\text{YPDR_ENC} = 0.9997636238 * \text{EXP}(\text{LOG(YPDR/NP)} - \text{LOG(YPDR(-1)/NP(-1)))} + \text{LOG(YPDR_ENC(-1)/NP_ENC(-1))} * \text{NP_ENC}$$

$$\text{YPDR_ESC} = 1.000424899 * \text{EXP}(\text{LOG(YPDR/NP)} - \text{LOG(YPDR(-1)/NP(-1)))} + \text{LOG(YPDR_ESC(-1)/NP_ESC(-1))} * \text{NP_ESC}$$

$$\text{YPDR_MATL} = 1.000434222 * \text{EXP}(\text{LOG(YPDR/NP)} - \text{LOG(YPDR(-1)/NP(-1)))} + \text{LOG(YPDR_MATL(-1)/NP_MATL(-1))} * \text{NP_MATL}$$

$$\text{YPDR_MTN} = 0.9995983905 * \text{EXP}(\text{LOG(YPDR/NP)} - \text{LOG(YPDR(-1)/NP(-1)))} + \text{LOG(YPDR_MTN(-1)/NP_MTN(-1))} * \text{NP_MTN}$$

$$\text{LOG(RWNM_MATL)} = 0.3557934529 + 0.870383887 * \text{LOG(RWNM_MATL(-1))} + 0.09291469804 * \text{LOG(JWSSNF(-1))} + 0.00051224288 * \text{TIME} + [\text{AR}(1) = -0.5356845583]$$

$$\text{LOG(RWNM_MTN)} = 0.7679308566 + 0.7602097121 * \text{LOG(RWNM_MTN(-1))} + 0.239236005 * \text{LOG(JWSSNF)} + [\text{AR}(1) = 0.975194789, \text{MA}(1) = -0.9687607541, \text{MA}(2) = 0.3113847179, \text{BACKCAST} = 1970:3]$$

$$\text{LOG(RWNM_NENG)} = 0.1937245111 + 0.9454029986 * \text{LOG(RWNM_NENG(-1))} + 0.0579381218 * \text{LOG(JWSSNF)} + [\text{AR}(1) = 0.8975890334, \text{MA}(1) = -1.261620979, \text{MA}(2) = 0.4544771169, \text{BACKCAST} = 1970:3]$$

$$\text{LOG(RWNM_PAC)} = 0.9658055968 * \text{LOG(RWNM_PAC(-1))} + 0.4058029971 * \text{LOG(JWSSNF)} - 0.432632857 * \text{LOG(JWSSNF(-1))} + 0.0006492958161 * \text{TIME} + [\text{AR}(1) = -0.4675103968]$$

$$\text{LOG(RWNM_SATL)} = 0.4807192269 + 0.8531203794 * \text{LOG(RWNM_SATL(-1))} + 0.1504716914 * \text{LOG(JWSSNF)} + [\text{AR}(1) = -0.3981596056]$$

$$\text{LOG(RWNM_WNC)} = 1.001414299 * \text{LOG(RWNM_WNC(-1))} + 0.393332393 * \text{LOG(JWSSNF(-1))} - 0.395140447 * @\text{MOVAV}(\text{LOG(JWSSNF(-1)), 4}) + [\text{AR}(1) = -0.2255876783]$$

$$\text{LOG(RWNM_WSC)} = 0.77011319 + 0.7614628227 * \text{LOG(RWNM_WSC(-1))} + 0.23537661 * \text{LOG(JWSSNF)} + [\text{AR}(1) = 0.9669957102, \text{MA}(1) = -0.9952364758, \text{MA}(2) = 0.3952115945, \text{BACKCAST} = 1970:3]$$

CPI – Consumer Price Index

$$\text{CPI}_i = \text{CPIZ}_i * \text{CPI}$$

Regional Commercial Floorspace Model

Endogenous Variables:

Commflrsp_{ij} Commercial floorspace j, thousand square feet, Census Division i

The thirteen commercial floorspace types, j, are:

1. Stores - stores and restaurants
2. Warehouse - manufacturing and wholesale trade, public and federally-owned warehouses
3. Office - private, federal, and state and local offices
4. Automotive - auto service and parking garages
5. Manufacturing
6. Education - primary/secondary and higher education
7. Health - hospitals and nursing homes
8. Public - federal and state and local
9. Religious
10. Amusement
11. Miscellaneous, non-residential - transportation related and all other nec
12. Hotel - hotels and motels
13. Dormitories - educational and federally-owned (primarily military)

The nine Census Divisions, i, are:

1. New England
2. Middle Atlantic
3. South Atlantic
4. East North Central
5. East South Central
6. West North Central
7. West South Central
8. Mountain
9. Pacific

Model description is in Chapter 6.

Exogenous Variables:

COMMFLRSP_REM	Removals of commercial floorspace, thousand square feet, regional
GSPR_{R}	Real Gross State Product, billions of 2000 dollars, regional
NP_{R}	Population, millions, regional
RMCORPAAA	Yield on Aaa-rated corporate bonds, percent, national
RMCORPBAA	Yield on Baa-rated corporate bonds, percent, national
YPDR_{R}	Real Personal Disposable Income, billions of 2000 dollars, regional

$$D(\text{WARE_FLW_WNC}/\text{NP_WNC}) = 0.3973893516 * ((\text{WARE_REM_WNC}(-1) - \text{WARE_FLW_WNC}(-1)) / \text{NP_WNC}(-1)) + 355.5023911 * \text{WARE_FLW_WNC}(-1) / \text{SUM_FLW_WNC}(-1) + 95.94087062 * (\text{SUM_FLW_WNC}(-1) / \text{NP_WNC}(-1)) / (\text{SUM_FLW_SUM}(-1) / \text{NP_SUM}(-1)) - 127.4406371 * (\text{WARE_FLW_WNC}(-1) / \text{NP_WNC}(-1)) / (\text{WARE_FLW_SUM}(-1) / \text{NP_SUM}(-1))$$

$$D(\text{WARE_FLW_WSC}/\text{NP_WSC}) = 196.316513 - 0.00607734763 * ((\text{WARE_STK_WSC}(-1)) / \text{NP_WSC}(-1)) + 122.5324802 * (\text{SUM_FLW_WSC}(-1) / \text{NP_WSC}(-1)) / (\text{SUM_FLW_SUM}(-1) / \text{NP_SUM}(-1)) - 149.5573374 * (\text{WARE_FLW_WSC}(-1) / \text{NP_WSC}(-1)) / (\text{WARE_FLW_SUM}(-1) / \text{NP_SUM}(-1))$$

Regional Industry and Employment Model

Regional Industry Output

Endogenous Variables:

REV{I}_{R} Output in billions of real 2000 dollars for sector I, region R (e.g. REVIND1_ENC)
XREV{I}_{R} Output in billions of real 2000 dollars for sector I, region R, equation estimate (e.g. XREVIND1_ENC)

Codes and descriptions of the sectors are presented in Table A14. Codes and descriptions of the regions are in Table B6.

Exogenous Variables:

REV{I}_SUM Output in billions of real 2000 dollars for sector I (national)

GSPR_{R} Gross State Product in billions of real 2000 dollars for region R
GDPR_SUM Gross Domestic Product in billions of real 2000 dollars (national)
HUSPS_{R} Housing Starts (single-family and multifamily) in region R
HUSPS_SUM Housing Starts (single-family and multifamily) (national)
NP_{R} Population in million for region R
NP_SUM Population in million (national)
RWM_{R} Annual Wage for manufacturing sectors in dollars for region R
RWM_AVG Average Annual Wage for manufacturing sectors in dollars (national)
RWNM_{R} Annual Wage for nonmanufacturing/services sectors in dollars for region R
RWNM_AVG Average Annual Wage for nonmanufacturing/services sectors in dollars (national)
WPI05 Producer Price Index – fuel and power
WPI053 Producer Price Index – natural gas
YPDR_{R} Disposable Income in billions of real 2000 dollars for region R
YPDR_SUM Disposable Income in billions of real 2000 dollars (national)
@TREND Time Trend

LOG(XREVIND24_SATL/REVIND24_SUM) = 0.1615587212 - 2.407389428 +
0.9882429887*LOG((YPDR_SATL/NP_SATL)/(YPDR_SUM/NP_SUM)) +
0.005497407784*@TREND

LOG(XREVIND24_WNC/REVIND24_SUM) = -0.1325533189 - 2.407389428 +
0.9882429887*LOG((YPDR_WNC/NP_WNC)/(YPDR_SUM/NP_SUM)) -
0.0004076662874*@TREND

LOG(XREVIND24_WSC/REVIND24_SUM) = -0.06755496711 - 2.407389428 +
0.9882429887*LOG((YPDR_WSC/NP_WSC)/(YPDR_SUM/NP_SUM)) +
0.01696874171*@TREND

IND25 - Machinery

LOG(XREVIND25_ENC/REVIND25_SUM) = 0.3335992231 + 1.275100579 +
1.561410815*LOG(GSPR_ENC/GSPR_SUM) - 1.003371182*LOG(RWM_ENC/RWM_AVG)

LOG(XREVIND25_ESC/REVIND25_SUM) = 0.4015076536 + 1.275100579 +
1.561410815*LOG(GSPR_ESC/GSPR_SUM) - 1.003371182*LOG(RWM_ESC/RWM_AVG)

LOG(XREVIND25_MATL/REVIND25_SUM) = -0.5567804511 + 1.275100579 +
1.561410815*LOG(GSPR_MATL/GSPR_SUM) -
1.003371182*LOG(RWM_MATL/RWM_AVG)

LOG(XREVIND25_MTN/REVIND25_SUM) = -0.1350195979 + 1.275100579 +
1.561410815*LOG(GSPR_MTN/GSPR_SUM) - 1.003371182*LOG(RWM_MTN/RWM_AVG)

LOG(XREVIND25_NENG/REVIND25_SUM) = 0.6129046553 + 1.275100579 +
1.561410815*LOG(GSPR_NENG/GSPR_SUM) -
1.003371182*LOG(RWM_NENG/RWM_AVG)

LOG(XREVIND25_PAC/REVIND25_SUM) = -0.2342184168 + 1.275100579 +
1.561410815*LOG(GSPR_PAC/GSPR_SUM) - 1.003371182*LOG(RWM_PAC/RWM_AVG)

LOG(XREVIND25_SATL/REVIND25_SUM) = -0.9716309571 + 1.275100579 +
1.561410815*LOG(GSPR_SATL/GSPR_SUM) - 1.003371182*LOG(RWM_SATL/RWM_AVG)

LOG(XREVIND25_WNC/REVIND25_SUM) = 0.6261012275 + 1.275100579 +
1.561410815*LOG(GSPR_WNC/GSPR_SUM) - 1.003371182*LOG(RWM_WNC/RWM_AVG)

LOG(XREVIND25_WSC/REVIND25_SUM) = -0.07646333672 + 1.275100579 +
1.561410815*LOG(GSPR_WSC/GSPR_SUM) - 1.003371182*LOG(RWM_WSC/RWM_AVG)

IND26 - Other Electronic & Electric Products

LOG(XREVIND26_ENC/REVIND26_SUM) = -1.163433904 + 5.419333007 +
0.8368591251*LOG(GSPR_ENC/GSPR_SUM) + 2.505231393*LOG(NP_ENC/NP_SUM)

$\text{LOG}(\text{XREVSER1_WNC}/\text{REVSER1_SUM}) = 0.0886284397 - 0.362834415 + 0.8507704845 * \text{LOG}(\text{GSPR_WNC}/\text{GSPR_SUM}) - 1.00852346 * \text{LOG}(\text{RWNM_WNC}/\text{RWNM_AVG}) - 0.002273027893 * @\text{TREND}$

$\text{LOG}(\text{XREVSER1_WSC}/\text{REVSER1_SUM}) = 0.1278360639 - 0.362834415 + 0.8507704845 * \text{LOG}(\text{GSPR_WSC}/\text{GSPR_SUM}) - 1.00852346 * \text{LOG}(\text{RWNM_WSC}/\text{RWNM_AVG}) + 0.007182090404 * @\text{TREND}$

SER2 - Broadcasting & Telecommunications

$\text{LOG}(\text{XREVSER2_ENC}/\text{REVSER2_SUM}) = 0.3993042607 - 1.200747858 + 0.4827110436 * \text{LOG}(\text{GSPR_ENC}/\text{GSPR_SUM}) - 0.02204126621 * @\text{TREND}$

$\text{LOG}(\text{XREVSER2_ESC}/\text{REVSER2_SUM}) = -0.09922504583 - 1.200747858 + 0.4827110436 * \text{LOG}(\text{GSPR_ESC}/\text{GSPR_SUM}) - 0.0217557437 * @\text{TREND}$

$\text{LOG}(\text{XREVSER2_MATL}/\text{REVSER2_SUM}) = 0.3769420438 - 1.200747858 + 0.4827110436 * \text{LOG}(\text{GSPR_MATL}/\text{GSPR_SUM}) + 0.0001943660599 * @\text{TREND}$

$\text{LOG}(\text{XREVSER2_MTN}/\text{REVSER2_SUM}) = -0.5492865929 - 1.200747858 + 0.4827110436 * \text{LOG}(\text{GSPR_MTN}/\text{GSPR_SUM}) + 0.01822411385 * @\text{TREND}$

$\text{LOG}(\text{XREVSER2_NENG}/\text{REVSER2_SUM}) = -0.1455696093 - 1.200747858 + 0.4827110436 * \text{LOG}(\text{GSPR_NENG}/\text{GSPR_SUM}) - 0.0148787614 * @\text{TREND}$

$\text{LOG}(\text{XREVSER2_PAC}/\text{REVSER2_SUM}) = 0.1768069862 - 1.200747858 + 0.4827110436 * \text{LOG}(\text{GSPR_PAC}/\text{GSPR_SUM}) + 0.003370704107 * @\text{TREND}$

$\text{LOG}(\text{XREVSER2_SATL}/\text{REVSER2_SUM}) = 0.319896027 - 1.200747858 + 0.4827110436 * \text{LOG}(\text{GSPR_SATL}/\text{GSPR_SUM}) + 0.00767174954 * @\text{TREND}$

$\text{LOG}(\text{XREVSER2_WNC}/\text{REVSER2_SUM}) = -0.1972698806 - 1.200747858 + 0.4827110436 * \text{LOG}(\text{GSPR_WNC}/\text{GSPR_SUM}) + 0.001278342941 * @\text{TREND}$

$\text{LOG}(\text{XREVSER2_WSC}/\text{REVSER2_SUM}) = -0.281598189 - 1.200747858 + 0.4827110436 * \text{LOG}(\text{GSPR_WSC}/\text{GSPR_SUM}) + 0.01633132403 * @\text{TREND}$

SER3 - Electric Power Generation & Distribution

$\text{LOG}(\text{XREVSER3_ENC}/\text{REVSER3_SUM}) = 0.1471345731 - 0.489002977 + 0.7926554152 * \text{LOG}(\text{NP_ENC}/\text{NP_SUM})$

$\text{LOG}(\text{XREVSER3_ESC}/\text{REVSER3_SUM}) = -0.239525588 - 0.489002977 + 0.7926554152 * \text{LOG}(\text{NP_ESC}/\text{NP_SUM})$

$\text{LOG}(\text{XREVSER3_MATL}/\text{REVSER3_SUM}) = 0.2195239952 - 0.489002977 + 0.7926554152 * \text{LOG}(\text{NP_MATL}/\text{NP_SUM})$

$$\text{LOG}(\text{XREVSE3_MTN}/\text{REVSE3_SUM}) = -0.222741469 - 0.489002977 + 0.7926554152 * \text{LOG}(\text{NP_MTN}/\text{NP_SUM})$$

$$\text{LOG}(\text{XREVSE3_NENG}/\text{REVSE3_SUM}) = 0.1244678496 - 0.489002977 + 0.7926554152 * \text{LOG}(\text{NP_NENG}/\text{NP_SUM})$$

$$\text{LOG}(\text{XREVSE3_PAC}/\text{REVSE3_SUM}) = -0.1855740826 - 0.489002977 + 0.7926554152 * \text{LOG}(\text{NP_PAC}/\text{NP_SUM})$$

$$\text{LOG}(\text{XREVSE3_SATL}/\text{REVSE3_SUM}) = 0.1578843479 - 0.489002977 + 0.7926554152 * \text{LOG}(\text{NP_SATL}/\text{NP_SUM})$$

$$\text{LOG}(\text{XREVSE3_WNC}/\text{REVSE3_SUM}) = -0.1737026343 - 0.489002977 + 0.7926554152 * \text{LOG}(\text{NP_WNC}/\text{NP_SUM})$$

$$\text{LOG}(\text{XREVSE3_WSC}/\text{REVSE3_SUM}) = 0.1725330081 - 0.489002977 + 0.7926554152 * \text{LOG}(\text{NP_WSC}/\text{NP_SUM})$$

SER4 - Natural Gas Distribution

$$\text{LOG}(\text{XREVSE4_ENC}/\text{REVSE4_SUM}) = 0.1546076957 - 0.7735453087 + 0.8107997732 * \text{LOG}(\text{NP_ENC}/\text{NP_SUM})$$

$$\text{LOG}(\text{XREVSE4_ESC}/\text{REVSE4_SUM}) = -0.02026779091 - 0.7735453087 + 0.8107997732 * \text{LOG}(\text{NP_ESC}/\text{NP_SUM})$$

$$\text{LOG}(\text{XREVSE4_MATL}/\text{REVSE4_SUM}) = 0.8153671384 - 0.7735453087 + 0.8107997732 * \text{LOG}(\text{NP_MATL}/\text{NP_SUM})$$

$$\text{LOG}(\text{XREVSE4_MTN}/\text{REVSE4_SUM}) = 0.2215067655 - 0.7735453087 + 0.8107997732 * \text{LOG}(\text{NP_MTN}/\text{NP_SUM})$$

$$\text{LOG}(\text{XREVSE4_NENG}/\text{REVSE4_SUM}) = -0.3505248992 - 0.7735453087 + 0.8107997732 * \text{LOG}(\text{NP_NENG}/\text{NP_SUM})$$

$$\text{LOG}(\text{XREVSE4_PAC}/\text{REVSE4_SUM}) = -1.291563614 - 0.7735453087 + 0.8107997732 * \text{LOG}(\text{NP_PAC}/\text{NP_SUM})$$

$$\text{LOG}(\text{XREVSE4_SATL}/\text{REVSE4_SUM}) = -0.6989598727 - 0.7735453087 + 0.8107997732 * \text{LOG}(\text{NP_SATL}/\text{NP_SUM})$$

$$\text{LOG}(\text{XREVSE4_WNC}/\text{REVSE4_SUM}) = -0.48224536 - 0.7735453087 + 0.8107997732 * \text{LOG}(\text{NP_WNC}/\text{NP_SUM})$$

$$\text{LOG}(\text{XREVSE4_WSC}/\text{REVSE4_SUM}) = 1.652079937 - 0.7735453087 + 0.8107997732 * \text{LOG}(\text{NP_WSC}/\text{NP_SUM})$$

SER5 - Water, Sewage & Related System

LOG(XREVSER6_PAC/REVSER6_SUM) = -0.1575087492 + 1.624483582 +
0.58525012*LOG(GSPR_PAC/GSPR_SUM) + 1.14871624*LOG(NP_PAC/NP_SUM) -
0.1132394701*LOG(RWNM_PAC/RWNM_AVG) - 0.004460950168*@TREND

LOG(XREVSER6_SATL/REVSER6_SUM) = -0.5389215238 + 1.624483582 +
0.58525012*LOG(GSPR_SATL/GSPR_SUM) + 1.14871624*LOG(NP_SATL/NP_SUM) -
0.1132394701*LOG(RWNM_SATL/RWNM_AVG) + 0.001218724317*@TREND

LOG(XREVSER6_WNC/REVSER6_SUM) = 0.3889935531 + 1.624483582 +
0.58525012*LOG(GSPR_WNC/GSPR_SUM) + 1.14871624*LOG(NP_WNC/NP_SUM) -
0.1132394701*LOG(RWNM_WNC/RWNM_AVG) + 0.004795209797*@TREND

LOG(XREVSER6_WSC/REVSER6_SUM) = -0.08324050772 + 1.624483582 +
0.58525012*LOG(GSPR_WSC/GSPR_SUM) + 1.14871624*LOG(NP_WSC/NP_SUM) -
0.1132394701*LOG(RWNM_WSC/RWNM_AVG) + 0.00363422545*@TREND

SER7 - Retail Trade

LOG(XREVSER7_ENC/REVSER7_SUM) = -0.6155678623 + 2.572927188 +
0.9375722882*LOG(GSPR_ENC/GSPR_SUM) + 1.164863321*LOG(NP_ENC/NP_SUM) -
0.3317370394*LOG(RWNM_ENC/RWNM_AVG) + 0.004661020912*@TREND

LOG(XREVSER7_ESC/REVSER7_SUM) = 0.5013090291 + 2.572927188 +
0.9375722882*LOG(GSPR_ESC/GSPR_SUM) + 1.164863321*LOG(NP_ESC/NP_SUM) -
0.3317370394*LOG(RWNM_ESC/RWNM_AVG) + 0.004006151401*@TREND

LOG(XREVSER7_MATL/REVSER7_SUM) = -0.5982428569 + 2.572927188 +
0.9375722882*LOG(GSPR_MATL/GSPR_SUM) + 1.164863321*LOG(NP_MATL/NP_SUM) -
0.3317370394*LOG(RWNM_MATL/RWNM_AVG) + 0.003459878849*@TREND

LOG(XREVSER7_MTN/REVSER7_SUM) = 0.9198440242 + 2.572927188 +
0.9375722882*LOG(GSPR_MTN/GSPR_SUM) + 1.164863321*LOG(NP_MTN/NP_SUM) -
0.3317370394*LOG(RWNM_MTN/RWNM_AVG) - 0.01946395388*@TREND

LOG(XREVSER7_NENG/REVSER7_SUM) = 0.69507388 + 2.572927188 +
0.9375722882*LOG(GSPR_NENG/GSPR_SUM) + 1.164863321*LOG(NP_NENG/NP_SUM) -
0.3317370394*LOG(RWNM_NENG/RWNM_AVG) + 0.003346287539*@TREND

LOG(XREVSER7_PAC/REVSER7_SUM) = -0.5640163022 + 2.572927188 +
0.9375722882*LOG(GSPR_PAC/GSPR_SUM) + 1.164863321*LOG(NP_PAC/NP_SUM) -
0.3317370394*LOG(RWNM_PAC/RWNM_AVG) - 0.003045056123*@TREND

LOG(XREVSER7_SATL/REVSER7_SUM) = -0.5551229356 + 2.572927188 +
0.9375722882*LOG(GSPR_SATL/GSPR_SUM) + 1.164863321*LOG(NP_SATL/NP_SUM) -
0.3317370394*LOG(RWNM_SATL/RWNM_AVG) - 0.004918829746*@TREND

$$\text{LOG(XREVSER7_WNC/REVSER7_SUM)} = 0.3653623982 + 2.572927188 + \\ 0.9375722882 * \text{LOG(GSPR_WNC/GSPR_SUM)} + 1.164863321 * \text{LOG(NP_WNC/NP_SUM)} - \\ 0.3317370394 * \text{LOG(RWNM_WNC/RWNM_AVG)} + 0.005535577665 * @\text{TREND}$$
$$\text{LOG(XREVSER7_WSC/REVSER7_SUM)} = -0.1486393745 + 2.572927188 + \\ 0.9375722882 * \text{LOG(GSPR_WSC/GSPR_SUM)} + 1.164863321 * \text{LOG(NP_WSC/NP_SUM)} - \\ 0.3317370394 * \text{LOG(RWNM_WSC/RWNM_AVG)} + 1.98553936e-005 * @\text{TREND}$$

SER8 - Finance & Insurance, Real Estate

$$\text{LOG(XREVSER8_ENC/REVSER8_SUM)} = 0.08156915829 + 0.1173786444 + \\ 1.047895789 * \text{LOG(GSPR_ENC/GSPR_SUM)} - 0.002590860838 * @\text{TREND}$$
$$\text{LOG(XREVSER8_ESC/REVSER8_SUM)} = -0.02362955626 + 0.1173786444 + \\ 1.047895789 * \text{LOG(GSPR_ESC/GSPR_SUM)} - 0.004759941695 * @\text{TREND}$$
$$\text{LOG(XREVSER8_MATL/REVSER8_SUM)} = -0.09017288141 + 0.1173786444 + \\ 1.047895789 * \text{LOG(GSPR_MATL/GSPR_SUM)} + 0.01355262036 * @\text{TREND}$$
$$\text{LOG(XREVSER8_MTN/REVSER8_SUM)} = -0.003082796752 + 0.1173786444 + \\ 1.047895789 * \text{LOG(GSPR_MTN/GSPR_SUM)} - 0.006270325529 * @\text{TREND}$$
$$\text{LOG(XREVSER8_NENG/REVSER8_SUM)} = 0.06405760136 + 0.1173786444 + \\ 1.047895789 * \text{LOG(GSPR_NENG/GSPR_SUM)} + 0.007697315763 * @\text{TREND}$$
$$\text{LOG(XREVSER8_PAC/REVSER8_SUM)} = -0.07870951983 + 0.1173786444 + \\ 1.047895789 * \text{LOG(GSPR_PAC/GSPR_SUM)} - 0.005879610377 * @\text{TREND}$$
$$\text{LOG(XREVSER8_SATL/REVSER8_SUM)} = -0.09890155958 + 0.1173786444 + \\ 1.047895789 * \text{LOG(GSPR_SATL/GSPR_SUM)} + 0.002516366904 * @\text{TREND}$$
$$\text{LOG(XREVSER8_WNC/REVSER8_SUM)} = 0.2207358742 + 0.1173786444 + \\ 1.047895789 * \text{LOG(GSPR_WNC/GSPR_SUM)} - 0.004578862587 * @\text{TREND}$$
$$\text{LOG(XREVSER8_WSC/REVSER8_SUM)} = -0.07186632 + 0.1173786444 + \\ 1.047895789 * \text{LOG(GSPR_WSC/GSPR_SUM)} - 0.00909293195 * @\text{TREND}$$

SER9 - Other Services

$$\text{LOG(XREVSER9_ENC/REVSER9_SUM)} = 0.1453323934 - 0.7751261622 + \\ 0.6786599473 * \text{LOG(GSPR_ENC/GSPR_SUM)} - 0.001713863552 * @\text{TREND}$$
$$\text{LOG(XREVSER9_ESC/REVSER9_SUM)} = -0.4160566156 - 0.7751261622 + \\ 0.6786599473 * \text{LOG(GSPR_ESC/GSPR_SUM)} + 0.004052732749 * @\text{TREND}$$
$$\text{LOG(XREVSER9_MATL/REVSER9_SUM)} = 0.4111320739 - 0.7751261622 + \\ 0.6786599473 * \text{LOG(GSPR_MATL/GSPR_SUM)} - 0.008817858152 * @\text{TREND}$$

$\text{LOG}(\text{XREVSR9_MTN}/\text{REVSR9_SUM}) = -0.1251070422 - 0.7751261622 + 0.6786599473 * \text{LOG}(\text{GSPR_MTN}/\text{GSPR_SUM}) + 0.001315200423 * @\text{TREND}$

$\text{LOG}(\text{XREVSR9_NENG}/\text{REVSR9_SUM}) = -0.06410946439 - 0.7751261622 + 0.6786599473 * \text{LOG}(\text{GSPR_NENG}/\text{GSPR_SUM}) - 0.001603678389 * @\text{TREND}$

$\text{LOG}(\text{XREVSR9_PAC}/\text{REVSR9_SUM}) = 0.2698374403 - 0.7751261622 + 0.6786599473 * \text{LOG}(\text{GSPR_PAC}/\text{GSPR_SUM}) - 0.0002119399688 * @\text{TREND}$

$\text{LOG}(\text{XREVSR9_SATL}/\text{REVSR9_SUM}) = 0.131631621 - 0.7751261622 + 0.6786599473 * \text{LOG}(\text{GSPR_SATL}/\text{GSPR_SUM}) + 0.007325322325 * @\text{TREND}$

$\text{LOG}(\text{XREVSR9_WNC}/\text{REVSR9_SUM}) = -0.1927492837 - 0.7751261622 + 0.6786599473 * \text{LOG}(\text{GSPR_WNC}/\text{GSPR_SUM}) + 0.001791212193 * @\text{TREND}$

$\text{LOG}(\text{XREVSR9_WSC}/\text{REVSR9_SUM}) = -0.1599111228 - 0.7751261622 + 0.6786599473 * \text{LOG}(\text{GSPR_WSC}/\text{GSPR_SUM}) + 0.003831866811 * @\text{TREND}$

SER10 - Public Administration

$\text{LOG}(\text{XREVSR10_ENC}/\text{REVSR10_SUM}) = -0.230418604 + 0.2225910123 + 1.10857694 * \text{LOG}(\text{NP_ENC}/\text{NP_SUM}) + 0.005437529334 * @\text{TREND}$

$\text{LOG}(\text{XREVSR10_ESC}/\text{REVSR10_SUM}) = -0.03301832252 + 0.2225910123 + 1.10857694 * \text{LOG}(\text{NP_ESC}/\text{NP_SUM}) + 0.002537959035 * @\text{TREND}$

$\text{LOG}(\text{XREVSR10_MATL}/\text{REVSR10_SUM}) = 0.05307292107 + 0.2225910123 + 1.10857694 * \text{LOG}(\text{NP_MATL}/\text{NP_SUM}) - 0.002805396722 * @\text{TREND}$

$\text{LOG}(\text{XREVSR10_MTN}/\text{REVSR10_SUM}) = 0.2164760296 + 0.2225910123 + 1.10857694 * \text{LOG}(\text{NP_MTN}/\text{NP_SUM}) - 0.007127344681 * @\text{TREND}$

$\text{LOG}(\text{XREVSR10_NENG}/\text{REVSR10_SUM}) = -0.04469773806 + 0.2225910123 + 1.10857694 * \text{LOG}(\text{NP_NENG}/\text{NP_SUM}) + 0.006323726185 * @\text{TREND}$

$\text{LOG}(\text{XREVSR10_PAC}/\text{REVSR10_SUM}) = 0.06923032694 + 0.2225910123 + 1.10857694 * \text{LOG}(\text{NP_PAC}/\text{NP_SUM}) - 0.002321088398 * @\text{TREND}$

$\text{LOG}(\text{XREVSR10_SATL}/\text{REVSR10_SUM}) = 0.1545167976 + 0.2225910123 + 1.10857694 * \text{LOG}(\text{NP_SATL}/\text{NP_SUM}) - 0.003886268293 * @\text{TREND}$

$\text{LOG}(\text{XREVSR10_WNC}/\text{REVSR10_SUM}) = -0.08100095333 + 0.2225910123 + 1.10857694 * \text{LOG}(\text{NP_WNC}/\text{NP_SUM}) + 0.005888551089 * @\text{TREND}$

$\text{LOG}(\text{XREVSR10_WSC}/\text{REVSR10_SUM}) = -0.1041604573 + 0.2225910123 + 1.10857694 * \text{LOG}(\text{NP_WSC}/\text{NP_SUM}) + 0.001655143975 * @\text{TREND}$

Regional Employment

Endogenous Variables:

EMP{I}_{R} Employment in millions for sector I, region R (e.g. EMPIND1_ENC)
XEMP{I}_{R} Employment in millions for sector I, region R, equation estimate (e.g. XEMPIND1_ENC)

Codes and descriptions of the sectors are presented in Table A14. Codes and descriptions of the regions are in Table B6.

Exogenous Variables:

EMP{I}_SUM Employment in millions for sector I (national)
REV{I}_{R} Output in billions of real 2000 dollars for sector I, region R
REV{I}_SUM Output in billions of real 2000 dollars for sector I (national)

GSPR_{R} Gross State Product in billions of real 2000 dollars for region R
GDPR_SUM Gross Domestic Product in billions of real 2000 dollars (national)
NP_{R} Population in million for region R
NP_SUM Population in million (national)
RWM_{R} Annual Wage for manufacturing sectors in dollars for region R
RWM_AVG Average Annual Wage for manufacturing sectors in dollars (national)
RWNM_{R} Annual Wage for nonmanufacturing/services sectors in dollars for region R
RWNM_AVG Average Annual Wage for nonmanufacturing/services sectors in dollars (national)
@TREND Time Trend

@MOVAV(X,2) = 2-year moving average of variable X

Equations:

Alignment process:

The alignment process takes the regional employment shares of sector I computed from the equations and applied them onto the national employment of sector I. This ensures that the sum of the nine regions aligns to the national total.

$$\text{EMP}\{I\}_{R} = (\text{XEMP}\{I\}_{R} / \text{XEMP}\{I\}_{\text{SUM}}) * \text{EMP}\{I\}_{\text{SUM}}$$

where:

EMP{I}_{R} = Employment for sector I, region R

XEMP{I}_{R} = Employment for sector I, region R, equation estimate

XEMP{I}_{SUM} = Sum of 9 regions' XEMP{I}_{R}

EMP{I}_{SUM} = Employment for sector I (national)

Detailed structural equations for XEMP{I}_{R}:

IND1 - Food Products

$$\begin{aligned} \text{LOG}(\text{XEMPIND1_ENC}/\text{EMPIND1_SUM}) &= -0.05649745835 - 1.344011497 + \\ &0.8506634345 * \text{LOG}(@\text{MOVAV}(\text{REVIND1_ENC_0,2})/\text{@MOVAV}(\text{REVIND1_SUM_0,2})) - \\ &0.4736578864 * \text{LOG}(@\text{MOVAV}(\text{RWM_ENC,2})/\text{@MOVAV}(\text{RWM_SUM,2})) \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{LOG}(\text{XEMPIND1_ESC}/\text{EMPIND1_SUM}) &= 0.05356662274 - 1.344011497 + \\ &0.8506634345 * \text{LOG}(@\text{MOVAV}(\text{REVIND1_ESC_0,2})/\text{@MOVAV}(\text{REVIND1_SUM_0,2})) - \\ &0.4736578864 * \text{LOG}(@\text{MOVAV}(\text{RWM_ESC,2})/\text{@MOVAV}(\text{RWM_SUM,2})) \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{LOG}(\text{XEMPIND1_MATL}/\text{EMPIND1_SUM}) &= 0.08145381294 - 1.344011497 + \\ &0.8506634345 * \text{LOG}(@\text{MOVAV}(\text{REVIND1_MATL_0,2})/\text{@MOVAV}(\text{REVIND1_SUM_0,2})) - \\ &0.4736578864 * \text{LOG}(@\text{MOVAV}(\text{RWM_MATL,2})/\text{@MOVAV}(\text{RWM_SUM,2})) \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{LOG}(\text{XEMPIND1_MTN}/\text{EMPIND1_SUM}) &= -0.1498392209 - 1.344011497 + \\ &0.8506634345 * \text{LOG}(@\text{MOVAV}(\text{REVIND1_MTN_0,2})/\text{@MOVAV}(\text{REVIND1_SUM_0,2})) - \\ &0.4736578864 * \text{LOG}(@\text{MOVAV}(\text{RWM_MTN,2})/\text{@MOVAV}(\text{RWM_SUM,2})) \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{LOG}(\text{XEMPIND1_NENG}/\text{EMPIND1_SUM}) &= 0.08221170033 - 1.344011497 + \\ &0.8506634345 * \text{LOG}(@\text{MOVAV}(\text{REVIND1_NENG_0,2})/\text{@MOVAV}(\text{REVIND1_SUM_0,2})) - \\ &0.4736578864 * \text{LOG}(@\text{MOVAV}(\text{RWM_NENG,2})/\text{@MOVAV}(\text{RWM_SUM,2})) \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{LOG}(\text{XEMPIND1_PAC}/\text{EMPIND1_SUM}) &= 0.1963215938 - 1.344011497 + \\ &0.8506634345 * \text{LOG}(@\text{MOVAV}(\text{REVIND1_PAC_0,2})/\text{@MOVAV}(\text{REVIND1_SUM_0,2})) - \\ &0.4736578864 * \text{LOG}(@\text{MOVAV}(\text{RWM_PAC,2})/\text{@MOVAV}(\text{RWM_SUM,2})) \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{LOG}(\text{XEMPIND1_SATL}/\text{EMPIND1_SUM}) &= 0.08839188768 - 1.344011497 + \\ &0.8506634345 * \text{LOG}(@\text{MOVAV}(\text{REVIND1_SATL_0,2})/\text{@MOVAV}(\text{REVIND1_SUM_0,2})) - \\ &0.4736578864 * \text{LOG}(@\text{MOVAV}(\text{RWM_SATL,2})/\text{@MOVAV}(\text{RWM_SUM,2})) \end{aligned}$$

$\text{LOG}(\text{XEMPIND1_WNC}/\text{EMPIND1_SUM}) = -0.2876660031 - 1.344011497 + 0.8506634345*\text{LOG}(\text{@MOVAV}(\text{REVIND1_WNC_0,2})/\text{@MOVAV}(\text{REVIND1_SUM_0,2})) - 0.4736578864*\text{LOG}(\text{@MOVAV}(\text{RWM_WNC,2})/\text{@MOVAV}(\text{RWM_SUM,2}))$

$\text{LOG}(\text{XEMPIND1_WSC}/\text{EMPIND1_SUM}) = -0.007942935132 - 1.344011497 + 0.8506634345*\text{LOG}(\text{@MOVAV}(\text{REVIND1_WSC_0,2})/\text{@MOVAV}(\text{REVIND1_SUM_0,2})) - 0.4736578864*\text{LOG}(\text{@MOVAV}(\text{RWM_WSC,2})/\text{@MOVAV}(\text{RWM_SUM,2}))$

IND2 - Beverage and Tobacco Products

$\text{LOG}(\text{XEMPIND2_ENC}/\text{EMPIND2_SUM}) = 0.1963950524 - 1.796725342 + 0.2387792714*\text{LOG}(\text{@MOVAV}(\text{REVIND2_ENC_0,2})/\text{@MOVAV}(\text{REVIND2_SUM_0,2}))$

$\text{LOG}(\text{XEMPIND2_ESC}/\text{EMPIND2_SUM}) = -0.1400915386 - 1.796725342 + 0.2387792714*\text{LOG}(\text{@MOVAV}(\text{REVIND2_ESC_0,2})/\text{@MOVAV}(\text{REVIND2_SUM_0,2}))$

$\text{LOG}(\text{XEMPIND2_MATL}/\text{EMPIND2_SUM}) = 0.1374113759 - 1.796725342 + 0.2387792714*\text{LOG}(\text{@MOVAV}(\text{REVIND2_MATL_0,2})/\text{@MOVAV}(\text{REVIND2_SUM_0,2}))$

$\text{LOG}(\text{XEMPIND2_MTN}/\text{EMPIND2_SUM}) = -0.1516593531 - 1.796725342 + 0.2387792714*\text{LOG}(\text{@MOVAV}(\text{REVIND2_MTN_0,2})/\text{@MOVAV}(\text{REVIND2_SUM_0,2}))$

$\text{LOG}(\text{XEMPIND2_NENG}/\text{EMPIND2_SUM}) = -0.94447662 - 1.796725342 + 0.2387792714*\text{LOG}(\text{@MOVAV}(\text{REVIND2_NENG_0,2})/\text{@MOVAV}(\text{REVIND2_SUM_0,2}))$

$\text{LOG}(\text{XEMPIND2_PAC}/\text{EMPIND2_SUM}) = 0.5725864612 - 1.796725342 + 0.2387792714*\text{LOG}(\text{@MOVAV}(\text{REVIND2_PAC_0,2})/\text{@MOVAV}(\text{REVIND2_SUM_0,2}))$

$\text{LOG}(\text{XEMPIND2_SATL}/\text{EMPIND2_SUM}) = 0.7473683359 - 1.796725342 + 0.2387792714*\text{LOG}(\text{@MOVAV}(\text{REVIND2_SATL_0,2})/\text{@MOVAV}(\text{REVIND2_SUM_0,2}))$

$\text{LOG}(\text{XEMPIND2_WNC}/\text{EMPIND2_SUM}) = -0.4164603302 - 1.796725342 + 0.2387792714*\text{LOG}(\text{@MOVAV}(\text{REVIND2_WNC_0,2})/\text{@MOVAV}(\text{REVIND2_SUM_0,2}))$

$\text{LOG}(\text{XEMPIND2_WSC}/\text{EMPIND2_SUM}) = -0.001073383497 - 1.796725342 + 0.2387792714*\text{LOG}(\text{@MOVAV}(\text{REVIND2_WSC_0,2})/\text{@MOVAV}(\text{REVIND2_SUM_0,2}))$

IND3 - Textile Mills & Textile Products

$\text{LOG}(\text{XEMPIND3_ENC}/\text{EMPIND3_SUM}) = -0.08431648937 - 0.7993777055 + 0.6845806555*\text{LOG}(\text{@MOVAV}(\text{REVIND3_ENC_0,2})/\text{@MOVAV}(\text{REVIND3_SUM_0,2}))$

$\text{LOG}(\text{XEMPIND3_ESC}/\text{EMPIND3_SUM}) = 0.08448020071 - 0.7993777055 + 0.6845806555*\text{LOG}(\text{@MOVAV}(\text{REVIND3_ESC_0,2})/\text{@MOVAV}(\text{REVIND3_SUM_0,2}))$

$\text{LOG}(\text{XEMPIND3_MATL}/\text{EMPIND3_SUM}) = 0.1030965839 - 0.7993777055 + 0.6845806555*\text{LOG}(\text{@MOVAV}(\text{REVIND3_MATL_0,2})/\text{@MOVAV}(\text{REVIND3_SUM_0,2}))$

$\text{LOG}(\text{XEMPIND3_MTN}/\text{EMPIND3_SUM}) = -0.4739265988 - 0.7993777055 + 0.6845806555 \cdot \text{LOG}(\text{@MOVAV}(\text{REVIND3_MTN_0,2})/\text{@MOVAV}(\text{REVIND3_SUM_0,2}))$

$\text{LOG}(\text{XEMPIND3_NENG}/\text{EMPIND3_SUM}) = -0.01059639077 - 0.7993777055 + 0.6845806555 \cdot \text{LOG}(\text{@MOVAV}(\text{REVIND3_NENG_0,2})/\text{@MOVAV}(\text{REVIND3_SUM_0,2}))$

$\text{LOG}(\text{XEMPIND3_PAC}/\text{EMPIND3_SUM}) = 0.07484381259 - 0.7993777055 + 0.6845806555 \cdot \text{LOG}(\text{@MOVAV}(\text{REVIND3_PAC_0,2})/\text{@MOVAV}(\text{REVIND3_SUM_0,2}))$

$\text{LOG}(\text{XEMPIND3_SATL}/\text{EMPIND3_SUM}) = 0.5667645194 - 0.7993777055 + 0.6845806555 \cdot \text{LOG}(\text{@MOVAV}(\text{REVIND3_SATL_0,2})/\text{@MOVAV}(\text{REVIND3_SUM_0,2}))$

$\text{LOG}(\text{XEMPIND3_WNC}/\text{EMPIND3_SUM}) = -0.2953369228 - 0.7993777055 + 0.6845806555 \cdot \text{LOG}(\text{@MOVAV}(\text{REVIND3_WNC_0,2})/\text{@MOVAV}(\text{REVIND3_SUM_0,2}))$

$\text{LOG}(\text{XEMPIND3_WSC}/\text{EMPIND3_SUM}) = 0.03499128507 - 0.7993777055 + 0.6845806555 \cdot \text{LOG}(\text{@MOVAV}(\text{REVIND3_WSC_0,2})/\text{@MOVAV}(\text{REVIND3_SUM_0,2}))$

IND4 - Apparel

$\text{LOG}(\text{XEMPIND4_ENC}/\text{EMPIND4_SUM}) = -0.3856175709 - 1.116823231 + 0.5751000057 \cdot \text{LOG}(\text{@MOVAV}(\text{REVIND4_ENC_0,2})/\text{@MOVAV}(\text{REVIND4_SUM_0,2}))$

$\text{LOG}(\text{XEMPIND4_ESC}/\text{EMPIND4_SUM}) = 0.5020581674 - 1.116823231 + 0.5751000057 \cdot \text{LOG}(\text{@MOVAV}(\text{REVIND4_ESC_0,2})/\text{@MOVAV}(\text{REVIND4_SUM_0,2}))$

$\text{LOG}(\text{XEMPIND4_MATL}/\text{EMPIND4_SUM}) = 0.3830722698 - 1.116823231 + 0.5751000057 \cdot \text{LOG}(\text{@MOVAV}(\text{REVIND4_MATL_0,2})/\text{@MOVAV}(\text{REVIND4_SUM_0,2}))$

$\text{LOG}(\text{XEMPIND4_MTN}/\text{EMPIND4_SUM}) = -0.6439781158 - 1.116823231 + 0.5751000057 \cdot \text{LOG}(\text{@MOVAV}(\text{REVIND4_MTN_0,2})/\text{@MOVAV}(\text{REVIND4_SUM_0,2}))$

$\text{LOG}(\text{XEMPIND4_NENG}/\text{EMPIND4_SUM}) = -0.5549940737 - 1.116823231 + 0.5751000057 \cdot \text{LOG}(\text{@MOVAV}(\text{REVIND4_NENG_0,2})/\text{@MOVAV}(\text{REVIND4_SUM_0,2}))$

$\text{LOG}(\text{XEMPIND4_PAC}/\text{EMPIND4_SUM}) = 0.3668124743 - 1.116823231 + 0.5751000057 \cdot \text{LOG}(\text{@MOVAV}(\text{REVIND4_PAC_0,2})/\text{@MOVAV}(\text{REVIND4_SUM_0,2}))$

$\text{LOG}(\text{XEMPIND4_SATL}/\text{EMPIND4_SUM}) = 0.5349024341 - 1.116823231 + 0.5751000057 \cdot \text{LOG}(\text{@MOVAV}(\text{REVIND4_SATL_0,2})/\text{@MOVAV}(\text{REVIND4_SUM_0,2}))$

$\text{LOG}(\text{XEMPIND4_WNC}/\text{EMPIND4_SUM}) = -0.1756977484 - 1.116823231 + 0.5751000057 \cdot \text{LOG}(\text{@MOVAV}(\text{REVIND4_WNC_0,2})/\text{@MOVAV}(\text{REVIND4_SUM_0,2}))$

$\text{LOG}(\text{XEMPIND4_WSC}/\text{EMPIND4_SUM}) = -0.02655783681 - 1.116823231 + 0.5751000057 \cdot \text{LOG}(\text{@MOVAV}(\text{REVIND4_WSC_0,2})/\text{@MOVAV}(\text{REVIND4_SUM_0,2}))$

IND5 - Wood Products

$\text{LOG}(\text{XEMPIND5_ENC}/\text{EMPIND5_SUM}) = 0.2775768542 - 0.8709234491 + 0.6185500732 * \text{LOG}(@\text{MOVAV}(\text{REVIND5_ENC_0,2})/@\text{MOVAV}(\text{REVIND5_SUM_0,2}))$

$\text{LOG}(\text{XEMPIND5_ESC}/\text{EMPIND5_SUM}) = 0.09772162104 - 0.8709234491 + 0.6185500732 * \text{LOG}(@\text{MOVAV}(\text{REVIND5_ESC_0,2})/@\text{MOVAV}(\text{REVIND5_SUM_0,2}))$

$\text{LOG}(\text{XEMPIND5_MATL}/\text{EMPIND5_SUM}) = -0.07093654636 - 0.8709234491 + 0.6185500732 * \text{LOG}(@\text{MOVAV}(\text{REVIND5_MATL_0,2})/@\text{MOVAV}(\text{REVIND5_SUM_0,2}))$

$\text{LOG}(\text{XEMPIND5_MTN}/\text{EMPIND5_SUM}) = -0.2279639153 - 0.8709234491 + 0.6185500732 * \text{LOG}(@\text{MOVAV}(\text{REVIND5_MTN_0,2})/@\text{MOVAV}(\text{REVIND5_SUM_0,2}))$

$\text{LOG}(\text{XEMPIND5_NENG}/\text{EMPIND5_SUM}) = -0.3291498585 - 0.8709234491 + 0.6185500732 * \text{LOG}(@\text{MOVAV}(\text{REVIND5_NENG_0,2})/@\text{MOVAV}(\text{REVIND5_SUM_0,2}))$

$\text{LOG}(\text{XEMPIND5_PAC}/\text{EMPIND5_SUM}) = 0.07998637569 - 0.8709234491 + 0.6185500732 * \text{LOG}(@\text{MOVAV}(\text{REVIND5_PAC_0,2})/@\text{MOVAV}(\text{REVIND5_SUM_0,2}))$

$\text{LOG}(\text{XEMPIND5_SATL}/\text{EMPIND5_SUM}) = 0.2756026594 - 0.8709234491 + 0.6185500732 * \text{LOG}(@\text{MOVAV}(\text{REVIND5_SATL_0,2})/@\text{MOVAV}(\text{REVIND5_SUM_0,2}))$

$\text{LOG}(\text{XEMPIND5_WNC}/\text{EMPIND5_SUM}) = -0.07073529674 - 0.8709234491 + 0.6185500732 * \text{LOG}(@\text{MOVAV}(\text{REVIND5_WNC_0,2})/@\text{MOVAV}(\text{REVIND5_SUM_0,2}))$

$\text{LOG}(\text{XEMPIND5_WSC}/\text{EMPIND5_SUM}) = -0.0321018934 - 0.8709234491 + 0.6185500732 * \text{LOG}(@\text{MOVAV}(\text{REVIND5_WSC_0,2})/@\text{MOVAV}(\text{REVIND5_SUM_0,2}))$

IND6 - Furniture and Related Products

$\text{LOG}(\text{XEMPIND6_ENC}/\text{EMPIND6_SUM}) = -0.1161321445 - 0.2352040396 + 0.8967118301 * \text{LOG}(@\text{MOVAV}(\text{REVIND6_ENC_0,2})/@\text{MOVAV}(\text{REVIND6_SUM_0,2}))$

$\text{LOG}(\text{XEMPIND6_ESC}/\text{EMPIND6_SUM}) = 0.07799469906 - 0.2352040396 + 0.8967118301 * \text{LOG}(@\text{MOVAV}(\text{REVIND6_ESC_0,2})/@\text{MOVAV}(\text{REVIND6_SUM_0,2}))$

$\text{LOG}(\text{XEMPIND6_MATL}/\text{EMPIND6_SUM}) = -0.0404670294 - 0.2352040396 + 0.8967118301 * \text{LOG}(@\text{MOVAV}(\text{REVIND6_MATL_0,2})/@\text{MOVAV}(\text{REVIND6_SUM_0,2}))$

$\text{LOG}(\text{XEMPIND6_MTN}/\text{EMPIND6_SUM}) = 0.03183049782 - 0.2352040396 + 0.8967118301 * \text{LOG}(@\text{MOVAV}(\text{REVIND6_MTN_0,2})/@\text{MOVAV}(\text{REVIND6_SUM_0,2}))$

$\text{LOG}(\text{XEMPIND6_NENG}/\text{EMPIND6_SUM}) = -0.1726587668 - 0.2352040396 + 0.8967118301 * \text{LOG}(@\text{MOVAV}(\text{REVIND6_NENG_0,2})/@\text{MOVAV}(\text{REVIND6_SUM_0,2}))$

$\text{LOG}(\text{XEMPIND6_PAC}/\text{EMPIND6_SUM}) = 0.02429434772 - 0.2352040396 + 0.8967118301 * \text{LOG}(@\text{MOVAV}(\text{REVIND6_PAC_0,2})/@\text{MOVAV}(\text{REVIND6_SUM_0,2}))$

$\text{LOG}(\text{XEMPIND6_SATL}/\text{EMPIND6_SUM}) = 0.2084775594 - 0.2352040396 + 0.8967118301*\text{LOG}(\text{@MOVAV}(\text{REVIND6_SATL_0,2})/\text{@MOVAV}(\text{REVIND6_SUM_0,2}))$

$\text{LOG}(\text{XEMPIND6_WNC}/\text{EMPIND6_SUM}) = -0.09449984164 - 0.2352040396 + 0.8967118301*\text{LOG}(\text{@MOVAV}(\text{REVIND6_WNC_0,2})/\text{@MOVAV}(\text{REVIND6_SUM_0,2}))$

$\text{LOG}(\text{XEMPIND6_WSC}/\text{EMPIND6_SUM}) = 0.0811606784 - 0.2352040396 + 0.8967118301*\text{LOG}(\text{@MOVAV}(\text{REVIND6_WSC_0,2})/\text{@MOVAV}(\text{REVIND6_SUM_0,2}))$

IND7 - Paper Products

$\text{LOG}(\text{XEMPIND7_ENC}/\text{EMPIND7_SUM}) = 0.2658167093 - 0.4970947203 + 0.7926935732*\text{LOG}(\text{@MOVAV}(\text{REVIND7_ENC_0,2})/\text{@MOVAV}(\text{REVIND7_SUM_0,2}))$

$\text{LOG}(\text{XEMPIND7_ESC}/\text{EMPIND7_SUM}) = -0.07478760554 - 0.4970947203 + 0.7926935732*\text{LOG}(\text{@MOVAV}(\text{REVIND7_ESC_0,2})/\text{@MOVAV}(\text{REVIND7_SUM_0,2}))$

$\text{LOG}(\text{XEMPIND7_MATL}/\text{EMPIND7_SUM}) = 0.2050571904 - 0.4970947203 + 0.7926935732*\text{LOG}(\text{@MOVAV}(\text{REVIND7_MATL_0,2})/\text{@MOVAV}(\text{REVIND7_SUM_0,2}))$

$\text{LOG}(\text{XEMPIND7_MTN}/\text{EMPIND7_SUM}) = -0.2895975622 - 0.4970947203 + 0.7926935732*\text{LOG}(\text{@MOVAV}(\text{REVIND7_MTN_0,2})/\text{@MOVAV}(\text{REVIND7_SUM_0,2}))$

$\text{LOG}(\text{XEMPIND7_NENG}/\text{EMPIND7_SUM}) = 0.05677240279 - 0.4970947203 + 0.7926935732*\text{LOG}(\text{@MOVAV}(\text{REVIND7_NENG_0,2})/\text{@MOVAV}(\text{REVIND7_SUM_0,2}))$

$\text{LOG}(\text{XEMPIND7_PAC}/\text{EMPIND7_SUM}) = -0.04628443827 - 0.4970947203 + 0.7926935732*\text{LOG}(\text{@MOVAV}(\text{REVIND7_PAC_0,2})/\text{@MOVAV}(\text{REVIND7_SUM_0,2}))$

$\text{LOG}(\text{XEMPIND7_SATL}/\text{EMPIND7_SUM}) = 0.0814614009 - 0.4970947203 + 0.7926935732*\text{LOG}(\text{@MOVAV}(\text{REVIND7_SATL_0,2})/\text{@MOVAV}(\text{REVIND7_SUM_0,2}))$

$\text{LOG}(\text{XEMPIND7_WNC}/\text{EMPIND7_SUM}) = -0.04541757532 - 0.4970947203 + 0.7926935732*\text{LOG}(\text{@MOVAV}(\text{REVIND7_WNC_0,2})/\text{@MOVAV}(\text{REVIND7_SUM_0,2}))$

$\text{LOG}(\text{XEMPIND7_WSC}/\text{EMPIND7_SUM}) = -0.1530205221 - 0.4970947203 + 0.7926935732*\text{LOG}(\text{@MOVAV}(\text{REVIND7_WSC_0,2})/\text{@MOVAV}(\text{REVIND7_SUM_0,2}))$

IND8 - Printing

$\text{LOG}(\text{XEMPIND8_ENC}/\text{EMPIND8_SUM}) = 0.286445067 - 1.319068064 + 0.6089168175*\text{LOG}(\text{@MOVAV}(\text{REVIND8_ENC_0,2})/\text{@MOVAV}(\text{REVIND8_SUM_0,2})) - 0.1907133378*\text{LOG}(\text{@MOVAV}(\text{RWM_ENC,2})/\text{@MOVAV}(\text{RWM_SUM,2}))$

$\text{LOG}(\text{XEMPIND8_ESC}/\text{EMPIND8_SUM}) = -0.2027149515 - 1.319068064 + 0.6089168175*\text{LOG}(\text{@MOVAV}(\text{REVIND8_ESC_0,2})/\text{@MOVAV}(\text{REVIND8_SUM_0,2})) - 0.1907133378*\text{LOG}(\text{@MOVAV}(\text{RWM_ESC,2})/\text{@MOVAV}(\text{RWM_SUM,2}))$

$$\text{LOG(XEMPIND17_SATL/EMPIND17_SUM)} = 0.05755052857 - 0.6075653778 + 0.7376487319 * \text{LOG}(\text{@MOVAV(REVIND17_SATL_0,2)/@MOVAV(REVIND17_SUM_0,2)})$$

$$\text{LOG(XEMPIND17_WNC/EMPIND17_SUM)} = 0.04569692736 - 0.6075653778 + 0.7376487319 * \text{LOG}(\text{@MOVAV(REVIND17_WNC_0,2)/@MOVAV(REVIND17_SUM_0,2)})$$

$$\text{LOG(XEMPIND17_WSC/EMPIND17_SUM)} = 0.4746762524 - 0.6075653778 + 0.7376487319 * \text{LOG}(\text{@MOVAV(REVIND17_WSC_0,2)/@MOVAV(REVIND17_SUM_0,2)})$$

IND18 - Glass & Glass Products

$$\text{LOG(XEMPIND18_ENC/EMPIND18_SUM)} = 0.3229881656 - 0.7389924616 + 0.6950158799 * \text{LOG}(\text{@MOVAV(REVIND18_ENC_0,2)/@MOVAV(REVIND18_SUM_0,2)})$$

$$\text{LOG(XEMPIND18_ESC/EMPIND18_SUM)} = -0.1070448394 - 0.7389924616 + 0.6950158799 * \text{LOG}(\text{@MOVAV(REVIND18_ESC_0,2)/@MOVAV(REVIND18_SUM_0,2)})$$

$$\text{LOG(XEMPIND18_MATL/EMPIND18_SUM)} = 0.2267725942 - 0.7389924616 + 0.6950158799 * \text{LOG}(\text{@MOVAV(REVIND18_MATL_0,2)/@MOVAV(REVIND18_SUM_0,2)})$$

$$\text{LOG(XEMPIND18_MTN/EMPIND18_SUM)} = -0.319302505 - 0.7389924616 + 0.6950158799 * \text{LOG}(\text{@MOVAV(REVIND18_MTN_0,2)/@MOVAV(REVIND18_SUM_0,2)})$$

$$\text{LOG(XEMPIND18_NENG/EMPIND18_SUM)} = -0.2820695529 - 0.7389924616 + 0.6950158799 * \text{LOG}(\text{@MOVAV(REVIND18_NENG_0,2)/@MOVAV(REVIND18_SUM_0,2)})$$

$$\text{LOG(XEMPIND18_PAC/EMPIND18_SUM)} = 0.0887438482 - 0.7389924616 + 0.6950158799 * \text{LOG}(\text{@MOVAV(REVIND18_PAC_0,2)/@MOVAV(REVIND18_SUM_0,2)})$$

$$\text{LOG(XEMPIND18_SATL/EMPIND18_SUM)} = 0.2122161141 - 0.7389924616 + 0.6950158799 * \text{LOG}(\text{@MOVAV(REVIND18_SATL_0,2)/@MOVAV(REVIND18_SUM_0,2)})$$

$$\text{LOG(XEMPIND18_WNC/EMPIND18_SUM)} = -0.1380562184 - 0.7389924616 + 0.6950158799 * \text{LOG}(\text{@MOVAV(REVIND18_WNC_0,2)/@MOVAV(REVIND18_SUM_0,2)})$$

$$\text{LOG(XEMPIND18_WSC/EMPIND18_SUM)} = -0.004247606421 - 0.7389924616 + 0.6950158799 * \text{LOG}(\text{@MOVAV(REVIND18_WSC_0,2)/@MOVAV(REVIND18_SUM_0,2)})$$

IND19 - Cement Manufacturing

$$\text{LOG(XEMPIND19_ENC/EMPIND19_SUM)} = -0.005508577078 + 0.02292152609 + 1.010129008 * \text{LOG}(\text{@MOVAV(REVIND19_ENC_0,2)/@MOVAV(REVIND19_SUM_0,2)})$$

$$\text{LOG(XEMPIND19_ESC/EMPIND19_SUM)} = 0.005616042213 + 0.02292152609 + 1.010129008 * \text{LOG}(\text{@MOVAV(REVIND19_ESC_0,2)/@MOVAV(REVIND19_SUM_0,2)})$$

$$\text{LOG(XEMPIND19_MATL/EMPIND19_SUM)} = -0.0006216561423 + 0.02292152609 + 1.010129008 * \text{LOG}(\text{@MOVAV(REVIND19_MATL_0,2)/@MOVAV(REVIND19_SUM_0,2)})$$

$$\text{LOG}(\text{XEMPIND19_MTN}/\text{EMPIND19_SUM}) = 0.004973261405 + 0.02292152609 + 1.010129008 * \text{LOG}(@\text{MOVAV}(\text{REVIND19_MTN_0,2})/@\text{MOVAV}(\text{REVIND19_SUM_0,2}))$$

$$\text{LOG}(\text{XEMPIND19_NENG}/\text{EMPIND19_SUM}) = 0.008256961999 + 0.02292152609 + 1.010129008 * \text{LOG}(@\text{MOVAV}(\text{REVIND19_NENG_0,2})/@\text{MOVAV}(\text{REVIND19_SUM_0,2}))$$

$$\text{LOG}(\text{XEMPIND19_PAC}/\text{EMPIND19_SUM}) = -0.004345359297 + 0.02292152609 + 1.010129008 * \text{LOG}(@\text{MOVAV}(\text{REVIND19_PAC_0,2})/@\text{MOVAV}(\text{REVIND19_SUM_0,2}))$$

$$\text{LOG}(\text{XEMPIND19_SATL}/\text{EMPIND19_SUM}) = -0.003863204745 + 0.02292152609 + 1.010129008 * \text{LOG}(@\text{MOVAV}(\text{REVIND19_SATL_0,2})/@\text{MOVAV}(\text{REVIND19_SUM_0,2}))$$

$$\text{LOG}(\text{XEMPIND19_WNC}/\text{EMPIND19_SUM}) = -0.002296055107 + 0.02292152609 + 1.010129008 * \text{LOG}(@\text{MOVAV}(\text{REVIND19_WNC_0,2})/@\text{MOVAV}(\text{REVIND19_SUM_0,2}))$$

$$\text{LOG}(\text{XEMPIND19_WSC}/\text{EMPIND19_SUM}) = -0.002211413249 + 0.02292152609 + 1.010129008 * \text{LOG}(@\text{MOVAV}(\text{REVIND19_WSC_0,2})/@\text{MOVAV}(\text{REVIND19_SUM_0,2}))$$

IND20 - Other Nonmetallic Mineral Products

$$\text{LOG}(\text{XEMPIND20_ENC}/\text{EMPIND20_SUM}) = 0.1493106412 - 1.244815564 + 0.7498998149 * \text{LOG}(@\text{MOVAV}(\text{REVIND20_ENC_0,2})/@\text{MOVAV}(\text{REVIND20_SUM_0,2})) - 0.3066638651 * \text{LOG}(@\text{MOVAV}(\text{RWM_ENC,2})/@\text{MOVAV}(\text{RWM_SUM,2}))$$

$$\text{LOG}(\text{XEMPIND20_ESC}/\text{EMPIND20_SUM}) = -0.08577443078 - 1.244815564 + 0.7498998149 * \text{LOG}(@\text{MOVAV}(\text{REVIND20_ESC_0,2})/@\text{MOVAV}(\text{REVIND20_SUM_0,2})) - 0.3066638651 * \text{LOG}(@\text{MOVAV}(\text{RWM_ESC,2})/@\text{MOVAV}(\text{RWM_SUM,2}))$$

$$\text{LOG}(\text{XEMPIND20_MATL}/\text{EMPIND20_SUM}) = 0.1024714342 - 1.244815564 + 0.7498998149 * \text{LOG}(@\text{MOVAV}(\text{REVIND20_MATL_0,2})/@\text{MOVAV}(\text{REVIND20_SUM_0,2})) - 0.3066638651 * \text{LOG}(@\text{MOVAV}(\text{RWM_MATL,2})/@\text{MOVAV}(\text{RWM_SUM,2}))$$

$$\text{LOG}(\text{XEMPIND20_MTN}/\text{EMPIND20_SUM}) = -0.1002233401 - 1.244815564 + 0.7498998149 * \text{LOG}(@\text{MOVAV}(\text{REVIND20_MTN_0,2})/@\text{MOVAV}(\text{REVIND20_SUM_0,2})) - 0.3066638651 * \text{LOG}(@\text{MOVAV}(\text{RWM_MTN,2})/@\text{MOVAV}(\text{RWM_SUM,2}))$$

$$\text{LOG}(\text{XEMPIND20_NENG}/\text{EMPIND20_SUM}) = -0.131510769 - 1.244815564 + 0.7498998149 * \text{LOG}(@\text{MOVAV}(\text{REVIND20_NENG_0,2})/@\text{MOVAV}(\text{REVIND20_SUM_0,2})) - 0.3066638651 * \text{LOG}(@\text{MOVAV}(\text{RWM_NENG,2})/@\text{MOVAV}(\text{RWM_SUM,2}))$$

$$\text{LOG}(\text{XEMPIND20_PAC}/\text{EMPIND20_SUM}) = 0.03801550189 - 1.244815564 + 0.7498998149 * \text{LOG}(@\text{MOVAV}(\text{REVIND20_PAC_0,2})/@\text{MOVAV}(\text{REVIND20_SUM_0,2})) - 0.3066638651 * \text{LOG}(@\text{MOVAV}(\text{RWM_PAC,2})/@\text{MOVAV}(\text{RWM_SUM,2}))$$

$$\text{LOG}(\text{XEMPIND20_SATL}/\text{EMPIND20_SUM}) = 0.1389487387 - 1.244815564 + 0.7498998149 * \text{LOG}(@\text{MOVAV}(\text{REVIND20_SATL_0,2})/@\text{MOVAV}(\text{REVIND20_SUM_0,2})) - 0.3066638651 * \text{LOG}(@\text{MOVAV}(\text{RWM_SATL,2})/@\text{MOVAV}(\text{RWM_SUM,2}))$$

LOG(XEMPIND20_WNC/EMPIND20_SUM) = -0.1158282529 - 1.244815564 +
0.7498998149*LOG(@MOVAV(REVIND20_WNC_0,2)/@MOVAV(REVIND20_SUM_0,2)) -
0.3066638651*LOG(@MOVAV(RWM_WNC,2)/@MOVAV(RWM_SUM,2))

LOG(XEMPIND20_WSC/EMPIND20_SUM) = 0.004590476894 - 1.244815564 +
0.7498998149*LOG(@MOVAV(REVIND20_WSC_0,2)/@MOVAV(REVIND20_SUM_0,2)) -
0.3066638651*LOG(@MOVAV(RWM_WSC,2)/@MOVAV(RWM_SUM,2))

IND21 - Iron & Steel Mills, Ferroalloy & Steel Products

LOG(XEMPIND21_ENC/EMPIND21_SUM) = 0.3849765896 - 1.000244884 +
0.774597542*LOG(@MOVAV(REVIND21_ENC_0,2)/@MOVAV(REVIND21_SUM_0,2)) -
0.1913335742*LOG(@MOVAV(RWM_ENC,2)/@MOVAV(RWM_SUM,2))

LOG(XEMPIND21_ESC/EMPIND21_SUM) = -0.1244423644 - 1.000244884 +
0.774597542*LOG(@MOVAV(REVIND21_ESC_0,2)/@MOVAV(REVIND21_SUM_0,2)) -
0.1913335742*LOG(@MOVAV(RWM_ESC,2)/@MOVAV(RWM_SUM,2))

LOG(XEMPIND21_MATL/EMPIND21_SUM) = 0.2854372206 - 1.000244884 +
0.774597542*LOG(@MOVAV(REVIND21_MATL_0,2)/@MOVAV(REVIND21_SUM_0,2)) -
0.1913335742*LOG(@MOVAV(RWM_MATL,2)/@MOVAV(RWM_SUM,2))

LOG(XEMPIND21_MTN/EMPIND21_SUM) = -0.1649458404 - 1.000244884 +
0.774597542*LOG(@MOVAV(REVIND21_MTN_0,2)/@MOVAV(REVIND21_SUM_0,2)) -
0.1913335742*LOG(@MOVAV(RWM_MTN,2)/@MOVAV(RWM_SUM,2))

LOG(XEMPIND21_NENG/EMPIND21_SUM) = -0.08781747391 - 1.000244884 +
0.774597542*LOG(@MOVAV(REVIND21_NENG_0,2)/@MOVAV(REVIND21_SUM_0,2)) -
0.1913335742*LOG(@MOVAV(RWM_NENG,2)/@MOVAV(RWM_SUM,2))

LOG(XEMPIND21_PAC/EMPIND21_SUM) = -0.247486105 - 1.000244884 +
0.774597542*LOG(@MOVAV(REVIND21_PAC_0,2)/@MOVAV(REVIND21_SUM_0,2)) -
0.1913335742*LOG(@MOVAV(RWM_PAC,2)/@MOVAV(RWM_SUM,2))

LOG(XEMPIND21_SATL/EMPIND21_SUM) = 0.1385819374 - 1.000244884 +
0.774597542*LOG(@MOVAV(REVIND21_SATL_0,2)/@MOVAV(REVIND21_SUM_0,2)) -
0.1913335742*LOG(@MOVAV(RWM_SATL,2)/@MOVAV(RWM_SUM,2))

LOG(XEMPIND21_WNC/EMPIND21_SUM) = -0.06831974768 - 1.000244884 +
0.774597542*LOG(@MOVAV(REVIND21_WNC_0,2)/@MOVAV(REVIND21_SUM_0,2)) -
0.1913335742*LOG(@MOVAV(RWM_WNC,2)/@MOVAV(RWM_SUM,2))

LOG(XEMPIND21_WSC/EMPIND21_SUM) = -0.1159842162 - 1.000244884 +
0.774597542*LOG(@MOVAV(REVIND21_WSC_0,2)/@MOVAV(REVIND21_SUM_0,2)) -
0.1913335742*LOG(@MOVAV(RWM_WSC,2)/@MOVAV(RWM_SUM,2))

IND22 - Alumina & Aluminum Products

$\text{LOG}(\text{XEMPIND22_ENC}/\text{EMPIND22_SUM}) = 0.2183113738 - 0.6232766976 + 0.7279893614 * \text{LOG}(\text{@MOVAV}(\text{REVIND22_ENC_0,2})/\text{@MOVAV}(\text{REVIND22_SUM_0,2}))$

$\text{LOG}(\text{XEMPIND22_ESC}/\text{EMPIND22_SUM}) = -0.02924102677 - 0.6232766976 + 0.7279893614 * \text{LOG}(\text{@MOVAV}(\text{REVIND22_ESC_0,2})/\text{@MOVAV}(\text{REVIND22_SUM_0,2}))$

$\text{LOG}(\text{XEMPIND22_MATL}/\text{EMPIND22_SUM}) = -0.09229726057 - 0.6232766976 + 0.7279893614 * \text{LOG}(\text{@MOVAV}(\text{REVIND22_MATL_0,2})/\text{@MOVAV}(\text{REVIND22_SUM_0,2}))$

$\text{LOG}(\text{XEMPIND22_MTN}/\text{EMPIND22_SUM}) = -0.0914831108 - 0.6232766976 + 0.7279893614 * \text{LOG}(\text{@MOVAV}(\text{REVIND22_MTN_0,2})/\text{@MOVAV}(\text{REVIND22_SUM_0,2}))$

$\text{LOG}(\text{XEMPIND22_NENG}/\text{EMPIND22_SUM}) = -0.3325159269 - 0.6232766976 + 0.7279893614 * \text{LOG}(\text{@MOVAV}(\text{REVIND22_NENG_0,2})/\text{@MOVAV}(\text{REVIND22_SUM_0,2}))$

$\text{LOG}(\text{XEMPIND22_PAC}/\text{EMPIND22_SUM}) = 0.1713611196 - 0.6232766976 + 0.7279893614 * \text{LOG}(\text{@MOVAV}(\text{REVIND22_PAC_0,2})/\text{@MOVAV}(\text{REVIND22_SUM_0,2}))$

$\text{LOG}(\text{XEMPIND22_SATL}/\text{EMPIND22_SUM}) = 0.2299039045 - 0.6232766976 + 0.7279893614 * \text{LOG}(\text{@MOVAV}(\text{REVIND22_SATL_0,2})/\text{@MOVAV}(\text{REVIND22_SUM_0,2}))$

$\text{LOG}(\text{XEMPIND22_WNC}/\text{EMPIND22_SUM}) = -0.1070875891 - 0.6232766976 + 0.7279893614 * \text{LOG}(\text{@MOVAV}(\text{REVIND22_WNC_0,2})/\text{@MOVAV}(\text{REVIND22_SUM_0,2}))$

$\text{LOG}(\text{XEMPIND22_WSC}/\text{EMPIND22_SUM}) = 0.03304851619 - 0.6232766976 + 0.7279893614 * \text{LOG}(\text{@MOVAV}(\text{REVIND22_WSC_0,2})/\text{@MOVAV}(\text{REVIND22_SUM_0,2}))$

IND23 - Other Primary Metals

$\text{LOG}(\text{XEMPIND23_ENC}/\text{EMPIND23_SUM}) = 0.7490662299 - 1.105486254 + 0.5622528494 * \text{LOG}(\text{@MOVAV}(\text{REVIND23_ENC_0,2})/\text{@MOVAV}(\text{REVIND23_SUM_0,2}))$

$\text{LOG}(\text{XEMPIND23_ESC}/\text{EMPIND23_SUM}) = 0.05815467262 - 1.105486254 + 0.5622528494 * \text{LOG}(\text{@MOVAV}(\text{REVIND23_ESC_0,2})/\text{@MOVAV}(\text{REVIND23_SUM_0,2}))$

$\text{LOG}(\text{XEMPIND23_MATL}/\text{EMPIND23_SUM}) = 0.2067205618 - 1.105486254 + 0.5622528494 * \text{LOG}(\text{@MOVAV}(\text{REVIND23_MATL_0,2})/\text{@MOVAV}(\text{REVIND23_SUM_0,2}))$

$\text{LOG}(\text{XEMPIND23_MTN}/\text{EMPIND23_SUM}) = -0.6764984976 - 1.105486254 + 0.5622528494 * \text{LOG}(\text{@MOVAV}(\text{REVIND23_MTN_0,2})/\text{@MOVAV}(\text{REVIND23_SUM_0,2}))$

$\text{LOG}(\text{XEMPIND23_NENG}/\text{EMPIND23_SUM}) = -0.2118385897 - 1.105486254 + 0.5622528494 * \text{LOG}(\text{@MOVAV}(\text{REVIND23_NENG_0,2})/\text{@MOVAV}(\text{REVIND23_SUM_0,2}))$

$\text{LOG}(\text{XEMPIND23_PAC}/\text{EMPIND23_SUM}) = 0.1698929667 - 1.105486254 + 0.5622528494 * \text{LOG}(\text{@MOVAV}(\text{REVIND23_PAC_0,2})/\text{@MOVAV}(\text{REVIND23_SUM_0,2}))$

$\text{LOG}(\text{XEMPIND23_SATL}/\text{EMPIND23_SUM}) = -0.05546423871 - 1.105486254 +$
 $0.5622528494 * \text{LOG}(@\text{MOVAV}(\text{REVIND23_SATL}_0,2)/@\text{MOVAV}(\text{REVIND23_SUM}_0,2))$

$\text{LOG}(\text{XEMPIND23_WNC}/\text{EMPIND23_SUM}) = 0.08193484438 - 1.105486254 +$
 $0.5622528494 * \text{LOG}(@\text{MOVAV}(\text{REVIND23_WNC}_0,2)/@\text{MOVAV}(\text{REVIND23_SUM}_0,2))$

$\text{LOG}(\text{XEMPIND23_WSC}/\text{EMPIND23_SUM}) = -0.3219679493 - 1.105486254 +$
 $0.5622528494 * \text{LOG}(@\text{MOVAV}(\text{REVIND23_WSC}_0,2)/@\text{MOVAV}(\text{REVIND23_SUM}_0,2))$

IND24 - Fabricated Metal Products

$\text{LOG}(\text{XEMPIND24_ENC}/\text{EMPIND24_SUM}) = 0.1557758865 - 0.418310267 +$
 $0.8152424864 * \text{LOG}(@\text{MOVAV}(\text{REVIND24_ENC}_0,2)/@\text{MOVAV}(\text{REVIND24_SUM}_0,2))$

$\text{LOG}(\text{XEMPIND24_ESC}/\text{EMPIND24_SUM}) = -0.1109400665 - 0.418310267 +$
 $0.8152424864 * \text{LOG}(@\text{MOVAV}(\text{REVIND24_ESC}_0,2)/@\text{MOVAV}(\text{REVIND24_SUM}_0,2))$

$\text{LOG}(\text{XEMPIND24_MATL}/\text{EMPIND24_SUM}) = 0.05801395519 - 0.418310267 +$
 $0.8152424864 * \text{LOG}(@\text{MOVAV}(\text{REVIND24_MATL}_0,2)/@\text{MOVAV}(\text{REVIND24_SUM}_0,2))$

$\text{LOG}(\text{XEMPIND24_MTN}/\text{EMPIND24_SUM}) = -0.08395934813 - 0.418310267 +$
 $0.8152424864 * \text{LOG}(@\text{MOVAV}(\text{REVIND24_MTN}_0,2)/@\text{MOVAV}(\text{REVIND24_SUM}_0,2))$

$\text{LOG}(\text{XEMPIND24_NENG}/\text{EMPIND24_SUM}) = -0.01441384005 - 0.418310267 +$
 $0.8152424864 * \text{LOG}(@\text{MOVAV}(\text{REVIND24_NENG}_0,2)/@\text{MOVAV}(\text{REVIND24_SUM}_0,2))$

$\text{LOG}(\text{XEMPIND24_PAC}/\text{EMPIND24_SUM}) = 0.08782934065 - 0.418310267 +$
 $0.8152424864 * \text{LOG}(@\text{MOVAV}(\text{REVIND24_PAC}_0,2)/@\text{MOVAV}(\text{REVIND24_SUM}_0,2))$

$\text{LOG}(\text{XEMPIND24_SATL}/\text{EMPIND24_SUM}) = -0.05386584953 - 0.418310267 +$
 $0.8152424864 * \text{LOG}(@\text{MOVAV}(\text{REVIND24_SATL}_0,2)/@\text{MOVAV}(\text{REVIND24_SUM}_0,2))$

$\text{LOG}(\text{XEMPIND24_WNC}/\text{EMPIND24_SUM}) = -0.04653109054 - 0.418310267 +$
 $0.8152424864 * \text{LOG}(@\text{MOVAV}(\text{REVIND24_WNC}_0,2)/@\text{MOVAV}(\text{REVIND24_SUM}_0,2))$

$\text{LOG}(\text{XEMPIND24_WSC}/\text{EMPIND24_SUM}) = 0.008091012388 - 0.418310267 +$
 $0.8152424864 * \text{LOG}(@\text{MOVAV}(\text{REVIND24_WSC}_0,2)/@\text{MOVAV}(\text{REVIND24_SUM}_0,2))$

IND25 - Machinery

$\text{LOG}(\text{XEMPIND25_ENC}/\text{EMPIND25_SUM}) = 0.6114767692 - 2.114572073 +$
 $0.5648941366 * \text{LOG}(@\text{MOVAV}(\text{REVIND25_ENC}_0,2)/@\text{MOVAV}(\text{REVIND25_SUM}_0,2)) -$
 $0.4905617668 * \text{LOG}(@\text{MOVAV}(\text{RWM_ENC}_2)/@\text{MOVAV}(\text{RWM_SUM}_2))$

$\text{LOG}(\text{XEMPIND25_ESC}/\text{EMPIND25_SUM}) = -0.2356946279 - 2.114572073 +$
 $0.5648941366 * \text{LOG}(@\text{MOVAV}(\text{REVIND25_ESC}_0,2)/@\text{MOVAV}(\text{REVIND25_SUM}_0,2)) -$
 $0.4905617668 * \text{LOG}(@\text{MOVAV}(\text{RWM_ESC}_2)/@\text{MOVAV}(\text{RWM_SUM}_2))$

$$\text{LOG}(\text{XEMPIND26_SATL}/\text{EMPIND26_SUM}) = 0.1471343807 - 1.268014865 + 0.4464315609 * \text{LOG}(@\text{MOVAV}(\text{REVIND26_SATL_0,2})/@\text{MOVAV}(\text{REVIND26_SUM_0,2}))$$

$$\text{LOG}(\text{XEMPIND26_WNC}/\text{EMPIND26_SUM}) = -0.1933614957 - 1.268014865 + 0.4464315609 * \text{LOG}(@\text{MOVAV}(\text{REVIND26_WNC_0,2})/@\text{MOVAV}(\text{REVIND26_SUM_0,2}))$$

$$\text{LOG}(\text{XEMPIND26_WSC}/\text{EMPIND26_SUM}) = -0.1178364191 - 1.268014865 + 0.4464315609 * \text{LOG}(@\text{MOVAV}(\text{REVIND26_WSC_0,2})/@\text{MOVAV}(\text{REVIND26_SUM_0,2}))$$

IND27 - Transportation Equipment

$$\text{LOG}(\text{XEMPIND27_ENC}/\text{EMPIND27_SUM}) = 0.5453181554 - 3.234444915 + 0.5651302595 * \text{LOG}(@\text{MOVAV}(\text{REVIND27_ENC_0,2})/@\text{MOVAV}(\text{REVIND27_SUM_0,2})) - 1.016019688 * \text{LOG}(@\text{MOVAV}(\text{RWM_ENC,2})/@\text{MOVAV}(\text{RWM_SUM,2}))$$

$$\text{LOG}(\text{XEMPIND27_ESC}/\text{EMPIND27_SUM}) = -0.3561787064 - 3.234444915 + 0.5651302595 * \text{LOG}(@\text{MOVAV}(\text{REVIND27_ESC_0,2})/@\text{MOVAV}(\text{REVIND27_SUM_0,2})) - 1.016019688 * \text{LOG}(@\text{MOVAV}(\text{RWM_ESC,2})/@\text{MOVAV}(\text{RWM_SUM,2}))$$

$$\text{LOG}(\text{XEMPIND27_MATL}/\text{EMPIND27_SUM}) = -0.01817280149 - 3.234444915 + 0.5651302595 * \text{LOG}(@\text{MOVAV}(\text{REVIND27_MATL_0,2})/@\text{MOVAV}(\text{REVIND27_SUM_0,2})) - 1.016019688 * \text{LOG}(@\text{MOVAV}(\text{RWM_MATL,2})/@\text{MOVAV}(\text{RWM_SUM,2}))$$

$$\text{LOG}(\text{XEMPIND27_MTN}/\text{EMPIND27_SUM}) = -0.3682330171 - 3.234444915 + 0.5651302595 * \text{LOG}(@\text{MOVAV}(\text{REVIND27_MTN_0,2})/@\text{MOVAV}(\text{REVIND27_SUM_0,2})) - 1.016019688 * \text{LOG}(@\text{MOVAV}(\text{RWM_MTN,2})/@\text{MOVAV}(\text{RWM_SUM,2}))$$

$$\text{LOG}(\text{XEMPIND27_NENG}/\text{EMPIND27_SUM}) = 0.09792463412 - 3.234444915 + 0.5651302595 * \text{LOG}(@\text{MOVAV}(\text{REVIND27_NENG_0,2})/@\text{MOVAV}(\text{REVIND27_SUM_0,2})) - 1.016019688 * \text{LOG}(@\text{MOVAV}(\text{RWM_NENG,2})/@\text{MOVAV}(\text{RWM_SUM,2}))$$

$$\text{LOG}(\text{XEMPIND27_PAC}/\text{EMPIND27_SUM}) = 0.4049561003 - 3.234444915 + 0.5651302595 * \text{LOG}(@\text{MOVAV}(\text{REVIND27_PAC_0,2})/@\text{MOVAV}(\text{REVIND27_SUM_0,2})) - 1.016019688 * \text{LOG}(@\text{MOVAV}(\text{RWM_PAC,2})/@\text{MOVAV}(\text{RWM_SUM,2}))$$

$$\text{LOG}(\text{XEMPIND27_SATL}/\text{EMPIND27_SUM}) = -0.05883128193 - 3.234444915 + 0.5651302595 * \text{LOG}(@\text{MOVAV}(\text{REVIND27_SATL_0,2})/@\text{MOVAV}(\text{REVIND27_SUM_0,2})) - 1.016019688 * \text{LOG}(@\text{MOVAV}(\text{RWM_SATL,2})/@\text{MOVAV}(\text{RWM_SUM,2}))$$

$$\text{LOG}(\text{XEMPIND27_WNC}/\text{EMPIND27_SUM}) = -0.2086737363 - 3.234444915 + 0.5651302595 * \text{LOG}(@\text{MOVAV}(\text{REVIND27_WNC_0,2})/@\text{MOVAV}(\text{REVIND27_SUM_0,2})) - 1.016019688 * \text{LOG}(@\text{MOVAV}(\text{RWM_WNC,2})/@\text{MOVAV}(\text{RWM_SUM,2}))$$

$$\text{LOG}(\text{XEMPIND27_WSC}/\text{EMPIND27_SUM}) = -0.03810934649 - 3.234444915 + 0.5651302595 * \text{LOG}(@\text{MOVAV}(\text{REVIND27_WSC_0,2})/@\text{MOVAV}(\text{REVIND27_SUM_0,2})) - 1.016019688 * \text{LOG}(@\text{MOVAV}(\text{RWM_WSC,2})/@\text{MOVAV}(\text{RWM_SUM,2}))$$

IND28 - Measuring & Control Instruments

$\text{LOG}(\text{XEMPIND28_ENC}/\text{EMPIND28_SUM}) = 0.08037383355 - 1.133992596 + 0.5181429143 * \text{LOG}(@\text{MOVAV}(\text{REVIND28_ENC_0,2})/@\text{MOVAV}(\text{REVIND28_SUM_0,2}))$

$\text{LOG}(\text{XEMPIND28_ESC}/\text{EMPIND28_SUM}) = -0.6975434849 - 1.133992596 + 0.5181429143 * \text{LOG}(@\text{MOVAV}(\text{REVIND28_ESC_0,2})/@\text{MOVAV}(\text{REVIND28_SUM_0,2}))$

$\text{LOG}(\text{XEMPIND28_MATL}/\text{EMPIND28_SUM}) = 0.1050260781 - 1.133992596 + 0.5181429143 * \text{LOG}(@\text{MOVAV}(\text{REVIND28_MATL_0,2})/@\text{MOVAV}(\text{REVIND28_SUM_0,2}))$

$\text{LOG}(\text{XEMPIND28_MTN}/\text{EMPIND28_SUM}) = -0.1556299792 - 1.133992596 + 0.5181429143 * \text{LOG}(@\text{MOVAV}(\text{REVIND28_MTN_0,2})/@\text{MOVAV}(\text{REVIND28_SUM_0,2}))$

$\text{LOG}(\text{XEMPIND28_NENG}/\text{EMPIND28_SUM}) = 0.1648625988 - 1.133992596 + 0.5181429143 * \text{LOG}(@\text{MOVAV}(\text{REVIND28_NENG_0,2})/@\text{MOVAV}(\text{REVIND28_SUM_0,2}))$

$\text{LOG}(\text{XEMPIND28_PAC}/\text{EMPIND28_SUM}) = 0.4668243864 - 1.133992596 + 0.5181429143 * \text{LOG}(@\text{MOVAV}(\text{REVIND28_PAC_0,2})/@\text{MOVAV}(\text{REVIND28_SUM_0,2}))$

$\text{LOG}(\text{XEMPIND28_SATL}/\text{EMPIND28_SUM}) = 0.1774425792 - 1.133992596 + 0.5181429143 * \text{LOG}(@\text{MOVAV}(\text{REVIND28_SATL_0,2})/@\text{MOVAV}(\text{REVIND28_SUM_0,2}))$

$\text{LOG}(\text{XEMPIND28_WNC}/\text{EMPIND28_SUM}) = -0.1349891957 - 1.133992596 + 0.5181429143 * \text{LOG}(@\text{MOVAV}(\text{REVIND28_WNC_0,2})/@\text{MOVAV}(\text{REVIND28_SUM_0,2}))$

$\text{LOG}(\text{XEMPIND28_WSC}/\text{EMPIND28_SUM}) = -0.006366816337 - 1.133992596 + 0.5181429143 * \text{LOG}(@\text{MOVAV}(\text{REVIND28_WSC_0,2})/@\text{MOVAV}(\text{REVIND28_SUM_0,2}))$

IND29 - Miscellaneous Manufacturing

$\text{LOG}(\text{XEMPIND29_ENC}/\text{EMPIND29_SUM}) = 0.1181579541 - 0.5998493284 + 0.7337370738 * \text{LOG}(@\text{MOVAV}(\text{REVIND29_ENC_0,2})/@\text{MOVAV}(\text{REVIND29_SUM_0,2}))$

$\text{LOG}(\text{XEMPIND29_ESC}/\text{EMPIND29_SUM}) = -0.1748290734 - 0.5998493284 + 0.7337370738 * \text{LOG}(@\text{MOVAV}(\text{REVIND29_ESC_0,2})/@\text{MOVAV}(\text{REVIND29_SUM_0,2}))$

$\text{LOG}(\text{XEMPIND29_MATL}/\text{EMPIND29_SUM}) = 0.1269586395 - 0.5998493284 + 0.7337370738 * \text{LOG}(@\text{MOVAV}(\text{REVIND29_MATL_0,2})/@\text{MOVAV}(\text{REVIND29_SUM_0,2}))$

$\text{LOG}(\text{XEMPIND29_MTN}/\text{EMPIND29_SUM}) = -0.06734273473 - 0.5998493284 + 0.7337370738 * \text{LOG}(@\text{MOVAV}(\text{REVIND29_MTN_0,2})/@\text{MOVAV}(\text{REVIND29_SUM_0,2}))$

$\text{LOG}(\text{XEMPIND29_NENG}/\text{EMPIND29_SUM}) = -0.08535234744 - 0.5998493284 + 0.7337370738 * \text{LOG}(@\text{MOVAV}(\text{REVIND29_NENG_0,2})/@\text{MOVAV}(\text{REVIND29_SUM_0,2}))$

$\text{LOG}(\text{XEMPIND29_PAC}/\text{EMPIND29_SUM}) = 0.1128900206 - 0.5998493284 + 0.7337370738 * \text{LOG}(@\text{MOVAV}(\text{REVIND29_PAC_0,2})/@\text{MOVAV}(\text{REVIND29_SUM_0,2}))$

LOG(XEMPIND31_MTN/EMPIND31_SUM) = -0.1941267892 - 1.014406497 +
0.5580016594*LOG(@MOVAV(REVIND31_MTN_0,2)/@MOVAV(REVIND31_SUM_0,2))

LOG(XEMPIND31_NENG/EMPIND31_SUM) = -0.5550438335 - 1.014406497 +
0.5580016594*LOG(@MOVAV(REVIND31_NENG_0,2)/@MOVAV(REVIND31_SUM_0,2))

LOG(XEMPIND31_PAC/EMPIND31_SUM) = -0.1117407417 - 1.014406497 +
0.5580016594*LOG(@MOVAV(REVIND31_PAC_0,2)/@MOVAV(REVIND31_SUM_0,2))

LOG(XEMPIND31_SATL/EMPIND31_SUM) = 0.1419342063 - 1.014406497 +
0.5580016594*LOG(@MOVAV(REVIND31_SATL_0,2)/@MOVAV(REVIND31_SUM_0,2))

LOG(XEMPIND31_WNC/EMPIND31_SUM) = 0.1416183557 - 1.014406497 +
0.5580016594*LOG(@MOVAV(REVIND31_WNC_0,2)/@MOVAV(REVIND31_SUM_0,2))

LOG(XEMPIND31_WSC/EMPIND31_SUM) = 0.3416526072 - 1.014406497 +
0.5580016594*LOG(@MOVAV(REVIND31_WSC_0,2)/@MOVAV(REVIND31_SUM_0,2))

IND32 - Coal Mining

LOG(XEMPIND32_ENC/EMPIND32_SUM) = 0.2941101249 - 0.7135889737 +
0.7505917169*LOG(@MOVAV(REVIND32_ENC_0,2)/@MOVAV(REVIND32_SUM_0,2))

LOG(XEMPIND32_ESC/EMPIND32_SUM) = 0.4424032593 - 0.7135889737 +
0.7505917169*LOG(@MOVAV(REVIND32_ESC_0,2)/@MOVAV(REVIND32_SUM_0,2))

LOG(XEMPIND32_MATL/EMPIND32_SUM) = 0.3238096153 - 0.7135889737 +
0.7505917169*LOG(@MOVAV(REVIND32_MATL_0,2)/@MOVAV(REVIND32_SUM_0,2))

LOG(XEMPIND32_MTN/EMPIND32_SUM) = -0.03380321211 - 0.7135889737 +
0.7505917169*LOG(@MOVAV(REVIND32_MTN_0,2)/@MOVAV(REVIND32_SUM_0,2))

LOG(XEMPIND32_NENG/EMPIND32_SUM) = -0.654133403 - 0.7135889737 +
0.7505917169*LOG(@MOVAV(REVIND32_NENG_0,2)/@MOVAV(REVIND32_SUM_0,2))

LOG(XEMPIND32_PAC/EMPIND32_SUM) = -0.3857824666 - 0.7135889737 +
0.7505917169*LOG(@MOVAV(REVIND32_PAC_0,2)/@MOVAV(REVIND32_SUM_0,2))

LOG(XEMPIND32_SATL/EMPIND32_SUM) = 0.3706098363 - 0.7135889737 +
0.7505917169*LOG(@MOVAV(REVIND32_SATL_0,2)/@MOVAV(REVIND32_SUM_0,2))

LOG(XEMPIND32_WNC/EMPIND32_SUM) = -0.3748091175 - 0.7135889737 +
0.7505917169*LOG(@MOVAV(REVIND32_WNC_0,2)/@MOVAV(REVIND32_SUM_0,2))

LOG(XEMPIND32_WSC/EMPIND32_SUM) = 0.01759536341 - 0.7135889737 +
0.7505917169*LOG(@MOVAV(REVIND32_WSC_0,2)/@MOVAV(REVIND32_SUM_0,2))

IND33 - Oil & Gas Extraction & Support Activities

$\text{LOG}(\text{XEMPIND33_ENC}/\text{EMPIND33_SUM}) = -0.1385468037 - 2.538465232 + 0.1535953697 * \text{LOG}(@\text{MOVAV}(\text{REVIND33_ENC_0,2})/@\text{MOVAV}(\text{REVIND33_SUM_0,2}))$

$\text{LOG}(\text{XEMPIND33_ESC}/\text{EMPIND33_SUM}) = -0.3724404286 - 2.538465232 + 0.1535953697 * \text{LOG}(@\text{MOVAV}(\text{REVIND33_ESC_0,2})/@\text{MOVAV}(\text{REVIND33_SUM_0,2}))$

$\text{LOG}(\text{XEMPIND33_MATL}/\text{EMPIND33_SUM}) = -0.8943853824 - 2.538465232 + 0.1535953697 * \text{LOG}(@\text{MOVAV}(\text{REVIND33_MATL_0,2})/@\text{MOVAV}(\text{REVIND33_SUM_0,2}))$

$\text{LOG}(\text{XEMPIND33_MTN}/\text{EMPIND33_SUM}) = 0.7269459424 - 2.538465232 + 0.1535953697 * \text{LOG}(@\text{MOVAV}(\text{REVIND33_MTN_0,2})/@\text{MOVAV}(\text{REVIND33_SUM_0,2}))$

$\text{LOG}(\text{XEMPIND33_NENG}/\text{EMPIND33_SUM}) = -1.248888949 - 2.538465232 + 0.1535953697 * \text{LOG}(@\text{MOVAV}(\text{REVIND33_NENG_0,2})/@\text{MOVAV}(\text{REVIND33_SUM_0,2}))$

$\text{LOG}(\text{XEMPIND33_PAC}/\text{EMPIND33_SUM}) = 0.4274566698 - 2.538465232 + 0.1535953697 * \text{LOG}(@\text{MOVAV}(\text{REVIND33_PAC_0,2})/@\text{MOVAV}(\text{REVIND33_SUM_0,2}))$

$\text{LOG}(\text{XEMPIND33_SATL}/\text{EMPIND33_SUM}) = -0.496185395 - 2.538465232 + 0.1535953697 * \text{LOG}(@\text{MOVAV}(\text{REVIND33_SATL_0,2})/@\text{MOVAV}(\text{REVIND33_SUM_0,2}))$

$\text{LOG}(\text{XEMPIND33_WNC}/\text{EMPIND33_SUM}) = -0.1620247745 - 2.538465232 + 0.1535953697 * \text{LOG}(@\text{MOVAV}(\text{REVIND33_WNC_0,2})/@\text{MOVAV}(\text{REVIND33_SUM_0,2}))$

$\text{LOG}(\text{XEMPIND33_WSC}/\text{EMPIND33_SUM}) = 2.158069121 - 2.538465232 + 0.1535953697 * \text{LOG}(@\text{MOVAV}(\text{REVIND33_WSC_0,2})/@\text{MOVAV}(\text{REVIND33_SUM_0,2}))$

IND34 - Other Mining & Quarrying

$\text{LOG}(\text{XEMPIND34_ENC}/\text{REVIND34_ENC_0}) = 0.0638674388 - 0.1030524656 + 0.9543440638 * \text{LOG}(\text{EMPIND34_SUM}/\text{REVIND34_SUM_0})$

$\text{LOG}(\text{XEMPIND34_ESC}/\text{REVIND34_ESC_0}) = 0.2970351117 - 0.1030524656 + 0.9543440638 * \text{LOG}(\text{EMPIND34_SUM}/\text{REVIND34_SUM_0})$

$\text{LOG}(\text{XEMPIND34_MATL}/\text{REVIND34_MATL_0}) = 0.1837384344 - 0.1030524656 + 0.9543440638 * \text{LOG}(\text{EMPIND34_SUM}/\text{REVIND34_SUM_0})$

$\text{LOG}(\text{XEMPIND34_MTN}/\text{REVIND34_MTN_0}) = -0.3896901166 - 0.1030524656 + 0.9543440638 * \text{LOG}(\text{EMPIND34_SUM}/\text{REVIND34_SUM_0})$

$\text{LOG}(\text{XEMPIND34_NENG}/\text{REVIND34_NENG_0}) = 0.04484598303 - 0.1030524656 + 0.9543440638 * \text{LOG}(\text{EMPIND34_SUM}/\text{REVIND34_SUM_0})$

$\text{LOG}(\text{XEMPIND34_PAC}/\text{REVIND34_PAC_0}) = -0.3053218808 - 0.1030524656 + 0.9543440638 * \text{LOG}(\text{EMPIND34_SUM}/\text{REVIND34_SUM_0})$

LOG(XEMPIND34_SATL/REVIND34_SATL_0) = -0.06285090199 - 0.1030524656 +
0.9543440638*LOG(EMPIND34_SUM/REVIND34_SUM_0)

LOG(XEMPIND34_WNC/REVIND34_WNC_0) = -0.103332981 - 0.1030524656 +
0.9543440638*LOG(EMPIND34_SUM/REVIND34_SUM_0)

LOG(XEMPIND34_WSC/REVIND34_WSC_0) = 0.2717089123 - 0.1030524656 +
0.9543440638*LOG(EMPIND34_SUM/REVIND34_SUM_0)

IND35 - Construction

LOG(XEMPIND35_ENC/EMPIND35_SUM) = 0.1438607337 - 0.8035004816 +
0.6478321704*LOG(@MOVAV(REVIND35_ENC_0,2)/@MOVAV(REVIND35_SUM_0,2))

LOG(XEMPIND35_ESC/EMPIND35_SUM) = -0.1071626975 - 0.8035004816 +
0.6478321704*LOG(@MOVAV(REVIND35_ESC_0,2)/@MOVAV(REVIND35_SUM_0,2))

LOG(XEMPIND35_MATL/EMPIND35_SUM) = -0.007785553074 - 0.8035004816 +
0.6478321704*LOG(@MOVAV(REVIND35_MATL_0,2)/@MOVAV(REVIND35_SUM_0,2))

LOG(XEMPIND35_MTN/EMPIND35_SUM) = -0.04147593508 - 0.8035004816 +
0.6478321704*LOG(@MOVAV(REVIND35_MTN_0,2)/@MOVAV(REVIND35_SUM_0,2))

LOG(XEMPIND35_NENG/EMPIND35_SUM) = -0.3385285132 - 0.8035004816 +
0.6478321704*LOG(@MOVAV(REVIND35_NENG_0,2)/@MOVAV(REVIND35_SUM_0,2))

LOG(XEMPIND35_PAC/EMPIND35_SUM) = 0.05658755174 - 0.8035004816 +
0.6478321704*LOG(@MOVAV(REVIND35_PAC_0,2)/@MOVAV(REVIND35_SUM_0,2))

LOG(XEMPIND35_SATL/EMPIND35_SUM) = 0.277481703 - 0.8035004816 +
0.6478321704*LOG(@MOVAV(REVIND35_SATL_0,2)/@MOVAV(REVIND35_SUM_0,2))

LOG(XEMPIND35_WNC/EMPIND35_SUM) = -0.08663537429 - 0.8035004816 +
0.6478321704*LOG(@MOVAV(REVIND35_WNC_0,2)/@MOVAV(REVIND35_SUM_0,2))

LOG(XEMPIND35_WSC/EMPIND35_SUM) = 0.1036580848 - 0.8035004816 +
0.6478321704*LOG(@MOVAV(REVIND35_WSC_0,2)/@MOVAV(REVIND35_SUM_0,2))

SER1 - Transportation & Warehousing

LOG(XEMP SER1_ENC/EMP SER1_SUM) = 0.2190753713 - 0.9487613099 +
0.5842958358*LOG(@MOVAV(REV SER1_ENC_0,2)/@MOVAV(REV SER1_SUM_0,2))

LOG(XEMP SER1_ESC/EMP SER1_SUM) = -0.155570268 - 0.9487613099 +
0.5842958358*LOG(@MOVAV(REV SER1_ESC_0,2)/@MOVAV(REV SER1_SUM_0,2))

LOG(XEMP SER1_MATL/EMP SER1_SUM) = 0.2021016279 - 0.9487613099 +
0.5842958358*LOG(@MOVAV(REV SER1_MATL_0,2)/@MOVAV(REV SER1_SUM_0,2))

LOG(XEMPSE1_MTN/EMPSE1_SUM) = -0.1614052349 - 0.9487613099 +
0.5842958358*LOG(@MOVAV(REVSE1_MTN_0,2)/@MOVAV(REVSE1_SUM_0,2))

LOG(XEMPSE1_NENG/EMPSE1_SUM) = -0.3064243857 - 0.9487613099 +
0.5842958358*LOG(@MOVAV(REVSE1_NENG_0,2)/@MOVAV(REVSE1_SUM_0,2))

LOG(XEMPSE1_PAC/EMPSE1_SUM) = 0.1322001532 - 0.9487613099 +
0.5842958358*LOG(@MOVAV(REVSE1_PAC_0,2)/@MOVAV(REVSE1_SUM_0,2))

LOG(XEMPSE1_SATL/EMPSE1_SUM) = 0.2220507447 - 0.9487613099 +
0.5842958358*LOG(@MOVAV(REVSE1_SATL_0,2)/@MOVAV(REVSE1_SUM_0,2))

LOG(XEMPSE1_WNC/EMPSE1_SUM) = -0.1139127208 - 0.9487613099 +
0.5842958358*LOG(@MOVAV(REVSE1_WNC_0,2)/@MOVAV(REVSE1_SUM_0,2))

LOG(XEMPSE1_WSC/EMPSE1_SUM) = -0.0381152876 - 0.9487613099 +
0.5842958358*LOG(@MOVAV(REVSE1_WSC_0,2)/@MOVAV(REVSE1_SUM_0,2))

SER2 - Broadcasting & Telecommunications

LOG(XEMPSE2_ENC/EMPSE2_SUM) = -0.01333908324 - 0.5268935066 +
0.7641958439*LOG(@MOVAV(REVSE2_ENC_0,2)/@MOVAV(REVSE2_SUM_0,2))

LOG(XEMPSE2_ESC/EMPSE2_SUM) = -0.1566277483 - 0.5268935066 +
0.7641958439*LOG(@MOVAV(REVSE2_ESC_0,2)/@MOVAV(REVSE2_SUM_0,2))

LOG(XEMPSE2_MATL/EMPSE2_SUM) = 0.07605198008 - 0.5268935066 +
0.7641958439*LOG(@MOVAV(REVSE2_MATL_0,2)/@MOVAV(REVSE2_SUM_0,2))

LOG(XEMPSE2_MTN/EMPSE2_SUM) = 0.02380667888 - 0.5268935066 +
0.7641958439*LOG(@MOVAV(REVSE2_MTN_0,2)/@MOVAV(REVSE2_SUM_0,2))

LOG(XEMPSE2_NENG/EMPSE2_SUM) = -0.1703081066 - 0.5268935066 +
0.7641958439*LOG(@MOVAV(REVSE2_NENG_0,2)/@MOVAV(REVSE2_SUM_0,2))

LOG(XEMPSE2_PAC/EMPSE2_SUM) = 0.06046143416 - 0.5268935066 +
0.7641958439*LOG(@MOVAV(REVSE2_PAC_0,2)/@MOVAV(REVSE2_SUM_0,2))

LOG(XEMPSE2_SATL/EMPSE2_SUM) = 0.1291722266 - 0.5268935066 +
0.7641958439*LOG(@MOVAV(REVSE2_SATL_0,2)/@MOVAV(REVSE2_SUM_0,2))

LOG(XEMPSE2_WNC/EMPSE2_SUM) = 0.000347712788 - 0.5268935066 +
0.7641958439*LOG(@MOVAV(REVSE2_WNC_0,2)/@MOVAV(REVSE2_SUM_0,2))

LOG(XEMPSE2_WSC/EMPSE2_SUM) = 0.05043490555 - 0.5268935066 +
0.7641958439*LOG(@MOVAV(REVSE2_WSC_0,2)/@MOVAV(REVSE2_SUM_0,2))

SER3 - Electric Power Generation & Distribution

$$\text{LOG}(\text{XEMP SER3_ENC}/\text{REV SER3_ENC_0}) = 0.08005131541 + 0.0844356338 + 1.015906298 * \text{LOG}(\text{EMP SER3_SUM}/\text{REV SER3_SUM_0})$$

$$\text{LOG}(\text{XEMP SER3_ESC}/\text{REV SER3_ESC_0}) = -0.03652615344 + 0.0844356338 + 1.015906298 * \text{LOG}(\text{EMP SER3_SUM}/\text{REV SER3_SUM_0})$$

$$\text{LOG}(\text{XEMP SER3_MATL}/\text{REV SER3_MATL_0}) = 0.09414872199 + 0.0844356338 + 1.015906298 * \text{LOG}(\text{EMP SER3_SUM}/\text{REV SER3_SUM_0})$$

$$\text{LOG}(\text{XEMP SER3_MTN}/\text{REV SER3_MTN_0}) = 0.133543823 + 0.0844356338 + 1.015906298 * \text{LOG}(\text{EMP SER3_SUM}/\text{REV SER3_SUM_0})$$

$$\text{LOG}(\text{XEMP SER3_NENG}/\text{REV SER3_NENG_0}) = -0.2786576869 + 0.0844356338 + 1.015906298 * \text{LOG}(\text{EMP SER3_SUM}/\text{REV SER3_SUM_0})$$

$$\text{LOG}(\text{XEMP SER3_PAC}/\text{REV SER3_PAC_0}) = -0.09952510102 + 0.0844356338 + 1.015906298 * \text{LOG}(\text{EMP SER3_SUM}/\text{REV SER3_SUM_0})$$

$$\text{LOG}(\text{XEMP SER3_SATL}/\text{REV SER3_SATL_0}) = 0.0667959762 + 0.0844356338 + 1.015906298 * \text{LOG}(\text{EMP SER3_SUM}/\text{REV SER3_SUM_0})$$

$$\text{LOG}(\text{XEMP SER3_WNC}/\text{REV SER3_WNC_0}) = 0.2194562418 + 0.0844356338 + 1.015906298 * \text{LOG}(\text{EMP SER3_SUM}/\text{REV SER3_SUM_0})$$

$$\text{LOG}(\text{XEMP SER3_WSC}/\text{REV SER3_WSC_0}) = -0.1792871369 + 0.0844356338 + 1.015906298 * \text{LOG}(\text{EMP SER3_SUM}/\text{REV SER3_SUM_0})$$

SER4 - Natural Gas Distribution

$$\text{LOG}(\text{XEMP SER4_ENC}/\text{REV SER4_ENC_0}) = 0.1568819622 - 0.03524447735 + 0.9503030814 * \text{LOG}(\text{EMP SER4_SUM}/\text{REV SER4_SUM_0})$$

$$\text{LOG}(\text{XEMP SER4_ESC}/\text{REV SER4_ESC_0}) = -0.1669307689 - 0.03524447735 + 0.9503030814 * \text{LOG}(\text{EMP SER4_SUM}/\text{REV SER4_SUM_0})$$

$$\text{LOG}(\text{XEMP SER4_MATL}/\text{REV SER4_MATL_0}) = -0.6679042912 - 0.03524447735 + 0.9503030814 * \text{LOG}(\text{EMP SER4_SUM}/\text{REV SER4_SUM_0})$$

$$\text{LOG}(\text{XEMP SER4_MTN}/\text{REV SER4_MTN_0}) = -0.02742924344 - 0.03524447735 + 0.9503030814 * \text{LOG}(\text{EMP SER4_SUM}/\text{REV SER4_SUM_0})$$

$$\text{LOG}(\text{XEMP SER4_NENG}/\text{REV SER4_NENG_0}) = 0.4264529712 - 0.03524447735 + 0.9503030814 * \text{LOG}(\text{EMP SER4_SUM}/\text{REV SER4_SUM_0})$$

$$\text{LOG}(\text{XEMP SER4_PAC}/\text{REV SER4_PAC_0}) = -0.02767287297 - 0.03524447735 + 0.9503030814 * \text{LOG}(\text{EMP SER4_SUM}/\text{REV SER4_SUM_0})$$

$$\text{LOG}(\text{XEMP SER4_SATL}/\text{REV SER4_SATL_0}) = 0.4835990358 - 0.03524447735 +$$

0.9503030814*LOG(EMP SER4_SUM/REV SER4_SUM_0)

LOG(XEMP SER4_WNC/REV SER4_WNC_0) = 0.6344020967 - 0.03524447735 +
0.9503030814*LOG(EMP SER4_SUM/REV SER4_SUM_0)

LOG(XEMP SER4_WSC/REV SER4_WSC_0) = -0.8113988893 - 0.03524447735 +
0.9503030814*LOG(EMP SER4_SUM/REV SER4_SUM_0)

SER5 - Water, Sewage & Related System

LOG(XEMP SER5_ENC/REV SER5_ENC_0) = -0.1419719375 - 0.1661675701 +
0.9545966974*LOG(EMP SER5_SUM/REV SER5_SUM_0)

LOG(XEMP SER5_ESC/REV SER5_ESC_0) = 0.2092781799 - 0.1661675701 +
0.9545966974*LOG(EMP SER5_SUM/REV SER5_SUM_0)

LOG(XEMP SER5_MATL/REV SER5_MATL_0) = -0.3313319307 - 0.1661675701 +
0.9545966974*LOG(EMP SER5_SUM/REV SER5_SUM_0)

LOG(XEMP SER5_MTN/REV SER5_MTN_0) = 0.3303556365 - 0.1661675701 +
0.9545966974*LOG(EMP SER5_SUM/REV SER5_SUM_0)

LOG(XEMP SER5_NENG/REV SER5_NENG_0) = 0.2539813704 - 0.1661675701 +
0.9545966974*LOG(EMP SER5_SUM/REV SER5_SUM_0)

LOG(XEMP SER5_PAC/REV SER5_PAC_0) = -0.4699967293 - 0.1661675701 +
0.9545966974*LOG(EMP SER5_SUM/REV SER5_SUM_0)

LOG(XEMP SER5_SATL/REV SER5_SATL_0) = 0.008851940593 - 0.1661675701 +
0.9545966974*LOG(EMP SER5_SUM/REV SER5_SUM_0)

LOG(XEMP SER5_WNC/REV SER5_WNC_0) = -0.1393243116 - 0.1661675701 +
0.9545966974*LOG(EMP SER5_SUM/REV SER5_SUM_0)

LOG(XEMP SER5_WSC/REV SER5_WSC_0) = 0.2801577817 - 0.1661675701 +
0.9545966974*LOG(EMP SER5_SUM/REV SER5_SUM_0)

SER6 - Wholesale Trade

LOG(XEMP SER6_ENC/EMP SER6_SUM) = 0.1354536208 - 1.185113106 +
0.4283514985*LOG(@MOVAV(REV SER6_ENC_0,2)/@MOVAV(REV SER6_SUM_0,2)) -
0.281472342*LOG(@MOVAV(RWNM_ENC,2)/@MOVAV(RWNM_SUM,2)) +
0.3227584446*LOG(@MOVAV(GSPR_ENC,2)/@MOVAV(GSPR_SUM,2))

LOG(XEMP SER6_ESC/EMP SER6_SUM) = -0.1212611932 - 1.185113106 +
0.4283514985*LOG(@MOVAV(REV SER6_ESC_0,2)/@MOVAV(REV SER6_SUM_0,2)) -
0.281472342*LOG(@MOVAV(RWNM_ESC,2)/@MOVAV(RWNM_SUM,2)) +
0.3227584446*LOG(@MOVAV(GSPR_ESC,2)/@MOVAV(GSPR_SUM,2))

LOG(XEMPSE6_MATL/EMPSE6_SUM) = 0.1249753337 - 1.185113106 +
 0.4283514985*LOG(@MOVAV(REVSE6_MATL_0,2)/@MOVAV(REVSE6_SUM_0,2)) -
 0.281472342*LOG(@MOVAV(RWNM_MATL,2)/@MOVAV(RWNM_SUM,2)) +
 0.3227584446*LOG(@MOVAV(GSPR_MATL,2)/@MOVAV(GSPR_SUM,2))

LOG(XEMPSE6_MTN/EMPSE6_SUM) = -0.1170476017 - 1.185113106 +
 0.4283514985*LOG(@MOVAV(REVSE6_MTN_0,2)/@MOVAV(REVSE6_SUM_0,2)) -
 0.281472342*LOG(@MOVAV(RWNM_MTN,2)/@MOVAV(RWNM_SUM,2)) +
 0.3227584446*LOG(@MOVAV(GSPR_MTN,2)/@MOVAV(GSPR_SUM,2))

LOG(XEMPSE6_NENG/EMPSE6_SUM) = -0.1981464572 - 1.185113106 +
 0.4283514985*LOG(@MOVAV(REVSE6_NENG_0,2)/@MOVAV(REVSE6_SUM_0,2)) -
 0.281472342*LOG(@MOVAV(RWNM_NENG,2)/@MOVAV(RWNM_SUM,2)) +
 0.3227584446*LOG(@MOVAV(GSPR_NENG,2)/@MOVAV(GSPR_SUM,2))

LOG(XEMPSE6_PAC/EMPSE6_SUM) = 0.1447143569 - 1.185113106 +
 0.4283514985*LOG(@MOVAV(REVSE6_PAC_0,2)/@MOVAV(REVSE6_SUM_0,2)) -
 0.281472342*LOG(@MOVAV(RWNM_PAC,2)/@MOVAV(RWNM_SUM,2)) +
 0.3227584446*LOG(@MOVAV(GSPR_PAC,2)/@MOVAV(GSPR_SUM,2))

LOG(XEMPSE6_SATL/EMPSE6_SUM) = 0.1005181361 - 1.185113106 +
 0.4283514985*LOG(@MOVAV(REVSE6_SATL_0,2)/@MOVAV(REVSE6_SUM_0,2)) -
 0.281472342*LOG(@MOVAV(RWNM_SATL,2)/@MOVAV(RWNM_SUM,2)) +
 0.3227584446*LOG(@MOVAV(GSPR_SATL,2)/@MOVAV(GSPR_SUM,2))

LOG(XEMPSE6_WNC/EMPSE6_SUM) = -0.04293053818 - 1.185113106 +
 0.4283514985*LOG(@MOVAV(REVSE6_WNC_0,2)/@MOVAV(REVSE6_SUM_0,2)) -
 0.281472342*LOG(@MOVAV(RWNM_WNC,2)/@MOVAV(RWNM_SUM,2)) +
 0.3227584446*LOG(@MOVAV(GSPR_WNC,2)/@MOVAV(GSPR_SUM,2))

LOG(XEMPSE6_WSC/EMPSE6_SUM) = -0.02627565722 - 1.185113106 +
 0.4283514985*LOG(@MOVAV(REVSE6_WSC_0,2)/@MOVAV(REVSE6_SUM_0,2)) -
 0.281472342*LOG(@MOVAV(RWNM_WSC,2)/@MOVAV(RWNM_SUM,2)) +
 0.3227584446*LOG(@MOVAV(GSPR_WSC,2)/@MOVAV(GSPR_SUM,2))

SER7 - Retail Trade

LOG(XEMPSE7_ENC/EMPSE7_SUM) = 0.1619407818 - 1.59303156 +
 0.5024032553*LOG(@MOVAV(REVSE7_ENC_0,2)/@MOVAV(REVSE7_SUM_0,2)) -
 0.4461597168*LOG(@MOVAV(RWNM_ENC,2)/@MOVAV(RWNM_SUM,2)) +
 0.2281815459*LOG(@MOVAV(GSPR_ENC,2)/@MOVAV(GSPR_SUM,2))

LOG(XEMPSE7_ESC/EMPSE7_SUM) = -0.1033047588 - 1.59303156 +
 0.5024032553*LOG(@MOVAV(REVSE7_ESC_0,2)/@MOVAV(REVSE7_SUM_0,2)) -
 0.4461597168*LOG(@MOVAV(RWNM_ESC,2)/@MOVAV(RWNM_SUM,2)) +
 0.2281815459*LOG(@MOVAV(GSPR_ESC,2)/@MOVAV(GSPR_SUM,2))

LOG(XEMPSE7_MATL/EMPSE7_SUM) = 0.1146399495 - 1.59303156 +
0.5024032553*LOG(@MOVAV(REVSE7_MATL_0,2)/@MOVAV(REVSE7_SUM_0,2)) -
0.4461597168*LOG(@MOVAV(RWNM_MATL,2)/@MOVAV(RWNM_SUM,2)) +
0.2281815459*LOG(@MOVAV(GSPR_MATL,2)/@MOVAV(GSPR_SUM,2))

LOG(XEMPSE7_MTN/EMPSE7_SUM) = -0.156985427 - 1.59303156 +
0.5024032553*LOG(@MOVAV(REVSE7_MTN_0,2)/@MOVAV(REVSE7_SUM_0,2)) -
0.4461597168*LOG(@MOVAV(RWNM_MTN,2)/@MOVAV(RWNM_SUM,2)) +
0.2281815459*LOG(@MOVAV(GSPR_MTN,2)/@MOVAV(GSPR_SUM,2))

LOG(XEMPSE7_NENG/EMPSE7_SUM) = -0.1307468593 - 1.59303156 +
0.5024032553*LOG(@MOVAV(REVSE7_NENG_0,2)/@MOVAV(REVSE7_SUM_0,2)) -
0.4461597168*LOG(@MOVAV(RWNM_NENG,2)/@MOVAV(RWNM_SUM,2)) +
0.2281815459*LOG(@MOVAV(GSPR_NENG,2)/@MOVAV(GSPR_SUM,2))

LOG(XEMPSE7_PAC/EMPSE7_SUM) = 0.03629987163 - 1.59303156 +
0.5024032553*LOG(@MOVAV(REVSE7_PAC_0,2)/@MOVAV(REVSE7_SUM_0,2)) -
0.4461597168*LOG(@MOVAV(RWNM_PAC,2)/@MOVAV(RWNM_SUM,2)) +
0.2281815459*LOG(@MOVAV(GSPR_PAC,2)/@MOVAV(GSPR_SUM,2))

LOG(XEMPSE7_SATL/EMPSE7_SUM) = 0.1892339905 - 1.59303156 +
0.5024032553*LOG(@MOVAV(REVSE7_SATL_0,2)/@MOVAV(REVSE7_SUM_0,2)) -
0.4461597168*LOG(@MOVAV(RWNM_SATL,2)/@MOVAV(RWNM_SUM,2)) +
0.2281815459*LOG(@MOVAV(GSPR_SATL,2)/@MOVAV(GSPR_SUM,2))

LOG(XEMPSE7_WNC/EMPSE7_SUM) = -0.07535360319 - 1.59303156 +
0.5024032553*LOG(@MOVAV(REVSE7_WNC_0,2)/@MOVAV(REVSE7_SUM_0,2)) -
0.4461597168*LOG(@MOVAV(RWNM_WNC,2)/@MOVAV(RWNM_SUM,2)) +
0.2281815459*LOG(@MOVAV(GSPR_WNC,2)/@MOVAV(GSPR_SUM,2))

LOG(XEMPSE7_WSC/EMPSE7_SUM) = -0.03572394505 - 1.59303156 +
0.5024032553*LOG(@MOVAV(REVSE7_WSC_0,2)/@MOVAV(REVSE7_SUM_0,2)) -
0.4461597168*LOG(@MOVAV(RWNM_WSC,2)/@MOVAV(RWNM_SUM,2)) +
0.2281815459*LOG(@MOVAV(GSPR_WSC,2)/@MOVAV(GSPR_SUM,2))

SER8 - Finance & Insurance, Real Estate

LOG(XEMPSE8_ENC/EMPSE8_SUM) = 0.02923808364 - 3.205046333 +
0.8219506246*LOG(@MOVAV(REVSE8_ENC_0,2)/@MOVAV(REVSE8_SUM_0,2)) -
1.265991992*LOG(@MOVAV(RWNM_ENC,2)/@MOVAV(RWNM_SUM,2))

LOG(XEMPSE8_ESC/EMPSE8_SUM) = -0.3451830858 - 3.205046333 +
0.8219506246*LOG(@MOVAV(REVSE8_ESC_0,2)/@MOVAV(REVSE8_SUM_0,2)) -
1.265991992*LOG(@MOVAV(RWNM_ESC,2)/@MOVAV(RWNM_SUM,2))

LOG(XEMPSE8_MATL/EMPSE8_SUM) = 0.3690873634 - 3.205046333 +
0.8219506246*LOG(@MOVAV(REVSE8_MATL_0,2)/@MOVAV(REVSE8_SUM_0,2)) -
1.265991992*LOG(@MOVAV(RWNM_MATL,2)/@MOVAV(RWNM_SUM,2))

0.1752341442*LOG(@MOVAV(GSPR_MTN,2)/@MOVAV(GSPR_SUM,2)) +
0.001459446721*@TREND

LOG(XEMPSE9_NENG/EMPSE9_SUM) = -0.1729528289 - 1.41335579 +
0.4299887092*LOG(@MOVAV(REVSE9_NENG_0,2)/@MOVAV(REVSE9_SUM_0,2)) -
0.2436841001*LOG(@MOVAV(RWNM_NENG,2)/@MOVAV(RWNM_SUM,2)) +
0.1752341442*LOG(@MOVAV(GSPR_NENG,2)/@MOVAV(GSPR_SUM,2)) -
0.003725753543*@TREND

LOG(XEMPSE9_PAC/EMPSE9_SUM) = 0.1303082441 - 1.41335579 +
0.4299887092*LOG(@MOVAV(REVSE9_PAC_0,2)/@MOVAV(REVSE9_SUM_0,2)) -
0.2436841001*LOG(@MOVAV(RWNM_PAC,2)/@MOVAV(RWNM_SUM,2)) +
0.1752341442*LOG(@MOVAV(GSPR_PAC,2)/@MOVAV(GSPR_SUM,2)) -
0.002232468167*@TREND

LOG(XEMPSE9_SATL/EMPSE9_SUM) = 0.1416786151 - 1.41335579 +
0.4299887092*LOG(@MOVAV(REVSE9_SATL_0,2)/@MOVAV(REVSE9_SUM_0,2)) -
0.2436841001*LOG(@MOVAV(RWNM_SATL,2)/@MOVAV(RWNM_SUM,2)) +
0.1752341442*LOG(@MOVAV(GSPR_SATL,2)/@MOVAV(GSPR_SUM,2)) +
0.005849234108*@TREND

LOG(XEMPSE9_WNC/EMPSE9_SUM) = -0.02530965792 - 1.41335579 +
0.4299887092*LOG(@MOVAV(REVSE9_WNC_0,2)/@MOVAV(REVSE9_SUM_0,2)) -
0.2436841001*LOG(@MOVAV(RWNM_WNC,2)/@MOVAV(RWNM_SUM,2)) +
0.1752341442*LOG(@MOVAV(GSPR_WNC,2)/@MOVAV(GSPR_SUM,2)) -
0.004675394095*@TREND

LOG(XEMPSE9_WSC/EMPSE9_SUM) = 0.003310654227 - 1.41335579 +
0.4299887092*LOG(@MOVAV(REVSE9_WSC_0,2)/@MOVAV(REVSE9_SUM_0,2)) -
0.2436841001*LOG(@MOVAV(RWNM_WSC,2)/@MOVAV(RWNM_SUM,2)) +
0.1752341442*LOG(@MOVAV(GSPR_WSC,2)/@MOVAV(GSPR_SUM,2)) -
0.0001527295149*@TREND

SER10 - Federal Government

LOG(XEMPSE10_ENC/EMPSE10_SUM) = -0.08282425897 - 1.100337057 +
0.5435041711*LOG(@MOVAV(REVSE10_ENC_0,2)/@MOVAV(REVSE10_SUM_0,2))

LOG(XEMPSE10_ESC/EMPSE10_SUM) = -0.1492518914 - 1.100337057 +
0.5435041711*LOG(@MOVAV(REVSE10_ESC_0,2)/@MOVAV(REVSE10_SUM_0,2))

LOG(XEMPSE10_MATL/EMPSE10_SUM) = -0.04187826395 - 1.100337057 +
0.5435041711*LOG(@MOVAV(REVSE10_MATL_0,2)/@MOVAV(REVSE10_SUM_0,2))

LOG(XEMPSE10_MTN/EMPSE10_SUM) = -0.02079194204 - 1.100337057 +
0.5435041711*LOG(@MOVAV(REVSE10_MTN_0,2)/@MOVAV(REVSE10_SUM_0,2))
LOG(XEMPSE10_NENG/EMPSE10_SUM) = -0.4604389362 - 1.100337057 +
0.5435041711*LOG(@MOVAV(REVSE10_NENG_0,2)/@MOVAV(REVSE10_SUM_0,2))

$\text{LOG}(\text{XEMP SER10_PAC}/\text{EMP SER10_SUM}) = 0.1859035792 - 1.100337057 + 0.5435041711 * \text{LOG}(@\text{MOVAV}(\text{REV SER10_PAC_0,2})/@\text{MOVAV}(\text{REV SER10_SUM_0,2}))$

$\text{LOG}(\text{XEMP SER10_SATL}/\text{EMP SER10_SUM}) = 0.7381182741 - 1.100337057 + 0.5435041711 * \text{LOG}(@\text{MOVAV}(\text{REV SER10_SATL_0,2})/@\text{MOVAV}(\text{REV SER10_SUM_0,2}))$

$\text{LOG}(\text{XEMP SER10_WNC}/\text{EMP SER10_SUM}) = -0.2089964645 - 1.100337057 + 0.5435041711 * \text{LOG}(@\text{MOVAV}(\text{REV SER10_WNC_0,2})/@\text{MOVAV}(\text{REV SER10_SUM_0,2}))$

$\text{LOG}(\text{XEMP SER10_WSC}/\text{EMP SER10_SUM}) = 0.0401599037 - 1.100337057 + 0.5435041711 * \text{LOG}(@\text{MOVAV}(\text{REV SER10_WSC_0,2})/@\text{MOVAV}(\text{REV SER10_SUM_0,2}))$

SER11 - State and Local Government

$\text{LOG}(\text{XEMP SER11_ENC}/\text{EMP SER11_SUM}) = -0.4663383044 + 1.620744976 + 1.698639343 * \text{LOG}(\text{NP_ENC}/\text{NP_SUM}) + 0.004629281695 * @\text{TREND}$

$\text{LOG}(\text{XEMP SER11_ESC}/\text{EMP SER11_SUM}) = 0.2837073101 + 1.620744976 + 1.698639343 * \text{LOG}(\text{NP_ESC}/\text{NP_SUM}) + 0.004283394147 * @\text{TREND}$

$\text{LOG}(\text{XEMP SER11_MATL}/\text{EMP SER11_SUM}) = -0.32266591 + 1.620744976 + 1.698639343 * \text{LOG}(\text{NP_MATL}/\text{NP_SUM}) + 0.001192862576 * @\text{TREND}$

$\text{LOG}(\text{XEMP SER11_MTN}/\text{EMP SER11_SUM}) = 0.6688338963 + 1.620744976 + 1.698639343 * \text{LOG}(\text{NP_MTN}/\text{NP_SUM}) - 0.01809351693 * @\text{TREND}$

$\text{LOG}(\text{XEMP SER11_NENG}/\text{EMP SER11_SUM}) = 0.2956162047 + 1.620744976 + 1.698639343 * \text{LOG}(\text{NP_NENG}/\text{NP_SUM}) + 0.006073288559 * @\text{TREND}$

$\text{LOG}(\text{XEMP SER11_PAC}/\text{EMP SER11_SUM}) = -0.3851403359 + 1.620744976 + 1.698639343 * \text{LOG}(\text{NP_PAC}/\text{NP_SUM}) + 0.001178129002 * @\text{TREND}$

$\text{LOG}(\text{XEMP SER11_SATL}/\text{EMP SER11_SUM}) = -0.3319439663 + 1.620744976 + 1.698639343 * \text{LOG}(\text{NP_SATL}/\text{NP_SUM}) - 0.006127573236 * @\text{TREND}$

$\text{LOG}(\text{XEMP SER11_WNC}/\text{EMP SER11_SUM}) = 0.2673846279 + 1.620744976 + 1.698639343 * \text{LOG}(\text{NP_WNC}/\text{NP_SUM}) + 0.006024869339 * @\text{TREND}$

$\text{LOG}(\text{XEMP SER11_WSC}/\text{EMP SER11_SUM}) = -0.009453522397 + 1.620744976 + 1.698639343 * \text{LOG}(\text{NP_WSC}/\text{NP_SUM}) - 0.0005724389581 * @\text{TREND}$